

AMERICA FIRST LEGAL FOUNDATION

James K. Rogers (No. 027287)

Senior Counsel
611 Pennsylvania Ave., SE #231
Washington, D.C. 20003
Phone: (202) 964-3721
James.Rogers@aflegal.org

Jennifer J. Wright (027145) 4350 E. Indian School Rd Suite #21-105 Phoenix, Arizona 85018 jen@jenwesq.com

JENNIFER WRIGHT K

Attorneys for Plaintiffs

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IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF ARIZONA IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF MARICOPA

STRONG COMMUNITIES FOUNDATION OF ARIZONA INCORPORATED, an Arizona non-profit corporation;

Plaintiffs.

v.

ADRIAN FONTES, in his official capacity as Arizona Secretary of State; and the ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF STATE;

Defendants.

APPLICATION FOR ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE

Pursuant to A.R.S. § 39-121 *et seq.* (the "Arizona Public Records Laws"), Rule 4(c) of the Arizona Rules for Special Procedure for Special Actions, and Rule 7.3 of the Arizona Rules of Civil Procedure, Plaintiff Strong Communities Foundation of Arizona Incorporated ("EZAZ.org"), by and through undersigned counsel, seeks an order requiring Defendant Secretary of State Adrian Fontes and the Arizona Department of State ("Defendants") to show cause why EZAZ.org should not be entitled to secure prompt access to inspect and copy the public records at issue in this lawsuit. This Application is supported by the following Memorandum of Points and Authorities.

MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

Defendant Secretary of State Adrian Fontes ("Secretary Fontes") recently reported that upwards of 218,000 individuals have been registered to vote in Arizona without providing documentary proof of citizenship ("DPOC"). Verified Complaint for Statutory Special Action to Secure Access to Public Records ("Complaint" or "Compl.") at ¶¶ 12, 35, 37. It is against State and federal law for foreign citizens¹ to register to vote.² Likewise, those who have not provided documentary proof of citizenship are not eligible to vote in state and local races. A.R.S. § 16-121.01(A).

On September 17, 2024, and just hours after the initial reports that individuals had been registered to vote without providing documentary proof of citizenship, EZAZ.org submitted a public records request to the Defendants seeking "a subset of the Statewide Voter Registration Database (VRDB) that contains only those registered (active and inactive) voters that have been identified by the Secretary of State as registrants 'who first obtained their Arizona driver's license before October 1996 and then were issued a duplicate replacement before registering to vote sometime after 2004' that may be moved from the 'full-ballot' voter registration list to the 'federal-only' voter registration list, if the Maricopa County Recorder's anticipated lawsuit is successful." Compl. ¶ 38, Ex. A ("PRR").

On September 24, counsel for the Defendants Secretary of State Adrian Fontes and the Arizona Department of State ("Defendants") responded to the PRR, refusing to comply with the request in a timely manner, claiming that the records requested in the PRR "will be made available for inspection at the soonest available time and to the extent the law

¹ In this Complaint, the term "foreign citizen" means "any person not a citizen or national of the United States," which is the defined meaning for the term "alien" in federal law. 8 U.S.C.A. § 1101(a)(3).

² See, e.g., Ariz. Const. art. VII, § 2(A) (requiring that all voters be U.S. citizens); A.R.S. § 16-101(A)(1) (same); 18 U.S.C. § 1015(f) (knowingly making "any false statement or claim that he is a citizen of the United States in order to register to vote or to vote in any Federal, State, or local election" subjects an alien to five years' imprisonment or fine).

allows access. But no access will occur before the 2024 General Election." Compl. \P 46, Ex E (the "Denial Letter").

The 2024 election cycle is imminently underway, yet Defendants have denied, without adequate justification, EZAZ.org's PRR to obtain copies of and/or inspect public records related to the 2024 General Election. Urgent intervention is necessary as this lawsuit seeks to restore public trust in our State's electoral system by ensuring that there is transparency about the Defendants' failures to ensure that registered voters have provided documentary proof of citizenship, as required by law. With public confidence in elections being so low, the need for transparency in government has never been higher. Arizona's Public Records Law is designed especially for times like now, to ensure that citizens understand how their elected representatives are conducting the business of government.

Critically, EZAZ.org seeks a list *already compiled* by the Defendants, Compl. ¶ 66, yet has been denied the requested documents on specious and statutorily unsupported grounds, *id.* ¶ 46-72, until after the November 5th General Election, and perhaps never. *Id.* ¶ 46, 71-72. Importantly, the Plaintiff does not seek information that has been deemed nonpublic. Far from it. The Plaintiff seeks a subset of the voter registration database, a record the Secretary of State is statutorily obligated to provide.³

In Arizona, there is a "strong presumption in favor of public inspection of public records." *Jud. Watch, Inc. v. City of Phoenix*, 228 Ariz. 393, 400 ¶ 32 (App. 2011). As such, all records covered by the Public Records Law, A.R.S. § 39-121 to -128, "are presumed open to the public for inspection." *Carlson v. Pima Cnty.*, 141 Ariz. 487, 491 (1984). "The core purpose of the public records law is to allow the public access to official records ... so that the public may monitor the performance of government officials and their employees. To justify withholding public documents, the State's interest in non-disclosure

³ See A.R.S. § 16-138(E) ("the secretary of state... on a request for an authorized use and within thirty days from receipt of the request, shall prepare additional copies of an official precinct list and furnish them to any person requesting them on payment of a fee").

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must outweigh the general policy of open access...." Fann v. Kemp in & for Cnty. of *Maricopa*, 253 Ariz. 537 ¶ 9 n.1 (2022) (cleaned up).

By refusing public access to these records, the Defendants frustrate the core purpose of the Public Records Law, to "monitor the performance of the government officials." Id. And because these records deal with a pressing issue of immediate public concern, time is of the essence. The Defendants should be ordered to immediately fulfill Plaintiff's public records request. As Defendants have wrongfully denied EZAZ.org's request, an award of attorneys' fees is justified under A.R.S. § 39-121.02(B).

Conclusion

Public trust in our election officials to perform fundamental functions of their statutory responsibilities has been severely compromised by the Defendants' failure to ensure that all voters have in fact provided DPOC. Bringing transparency to actions such as the Defendants' here is exactly why the Legislature enacted the Public Records Law in the first place.

For the foregoing reasons, this Court should (a) grant EZAZ.org's Application for Order to Show Cause, (b) order Defendants to produce copies of the public records on or before October 7, 2024, and (c) permit EZAZ.org to file an application for award of its reasonable attorneys' fees incurred for having to file this action against Defendants to enforce its statutory rights.

RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED this 2nd of October, 2024.

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America First Legal Foundation

James K. Rogers (No. 027287)

Senior Counsel

America First Legal Foundation 611 Pennsylvania Ave., SE #231

Washington, D.C. 20003

Phone: (202) 964-3721 James.Rogers@aflegal.org

Jennifer Wright Esq., Plc By: <u>/s/Jennifer J. Wright (with permission)</u> Jennifer J. Wright (027145) 4350 E. Indian School Rd Suite #21-105 Phoenix, Arizona 85018 jen@jenwesq.com Attorneys for Plaintiffs

Rule 80 Declaration

I declare under penalty of perjury of the laws of the State of Arizona that the foregoing Application for Order to Show Cause is true and correct and that this Declaration is executed by me on the 2nd day of October, 2024, in Maricopa County, Arizona.

MERISSA HAMILTON

President

Strong Communities Foundation of Arizona, Inc.