# UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

AMERICA FIRST LEGAL FOUNDATION, 600 14th Street, NW Fifth Floor Washington, DC 20005

Plaintiff,

v.

ANTHONY COLEY, in his official capacity as Director, Office of Public Affairs United States Department of Justice 950 Pennsylvania Ave., N.W. Washington, DC 20530-0001

and

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE, 950 Pennsylvania Ave., N.W. Washington, DC 20530-0001

Defendants.

Civil Action No.: 21-cv-3024

### **COMPLAINT**

(For Injunctive and Declaratory Relief)

### Summary of the Case

1. Over the last three months, America First Legal Foundation ("AFL") filed multiple Freedom of Information Act ("FOIA") requests with the U.S. Department of Justice ("the Department" or "DOJ") on various matters attracting widespread, national media attention. Those requests include information related to the Department's role in airlifting foreign nationals to the United States from Afghanistan; activities within the Voting Section of the Civil Rights Division ("CRT"),

to include targeting the State of Georgia's election integrity measures; and the Attorney General's October 4, 2021, Memorandum.

- 2. Each request relates to an evolving story of pressing and immediate concern to the American public, the subject of exceptional media interest, and an object of congressional oversight.
- 3. For each request, AFL asked for expedited processing pursuant to 5 U.S.C. § 552 (a)(6)(E) and 28 C.F.R. § 16.5(e).
  - 4. In all cases the Department denied AFL expedited processing.
  - 5. For each denial, AFL appealed.
  - 6. In every instance, the Department denied AFL's appeal.
- 7. For the Afghanistan request, the Department claimed AFL was not "primarily engaged in disseminating information." However, the Departments of Defense, State, and Homeland Security granted AFL expedited processing for substantively identical requests, a fact that AFL explicitly noted to the agency on appeal. And the Department's denial was contrary to DOJ's own litigating position in at least one case brought by a similarly situated group, the Brennan Center for Justice at NYU School of Law, against the Trump Administration.
- 8. For the Voting Section and Georgia election integrity request, CRT initially responded by stating that part of AFL's request was not a proper FOIA request, and then denied the request for expedited processing for the remainder of the request. AFL appealed. The Department denied the appeal without explanation, notwithstanding the specific facts and legal authorities AFL cited in support.

- 9. For the October 4 Memorandum, DOJ justified its denial by relying on a decision by defendant Anthony Coley, a Biden political appointee, that the October 4 Memorandum was *not* a matter of exceptional media and public interest; the Department's unpublished construction of the term "due process" in 28 C.F.R. § 16.5(e)(3) to mean only due process in a specific criminal case; and, again, the claim AFL was not "primarily engaged in disseminating information."
- 10. Since the Biden Administration took office, Defendants have not fulfilled any FOIA requests from AFL.
- 11. Defendants have engaged in an unlawful policy or practice of violating the FOIA to keep AFL from obtaining and publicly disclosing politically derogatory information about the Biden Administration, its appointees, and its allies. See Citizens for Resp. & Ethics in Washington v. U.S. Dep't of Hous. & Urb. Dev., 415 F. Supp. 3d 215, 225 (D.D.C. 2019).
- 12. As a result, they have prevented AFL and the public from obtaining, in a timely fashion, information vital to current and ongoing public debate of these critical matters.
- 13. The primary value of AFL's requested information lies in the near "real time" transparency it will provide to inform the ongoing debate on each topic. While information gained months or (more likely) years from now may still be of historical value, stale information is of little value in these circumstances. *Payne Enterprises, Inc. v. United States*, 837 F.2d 486, 494 (D.C. Cir. 1988).
  - 14. Accordingly, AFL has suffered irreparable harm.

### <u>Jurisdiction and Venue</u>

- 15. The Court has jurisdiction under 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(4)(B) and 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331, 2201.
  - 16. Venue is proper under 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(4)(B) and 28 U.S.C. § 1391(e).

### <u>Parties</u>

- 17. AFL is a nonprofit organization with its principal office in the District of Columbia.
  - 18. Mr. Coley is Director of the DOJ's Office of Public Affairs.
- 19. The DOJ is an agency under 5 U.S.C. § 552(f), with headquarters at 950 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20530-0001. It has possession, custody, and control of the requested records.

# **Facts**

# The "Afghanistan Request"

- 20. On August 31, 2021, AFL submitted request FOIA-2021-02103 and requested expedited processing of two portions of its request for records relating to the DOJ's involvement in the airlift of individuals out of the Afghanistan and into the United States. Exhibit 1, at 9.
  - 21. DOJ denied expedited processing on September 10, 2021. *Id.* at 18.
  - 22. AFL appealed on October 22, 2021. *Id.* at 1.
- 23. DOJ denied AFL's appeal—tracking number A-2022-00151—on November 1, 2021. Exhibit 2.

# The "Voting Request"

- 24. On August 31, 2021, AFL submitted request 21-00291-F to CRT, requesting expedited processing of records relating to the CRT Voting Section and its conduct with respect to the State of Georgia's election integrity measures. Exhibit 3, at 9.
- 25. On September 10, 2021, CRT responded that portions of AFL's request were improper FOIA requests and denied expedited processing with respect to the remaining requests without specifying the grounds for that determination. *Id.* at 20.
  - 26. AFL appealed on October 6, 2021. *Id.* at 1.
  - 27. This appeal was assigned tracking number A-2022-00012. Exhibit 4.
- 28. DOJ denied AFL's appeal, without any reasoning or justification, by email on October 27, 2021. Exhibit 5. However, in DOJ's FOIA portal, the appeal status remains as "in process."

### The "October 4 Memo Request"

- 29. On October 7, 2021, AFL submitted a FOIA relating to the Attorney General's October 4 Memorandum directing, *inter alia*, the Criminal Division, all U.S. Attorneys, and the Federal Bureau of Investigation ("FBI") to take official action in furtherance of responding to parents who vocalized concerns at school board meetings. Exhibit 6, at 10.
- 30. AFL filed this request with the Office of Information Policy ("OIP") (covering custodians within the Office of the Attorney General, the Office of the Deputy Attorney General, the Office of the Associate Attorney General, the White

House Liaison, and the Office of Public Affairs), the Office of Legal Counsel ("OLC"), CRT, the Criminal Division ("CRIM"), the Executive Office of U.S. Attorneys ("EOUSA"), and the FBI. *Id*.

- 31. AFL requested expedited processing from each component. *Id.* at 17-19.
- 32. OIP assigned the FOIA tracking number FOIA-2022-00056 and denied expedited processing. *Id.* at 21-23.
- 33. OLC assigned the FOIA tracking number FY22-003 and denied expedited processing. *Id.* at 25-27.
- 34. CRIM assigned the FOIA tracking number CRM-301677502 and denied expedited processing. *Id.* at 29-30.
- 35. EOUSA assigned the FOIA tracking number EOUSA-2022-000037 and rejected the FOIA on the grounds that it insufficiently described the records sought. *Id.* at 32-33.
- 36. CRT assigned the FOIA tracking number FOI/PA No. 22-00004-F and did not address AFL's request for Expedited Processing. *Id.* at 35-37.
  - 37. FBI never responded.
- 38. AFL appealed all these determinations by a single letter filed with DOJ on October 19, 2021. See Exhibit 6.
- 39. OIP assigned AFL's appeal tracking number A-2022-000127, Exhibit 7, and denied it on October 27, 2021. Exhibit 8.
- 40. OLC assigned AFL's appeal tracking Number A-2022-00180, <u>Exhibit 9</u>, and denied it on October 28, 2021. <u>Exhibit 10</u>.

- 41. CRIM assigned AFL's appeal tracking Number A-2022-00181, Exhibit 11, and denied it on October 29, 2021. Exhibit 12.
- 42. EOUSA assigned AFL's appeal tracking Number A-2022-00182, Exhibit 13, and denied it by email on October 28, 2021. Exhibit 14.
- 43. CRT assigned AFL's appeal tracking Number A-2022-00183, <u>Exhibit 15</u>, and dismissed it as moot on October 28, 2021. <u>Exhibit 16</u>.

### Claims for Relief

First Claim for Relief: For Violation of 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(6)(E)(i)

- 44. AFL repeats paragraphs 1-42.
- 45. The record before the Department included:
  - a. Evidence AFL's core mission included informing and educating the public regarding the operations and activities of the federal government.
  - b. Evidence AFL intended to give the public access to the records it obtains via the FOIA on its website.
  - c. Evidence AFL intended to disseminate the information it requested by making the requested records broadly available to the public, scholars, and the media; to use its editorial skills to turn raw materials into distinct work; and to distribute that work to an audience.
  - d. Evidence AFL's email list contains over 65,000 unique addresses, its

    Twitter page had nearly 10,000 followers, the Twitter page of its

Founder and President had over 83,800 followers, and it had another 18,000 followers on GETTR. Subsequently, for cybersecurity reasons AFL had reason to review and scrub its email list. It has determined its email list contains approximately 25,000 valid unique addresses.

- e. Evidence the Department has previously acknowledged similarly situated organizations meet the legal test for expedited processing.
- f. Evidence that the U.S. Departments of State, Homeland Security, and Defense granted AFL's requests for expedited processing of nearly identical FOIA requests and that the United States Centers for Disease Control had also, separately, granted a request for expedited processing.
- g. Legal argument and supporting cited authorities showing AFL met the legal test for expedited processing based on the plain text of 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(6)(E) for each matter.
- h. Legal argument and supporting cited authorities showing AFL met
   the legal test for expedited processing under multiple subparts of 28
   C.F.R. § 16.5(e) for each matter.
- i. Legal argument and supporting cited authorities showing AFL met the legal test for expedited processing under controlling Circuit precedent for each matter.

- 46. However, defendants wrongly denied AFL expedited processing of the specified items in FOIA-2021-02103, 21-00291-F, and FOIA-2022-00056, FY22-003, CRM-301677502, EOUSA-2022-000037, and FOI/PA No. 22-00004-F.
- 47. AFL should be granted declaratory and injunctive relief under 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(4)(b).

Second Claim for Relief: For Policy or Practice Violation of the FOIA

- 48. AFL repeats paragraphs 1-46.
- 49. Defendants have adopted and are engaged in a pattern or policy of denying AFL expedited processing in violation of 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(6)(e) because it seeks records likely to cast the Biden Administration in a negative light on matters of intense public concern, media interest, and political consequence.
- 50. Initially, the Department denied AFL expedited processing using boiler plate language without addressing AFL's specific arguments and authorities.
- 51. Then the Department affirmed the denials on appeal in broad conclusory terms, also without addressing AFL's detailed arguments and authorities.
- 52. This conduct is not due to differences or deficiencies in AFL's request or appeals. Rather, it is due to defendants' calculation that the benefits of unlawfully stonewalling the release of politically derogatory and harmful information about the Biden Administration and its allies outweighs any consequences that might attach to violating the FOIA.

# Relief Requested

WHEREFORE, AFL respectfully requests this Court:

- A. Declare Mr. Coley and the DOJ are engaged in an unlawful and impermissible practice or policy of denying AFL expedited processing.
- B. Enjoin Mr. Coley and the DOJ from continuing to engage in such conduct.
  - C. Declare AFL is entitled to expedited processing and a fee waiver.
- D. Provide for expeditious production of all non-exempt records responsive to FOIA-2021-02103, 21-00291-F, and FOIA-2022-00056, FY22-003, CRM-301677502, EOUSA-2022-000037, and FOI/PA No. 22-00004-F.
- E. Retain jurisdiction of this action to ensure agency records are not wrongfully withheld.
  - F. Award AFL attorneys' fees and costs pursuant to 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(4)(E).
- G. Grant AFL such other and further relief as this Court deems proper.
  November 15, 2021.

Respectfully submitted,

/s Christopher Mills
CHRISTOPHER E. MILLS
D.C. Bar No. 1021558
Spero Law LLC
557 East Bay St. #22251
Charleston, SC 29413
(843) 606-0640 (phone)
cmills@spero.law

/s/ Reed D. Rubinstein
REED D. RUBINSTEIN
D.C. Bar No. 400153
AMERICA FIRST LEGAL FOUNDATION
600 14th Street, N.W.
Fifth Floor
Washington, D.C. 20005
Tel.: (202) 964-3721
E-mail: reed.rubinstein@aflegal.org

Counsel for Plaintiff America First Legal Foundation



October 22, 2021

### VIA FOIA STAR

U.S. Department of Justice Office of Information Policy Sixth Floor, 441 G Street, NW Washington, D.C. 20530

Re: Appeal and Notice of Intent to Sue, FOIA-2021-02103

#### Dear Sir/Madam:

America First Legal Foundation ("AFL") is a national, nonprofit organization working to promote the rule of law in the United States, prevent executive overreach, ensure due process and equal protection for all Americans, all to promote public knowledge and understanding of the law and individual rights guaranteed under the Constitution and laws of the United States. AFL's mission includes promoting government transparency and accountability by gathering official information, analyzing it, and disseminating it through reports, press releases, and/or other media, including social media platforms, to educate the public. Holding government officials accountable for faithfully executing our laws and protecting our citizens are among our core concerns.

AFL is "primarily engaged in disseminating information" for the purposes of 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(6)(E). We distribute our work widely, posting government records for the benefit of the public, Congress, policymakers, and scholars; and creating and disseminating distinct work on media outlets of all sorts through the exercise of our editorial skills. We intend to disseminate information and analysis about this request—and any information obtained in response—on our website and social media outlets. Our email list contains over 65,000 unique email addresses, our Twitter page has nearly 10,000 followers, the Twitter page of our Founder and President has over 83,800 followers, and we have another 18,000 followers on GETTR. Courts have found

other organizations engaged in similar activities "easily" satisfy the legal standard with less than half the followers and subscribers AFL currently has.<sup>1</sup>

# I. Background

On August 31, 2021, AFL submitted FOIA-2021-02103 to the Department of Justice (DOJ) Office of Information Policy (OIP) to obtain records related to the Biden Administration's evacuation and vetting of Afghan nationals in the aftermath of its failed Afghanistan retreat. See Exhibit 1. Expedited processing was requested for Items A and B thereof. Item A requested:

All records that mention or reference screening or vetting individuals being evacuated from Kabul and/or Afghanistan in the possession of the following custodians:

- 1) Attorney General Merrick B. Garland
- 2) Deputy Attorney General Lisa O Monaco
- 3) DOJ Chief of Staff (sic)
- 4) Assistant Attorney General for National Security Division
- 5) Deputy Assistant Attorney General for Counterterrorism in NSD
- 6) NSD Chief of Staff

The timeframe for this request is August 12, 2021, to August 31, 2021.

### Item B requested:

All records related to DOJ providing any other government partner any information on the identity of any person who boarded a U.S. operated aircraft leaving Afghanistan between August 10, 2021, and August 31, 2021.

OIP denied expedition on September 10, 2021. See Exhibit 2.

-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Protect Democracy Project, Inc., v, United States Dep't of Justice, 498 F. Supp. 3d 132. 139-40 (D.D.C. 2020); see also Brennan Center for Justice at NYU School of Law v. Department of Commerce, 498 F. Supp. 3d 87, 98 (D.D.C. 2020); accord Cause of Action v. FTC, 799 F.3d 1108, 1125-26 (D.C. Cir. 2015). Brennan Center is instructive and suggestive:

The Brennan Center asserts that it is primarily engaged in dissemination of information as 'a non-partisan law and public policy' group that 'regularly writ[es], publish[es], and disseminat[es] information' and maintains an online library of thousands of articles, including over forty articles about the census. Defendants do not dispute the Brennan Center's status as an organization "primarily engaged in disseminating information," and other courts have found that similar organizations meet this standard.

Brennan Center, 498 F. Supp.3d at 98 (citations omitted). The FOIA sets one standard for all requestors. Treating AFL differently than others similarly situated, whether at the direction of individual political officials in OAG or OPA or otherwise violates AFL's due process rights.

FOIA-2021-02103 documented AFL's compelling need for expedited processing of Items A and B pertaining to the admission and vetting of Afghan and other foreign nationals into the United States. It adequately articulated the urgency for immediate disclosure of records pertaining to the measures being taken, or not being taken, to verify identities, to vet for terror ties, and to protect American citizens here at home.<sup>2</sup> Nearly identical requests were filed with several other Cabinet agencies involved in the Afghanistan withdrawal. All, save for DOJ, granted expedited processing. See Exhibit 3 (Department of Defense); Exhibit 4 (Department of Homeland Security); and Exhibit 5 (Department of State).

Accordingly, AFL timely appeals OIP's denial of expedited processing.<sup>3</sup>

### II. OIP Should Grant Expedited Processing

OIP denied expedition on two apparently independent grounds. First:

Based on the information you have provided, I have determined that your request for expedited processing under this standard should be denied. This Office cannot identify a particular urgency to inform the public about an actual or alleged federal government activity beyond the public's right to know about government activities generally.

### Exhibit 2 at 1. Second:

\_

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Exhibit 1 at 6 – 7 (citations omitted). See also 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(6)(E); 28 C.F.R. § 116.5(e); Protect Democracy Project, Inc. v. DOD, 263 F. Supp. 3d 293, 300 (D.D.C. 2017). These are not hypothetical concerns. See See U.S. Dep't of Justice (W.D. Wis.), Grand Jury Returns Indictments Charging 2 Afghan Evacuees with [Sex] Crimes While at Fort McCoy & Wisconsin Residents with Gun & Drug Crimes (Sept. 22, 2021) ("Bahrullah Noori, 20, is charged with attempting to engage in a sexual act with a minor using force against that person, and with three counts of engaging in a sexual act with a minor, with one count alleging the use of force. The indictment alleges that that the victims had not attained the age of 16 years and were at least four years younger than the defendant. Mohammad Haroon Imaad, 32, is charged with assaulting his spouse by strangling and suffocating her.") https://www.justice.gov/usao-wdwi/pr/grand-jury-returns-indictments-charging-afghan-evacueescrimes-while-fort-mccoy; U.S. Dep't of Justice (W.D. Pa.), Syrian Man Indicted on Terrorism Charges After Planning Attack on Christian Church, Indictment Alleges Mustafa Alowemer Plotted Attacks in the Name of ISIS (July 18, 2021) https://www.justice.gov/usao-wdpa/pr/syrian-man-indictedterrorism-charges-after-planning-attack-christian-church; Dillon Burroughs, Congresswoman Reveals Disturbing Thing She Found When Visiting Camp for Afghan Refugees in US, THE WESTERN JOURNAL (Oct. 20, 2021) https://www.westernjournal.com/congresswoman-reveals-disturbing-thing-foundvisiting-camp-afghan-refugees-us/; Nick Miroff, U.S. has flagged 44 Afghan evacuees as potential national security risks over the past two weeks, vetting reports show, THE WASHINGTON POST (Sept. 10, 2021) https://www.washingtonpost.com/national/afghan-refugees-security-risks/2021/09/09/a0c5d1ac-1194-11ec-a511-cb913c7e5ba0 story.html

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The FOIA sets one standard for all federal agencies. Accordingly, it should be applied the same way by all federal agencies. Inconsistent and contradictory processing determinations, especially on a matter of such political sensitivity and public interest as Afghan vetting, raise obvious policy and practice due process concerns. See Citizens for Resp. & Ethics in Washington v. U.S. Dep't of Hous. & Urb. Dev., 415 F. Supp. 3d 215, 225 (D.D.C. 2019).

You have also indicated that you are seeking expedited processing of your request pursuant to the Department's standards permitting expedition for requests based on circumstances in which the lack of expedited treatment could reasonably be expected to pose an imminent threat to the life or physical safety of an individual (See id. § 16.5(d)(i)) and involving "[a] matter of widespread and exceptional media interest in which there exist possible questions about the government's integrity which affect public confidence" (See Id. (sic) § 16.5(d)(iv)). In neither instance have you provided a statement explaining in detail the basis for your request to receive expedited processing under these standards.

*Id.* As explained below, neither ground is sufficient and expedited processing should have been granted.

# A. Items A And B Meet The "Urgency" Test.

The FOIA mandates expedited processing when a requestor demonstrates "compelling need." 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(6)(E)(i)(II). "Compelling need," in relevant part, means an "urgency to inform the public concerning actual or alleged Federal Government activity." 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(6)(E)(v). The common public meaning of "urgency" at the time of § 552(a)(6)(E)(v)(II)'s enactment was "the quality or state of being urgent." The common public meaning of "urgent", in turn, was "requiring or compelling speedy action or attention." As explained in FOIA-2021-02103, the Biden Administration's extraordinarily incompetent retreat from Afghanistan and its chaotic failure to disclose how it decided whom to admit and whom to exclude from the United States were at the time of the request and remain to this day matters compelling speedy action or attention.<sup>5</sup>

Alternatively, the Circuit test for expedited processing requires the department to weigh three main factors: (1) whether the request concerns a matter of current exigency to the American public; (2) whether the consequences of delaying a response would compromise a significant recognized interest; and (3) whether the request concerns federal government activity. Factorized interest as well.

Respecting factor one, as noted above, the vetting of Afghans admitted into the United States is assuredly a matter of public concern and media interest, and central to pressing issues of the day. The public must know why these Afghans, most of whom are apparently ineligible for a Special Immigrant Visa (given to eligible Afghan translators and interpreters who worked directly with the U.S. Armed Forces or

\_

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The FOIA must be interpreted in accord with the ordinary public meaning of its terms at the time of enactment. *Bostock v. Clayton Cty.*, *Georgia*, 140 S. Ct. 1731, 1738 (2020).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> See Exhibit 1 at 6 n. 5, 6, and 7 n. 7, 9.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Al-Fayed v. Central Intelligence Agency, 254 F.3d 300, 309-10 (D.C. Cir. 2001).

under Chief of Mission (COM) authority at U.S. Embassy Baghdad or U.S. Embassy Kabul, and not others who worked for the United States), were admitted to our country; and why it is so many U.S. citizens, green card holders, and Afghan allies remain under Taliban control and at risk. <sup>7</sup>

Respecting factor two, if production is delayed, then both AFL and the public at large will be precluded from obtaining in a timely fashion information vital to the current and ongoing debate surrounding refugee vetting. Being closed off from the opportunity to debate the Biden Administration's conduct here is a serious harm in an open democracy. Disclosing relevant records months or years from now will be of academic interest only, for any damage will have been done and stale information is of little value. 9

Respecting factor three, Items A and B involve "federal government activity."

# B. Items A And B Meet The 28 C.F.R. §16.5(e)(1) Test.

Section 16(e)(1)(i) provides "Requests and appeals shall be processed on an expedited basis whenever it is determined that they involve: (i) Circumstances in which the lack of expedited processing could reasonably be expected to pose an imminent threat to the life or physical safety of an individual". AFL cannot identify "an individual" who can reasonably be expected to suffer imminent threat to life or physical safety if expedited processing is denied. Therefore, AFL withdraws its request for expedited processing under this subsection.

Section 16(e)(1)(iv) provides "Requests and appeals shall be processed on an expedited basis whenever it is determined that they involve .... (iv) A matter of widespread and exceptional media interest in which there exist possible questions about the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Compare Payne Enters. v. United States, 837 F.2d 486, 494 (D.C. Cir. 1988); Am. Oversight v. U.S. Dep't of State, 414 F. Supp. 3d 182, 186 (D.D.C. 2019); Elec. Privacy Info. Ctr. v. U.S. Dep't of Justice, 416 F. Supp. 2d 30, 40-41 (D.D.C. 2006).

 $<sup>^8</sup>$  Protect Democracy Project, Inc. v. U.S. Dep't of Def., 263 F. Supp. 3d 293, 299-300 (D.D.C. 2017). The court reasoned:

But do the requests touch on 'a matter of current exigency to the American public,' and would 'delaying a response...compromise a significant recognized interest,' *Al-Fayed*, 254 F.3d at 310? Likely, the answer to both questions is yes. Regarding nationwide 'exigency': In its requests, submitted the day after the April 6 missile strikes against Syria, Protect Democracy explained that 'the President's decision to initiate military action is of the utmost importance to the public,' and that 'whether the President has the legal authority to launch [such] a military strike' is similarly critical. Few would take issue with these assertions. But as evidence that they were justified, one need look no further than the widespread media attention—including by some of the nation's most prominent news outlets—paid both to the April 6 strike and its legality, as early as the date of Protect Democracy's requests.

*Id.* at 299. If the one or two news cycles worth of attention given to one missile strike is sufficient then Afghan vetting should qualify as well.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Payne 837 F.2d at 494.

government's integrity that affect public confidence." As a threshold matter, AFL notes that in denying AFL expedited processing for its request FOIA-2022-00056, both OIP and the Office of Legal Counsel said "the Director of the Office of Public Affairs .... determines whether a request pertains to '[a] matter of widespread and exceptional media interest in which there exist possible questions about the government's integrity that affect public confidence.' 28 C.F.R § 16.5(e)(1)(iv); see id. § 16.5(e)(2)." It is not clear whether the Director of the Office of Public Affairs has made a similarly erroneous determination with respect to FOIA-2021-02103. It would not be surprising if he did, because the Biden Administration's chaotic Afghan vetting has been a major embarrassment with significant adverse political consequences for the Biden White House and the Democrat party. 10

Regardless, on the record before OIP, and under applicable and controlling authorities, expedited processing should be granted. <sup>11</sup> As first documented, Afghan vetting is a matter of widespread and exceptional media interest in which there exist possible questions about the Biden Administration's integrity that affect public confidence. AFL need not prove government wrongdoing to obtain records on an expedited basis. Rather, FOIA-2021-02103, fairly read, must simply provide grounds to support the contention that the matter is time sensitive, and that it concerns a "matter of widespread and exceptional media interest in which there exist possible questions about the government's integrity that affect public confidence." <sup>12</sup>

OIP contends AFL failed to explain "in detail" the basis for its request to receive expedited processing 28 C.F.R. § 16.5(e)(1)(iv). But FOIA-2021-02103 established both time sensitivity and the fact that Afghan vetting was a matter of widespread and exceptional medial interest affecting public confidence in the government's integrity. <sup>13</sup> This story is currently unfolding; disclosure of the requested records should yield information bearing directly on the critical questions of what the government knew about the Afghans it is bringing or hosting and resettling into the United States, when it knew it, and whether it is now being truthful with the public

6

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Letter from the Hon. Yvette Herrell, et al, to the Hon. Joseph R. Biden (Sept. 8, 2021) https://herrell.house.gov/sites/evo-subsites/herrell.house.gov/files/evo-media-

document/Afghan%20Vetting%20Letter.pdf; Dan Balz et al., Americans Support Afghanistan Pullout—But Not the Way it Was Done, a Post-ABC Poll Finds, WASHINGTON POST (Sept. 3, 2021), https://www.washingtonpost.com/politics/post-abc-poll-biden-afghanistan/2021/09/02/5520cd3e-0c16-11ec-9781-07796ffb56fe\_story.html ("The Afghanistan withdrawal has contributed to a drop in Biden's overall approval rating, which for the first time in his presidency is net negative. The poll finds 44 percent saying they approve of how he is handling his job, while 51 percent disapprove"); Domenico Montanaro, Biden's Approval Rating Hits a New Low After the Afghanistan Withdrawal, NPR (Sept. 2, 2021), https://www.npr.org/2021/09/02/1033433959/biden-approval-rating-afghanistan-withdrawal. See generally, Citizens for Responsibility, 415 F. Supp. 3d at 225.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Am. C.L. Union v. U.S. Dep't of Justice, 321 F. Supp. 2d 24, 31 (D.D.C. 2004) (citations omitted); Brennan Center, 498 F. Supp. 3d at 98–99; Citizens for Responsibility, 436 F. Supp. 3d at 360-61.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Citizens for Responsibility, 436 F. Supp. 3d at 361.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Exhibit 1 at 6-7.

about past circumstances and present or future risks. Public confidence in law enforcement is of paramount importance. Expedition is therefore appropriate.<sup>14</sup>

# III. Conclusion

Please contact the undersigned at <u>FOIA@aflegal.org</u> if you require additional clarification or information.

/S/ REED D. RUBINSTEIN
Reed D. Rubinstein
America First Legal Foundation

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Am. C.L. Union, 321 F. Supp. 2d at 30.

# EXHIBIT 1



August 31, 2021

### Via FOIA STAR

Department of Justice 950 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW Washington, DC 20530

Freedom of Information Act Request: Evacuations from Afghanistan.

Dear FOIA Officer:

America First Legal Foundation ("AFL") is a national, nonprofit organization. AFL works to promote the rule of law in the United States, prevent executive overreach, ensure due process and equal protection for all Americans, and promote knowledge and understanding of the law and individual rights guaranteed under the Constitution and laws of the United States.

#### I. Introduction

For months, the Biden Administration assured Americans it had matters well in hand in Afghanistan, and that the terrorists were not about to take over. For example, at President Biden's July 8, 2021, press conference, he said:

Q. Is a Taliban takeover of Afghanistan now inevitable?

THE PRESIDENT: No, it is not.

Q. Why?

THE PRESIDENT: Because you — the Afghan troops have 300,000 well-equipped — as well-equipped as any army in the world — and an air force against something like 75,000 Taliban. It is not inevitable.

\* \* \* \*

Q. Mr. President, thank you very much. Your own intelligence community has assessed that the Afghan government will likely collapse.

THE PRESIDENT: That is not true. <sup>1</sup>

These assurances were false.<sup>2</sup>

The Taliban is now in control, and the United States has completely withdrawn its military and diplomatic presence from Afghanistan. The Biden government claims to have evacuated over 120,000 individuals from Afghanistan, but its planning has been inept, its execution chaotic, and its reporting and transparency lacking in detail. It has withheld critical facts, including, among other things, the number of American citizens still in Afghanistan, the nationalities of all those evacuated, the locations of all non-citizens granted admission to the United States, the immigration status—or lack thereof—of all non-citizens, and the process, procedures, and criteria used for vetting and screening evacuees for security and other risks.

AFL's mission includes promoting government transparency and accountability by gathering official information, analyzing it, and disseminating it through reports, press releases, and/or other media, including social media platforms, to educate the public. At the core of this mission is keeping government officials accountable for their duty to faithfully execute the laws and protect and defend the Constitution and laws of the United States and to inform the public as to who the government is allowing entry to the country unscreened. Therefore, under the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA), 5 U.S.C. § 552, AFL hereby requests the following records within twenty business days.

### II. Definitions

"U.S. Citizen" means a natural born or naturalized citizen of the United States of America.

"INL Air Wing" means Bureau of International Narcotics and Law Enforcement Affairs Office of Aviation, its employees, contractors, vehicles, and aircraft, all as more particularly described at https://www.state.gov/aviation-support/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The White House, Remarks by President Biden on the Drawdown of U.S. Forces in Afghanistan (July 8, 2021) https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/speeches-remarks/2021/07/08/remarks-by-president-biden-on-the-drawdown-of-u-s-forces-in-afghanistan/.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The evidence is the Biden Administration knew, or should have known, these assurances were false at the time they were made. See, e.g., Dep't of Defense, Lead Inspector General, Quarterly Report to the U.S. Congress on Operation Freedom's Sentinel (OFS), April 1, 2021 – June 30, 2021 at 3, 18, 22-25 (Aug. 17, 2021) https://media.defense.gov/2021/Aug/17/2002832926/-1/-1/1/LEAD%20INSPECTOR%20GENERAL%20FOR%20OPERATION%20FREEDOM%E2%80%99S%20SENTI-

NEL%20I%20QUARTERLY%20REPORT%20TO%20THE%20UNITED%20STATES%20CON-

GRESS%20I%20APRIL%201,%202021%20-%20JUNE%2030,%202021.PDF; Joseph Clark, *Biden Administration Ignored Warnings on Afghanistan, Leaked State Dept. Cable Shows*, THE WASHINGTON TIMES (Aug. 21, 2021), https://www.washingtontimes.com/news/2021/aug/20/state-department-cable-shows-biden-administration-/;.

"National Vetting Center" means the Center created pursuant to National Security Presidential Memorandum (NSPM)-9, Optimizing the Use of Federal Government Information in the Support of the National Vetting Enterprise and more particularly described at https://www.cbp.gov/border-security/ports-entry/national-vetting-center

"Non-U.S. person" means an alien as defined by 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(3).

"Parole authority" means the authority granted under 8 U.S.C. § 1182(d)(5).

"Refugee" has the meaning assigned to it by 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(42).

"Special Immigrant Visa" means Special Immigrant Visas for Iraqi and Afghan Translators/Interpreters as defined by Public Law 109-163, and subsequent amendments, and as detailed on the State Department's website at https://travel.state.gov/content/travel/en/us-visas/immigrate/siv-iraqi-afghan-translators-interpreters.html#references.

# III. Requested Records

- A) All records that mention or reference screening or vetting individuals being evacuated from Kabul and/or Afghanistan in the possession of the following custodians:
  - 1) Attorney General Merrick B. Garland
  - 2) Deputy Attorney General Lisa O Monaco
  - 3) DOJ Chief of Staff
  - 4) Assistant Attorney General for National Security Division
  - 5) Deputy Assistant Attorney General for Counterterrorism in NSD
  - 6) NSD Chief of Staff

The timeframe for this request is August 12, 2021, to August 31, 2021.

- B) All records related to DOJ providing any other government partner any information on the identity of any person who boarded a U.S. operated aircraft leaving Afghanistan between August 10, 2021, and August 31, 2021.
- C) All documents that mention or reference refugee or SIV screening or processing for individuals seeking evacuation or resettlement out of Kabul, Afghanistan, or KBL. The time frame for this request is July 1, 2021, to the date the records request is processed.
- D) All records that mention or reference coordination with the Department of Defense, the Department of State, or the Department of Homeland Security to

screen or vet any individual seeking evacuation from Afghanistan and/or admission into the United States. The time frame for this request is July 1, 2021, to the date the records request is processed.

- E) All records regarding either 1) inquiries from the interagency or 2) information provided to an interagency partner about people seeking admission to the United States, or onto a United States operated aircraft out of Afghanistan.
- F) All records of derogatory information provided to the Department of State on individuals evacuated from Afghanistan between August 16, 2021, and August 31, 2021.

### IV. Redactions

Redactions are disfavored as the FOIA's exemptions are exclusive and must be narrowly construed. Am. Immigration Lawyers Ass 'n v. Exec. Office for Immigration Review (AILA), 830 F.3d 667, 676-79 (D.C. Cir. 2016). If a record contains information responsive to a FOIA request, then Department of State must disclose the entire record; a single record cannot be split into responsive and non-responsive bits. Id.; see also Parker v. United States DOJ, 278 F. Supp. 3d 446, 451 (D.D.C. 2017). Consequently, Department of State should produce email attachments.

In connection with this request, and to comply with your legal obligations:

- Please search all locations and systems likely to have responsive records, regardless of format, medium, or physical characteristics.
- In conducting your search, please construe the term "record" in the broadest possible sense, to include any written, typed, recorded, graphic, printed, or audio material of any kind. We seek all records, including electronic records, audiotapes, videotapes, and photographs, as well as texts, letters, emails, facsimiles, telephone messages, voice mail messages, and transcripts, notes, or minutes of any meetings, telephone conversations, or discussions.
- Our request includes any attachments to those records or other materials enclosed with a record when transmitted. If an email is responsive to our request, then our request includes all prior messages sent or received in that email chain, as well as any attachments.
- Please search all relevant records or systems containing records regarding agency business. Do not exclude records regarding agency business contained in files, email accounts, or devices in the personal custody of your officials, such as personal email accounts or text messages. Records of official business conducted using unofficial systems or stored outside of official files are subject to

the Federal Records Act and FOIA. It is not adequate to rely on policies and procedures that require officials to move such information to official systems within a certain period of time; AFL has a right to records contained in those files even if material has not yet been moved to official systems or if officials have, by intent or through negligence, failed to meet their obligations.

- Please use all tools available to your agency to conduct a complete and efficient search for potentially responsive records. Agencies are subject to governmentwide requirements to manage agency information electronically, and many agencies have adopted the National Archives and Records Administration ("NARA") Capstone program, or similar policies. These systems provide options for searching emails and other electronic records in a manner that is reasonably likely to be more complete than just searching individual custodian files. For example, a custodian may have deleted a responsive email from his or her email program, but your agency's archiving tools may capture that email under Capstone. At the same time, custodian searches are still necessary; you may not have direct access to files stored in .PST files, outside of network drives, in paper format, or in personal email accounts.
- If some portions of the requested records are properly exempt from disclosure, please disclose any reasonably segregable non-exempt portions of the requested records. If a request is denied in whole, please state specifically why it is not reasonable to segregate portions of the record for release.
- Please take appropriate steps to ensure that records responsive to this request are not deleted by the agency before the completion of processing for this request. If records potentially responsive to this request are likely to be located on systems where they are subject to potential deletion, including on a scheduled basis, please take steps to prevent that deletion, including, as appropriate, by instituting a litigation hold on those records.

# V. Fee Waiver Request

Per 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(4)(A)(iii) and 28 C.F.R. § 16.10, AFL requests a waiver of all search and duplication fees associated with this request.

First, AFL is a qualified non-commercial public education and news media requester. AFL is a new organization, but it has already demonstrated its commitment to the public disclosure of documents and creation of editorial content through regular substantive analyses posted to its website. For example, its officials routinely appear on national television and use social media platforms to disseminate the information it has obtained about federal government activities. In this case, AFL will make your records and your responses publicly available for the benefit of citizens, scholars, and others. The public's understanding of your policies and practices will be enhanced

through AFL's analysis and publication of the requested records. As a nonprofit organization, AFL does not have a commercial purpose and the release of the information requested is not in AFL's financial interest. Other agencies, including the Departments of Education, Energy, Interior, and Homeland Security, and the Office of the Director of National Intelligence have previously granted AFL a fee waiver.

Second, waiver is proper as disclosure of the requested information is "in the public interest because it is likely to contribute significantly to public understanding of operations or activities of the government." The sudden and abrupt withdraw of forces from a country where the United States has maintained a presence for nearly 20 years, the rapid collapse of the local government to an international terrorist organization in the matter of days, and the Biden Administration's inept response has made this an issue of intense public interest.

# VI. Request for Expedited Processing

AFL seeks expedited processing of requests A and B.

Your regulations provide that you will grant expedited processing requests that demonstrate a "compelling need." You define "compelling need" as existing, *inter alia*, if the information is urgently needed by an individual primarily engaged in disseminating information in order to inform the public concerning actual or alleged Federal government activity." As demonstrated above, both criteria are met here.

First, AFL is an organization primarily engaged in disseminating information to the public. We intend to disseminate the information we receive and our analysis about this request to the public and to other members of the press.

Second, the Biden Administration claims more than 123,000 people, including about 6,000 American citizens, have been evacuated from Afghanistan.<sup>5</sup> However, the evacuation has been chaotic, poorly planned, and badly executed.<sup>6</sup> The Biden Administration turned over Kabul to the Taliban, giving it operational control over access to the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> 28 C.F.R. § 16.5(e).

 $<sup>^4</sup>$  Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Transcript of Statement of Anthony Blinken on Afghanistan, THE NEW YORK TIMES (Aug. 30, 2021) https://www.nytimes.com/2021/08/31/us/politics/blinken-afghanistan-speech.html

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Molly Hennessy-Fiske, Americans Faced Taliban, Airport Chaos in Scramble to Evacuate Afghanistan, Los Angeles Times (Aug 18, 2021), https://www.latimes.com/world-nation/story/2021-08-18/american-c-struggle-to-leave-afghanistan; Lauren Leatherby, Jim Huylebroek, Scott Reinhard & Sarah KerrAug, The Dangerous Road to the Kabul Airport, The New York Times (Aug. 18, 2021), https://www.nytimes.com/interactive/2021/08/18/world/asia/kabul-airport-afghanistan-maps.html ("While American forces have taken control of Kabul's airport, chaos dominates just outside. As thousands desperately try to flee Afghanistan, Taliban fighters have blocked entrances, fired rifles and beaten some people in the crowds.").

Kabul airport and lists of U.S. Citizens and Afghan human assets. Generally speaking, only individuals the Taliban allowed to leave Afghanistan were able to do so.

Yet the Biden government has not transparently disclosed the vetting and screening process used to ensure evacuees do not pose a security risk. The lack of transparency is problematic first because this Administration has repeatedly disregarded U.S. immigration laws,<sup>8</sup> and second because it has, over a period of months, repeatedly misrepresented the facts on the ground. The Biden credibility gap is wide and deep with respect to Afghanistan, immigration enforcement, and respect for the rule of law. Accordingly, there is an urgent need for immediate disclosure of the measures being taken to verify identities, to vet for terror ties, and to protect American Citizens here at home.<sup>9</sup>

Finally, there is a high likelihood that the information AFL seeks in the above-specified requests will be rendered stale once foreign nationals are granted admission to the United States. Given that the processing of many tens of thousands foreign nationals for admission to the United States is apparently still in process, the requested records are needed urgently to inform the public and policy makers about the processes and criteria this Administration is using to screen and vet potential security risks, and to ensure applicable laws and regulations are being followed.

### VI. Production

To accelerate release of responsive records, AFL welcomes production on an agreed rolling basis. If possible, please provide responsive records in an electronic format by email. Alternatively, records in native format or in PDF format on a USB drive.

7

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Aaron Blake, The Biden administration's increasingly muddy denials on giving the Taliban lists, THE WASHINGTON POST (Aug. 30, 2021) https://www.msn.com/en-us/news/us/the-biden-administration-e2-80-99s-increasingly-muddy-denials-on-giving-the-taliban-lists/ar-AANU3cH?ocid=uxbndlbing; Jerry Dunleavy, White House: Taliban Setting Up More Entry Points Beyond Perimeter to Stop ISIS-K Attacks, THE WASHINGTON EXAMINER (Aug. 23, 2021) https://news.yahoo.com/white-house-taliban-setting-more-17060 0073.html; Taliban Captured Key US Military Biometric Devices: Report, The Times of India (Aug. 19, 2021), https://timesofindia.indiatimes.com/world/us/taliban-captured-key-us-military-biometric-devices-report/articleshow/85445501.cms.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> America First Legal Foundation, AFL Files FOIAs Demanding Answers about the Biden Administration's Implementation of Catch-and-Release and Other Open Border Policies (July 27, 2021), https://www.aflegal.org/news/afl-files-foias-demanding-answers-about-the-biden-administrations-implementation-of-catch-and-release-and-other-open-border-policies

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> According to CNN, "The approach from the administration has been 'get as many people on the plane as you can, and we'll sort out the (immigration visa) stuff later". Geneva Sands and Evan Perez, Arriving Afghans Without Paperwork Prompt Delays and Security Challenges, CNN (Aug. 21, 2021), https://www.cnn.com/2021/08/25/politics/arriving-afghans-paperwork-delays-security/index.html. Compare Lizzie Dearden, Paris Attacks: Some Jihadists 'Took Advantage of Refugee Crisis to Slip into Europe', French Prime Minister Says, The Independent (Nov. 20, 2015), https://www.independent.co.uk/news/world/europe/paris-attacks-some-jihadists-took-advantage-refugee-crisis-slip-europe-french-prime-minister-says-a6741466.html.

Please send any responsive records being transmitted by mail to America First Legal Foundation, 600 14<sup>th</sup> Street NW, 5<sup>th</sup> Floor, Washington, D.C. 20005.

# VII. Conclusion

If you have any questions about how to construe this request for records or believe further discussions regarding search and processing would facilitate a more efficient production of records of interest to AFL, please do not hesitate to contact me at <u>FOIA@aflegal.org</u>. Finally, if AFL's request for a fee waiver is not granted in full, please contact us immediately upon making that determination.

Thank you,

/s/ Reed D. Rubinstein
Reed D. Rubinstein
America First Legal Foundation

# EXHIBIT 2

### Case 1:21-cv-03024 Document 1-1 Filed 11/15/21 Page 18 of 57



U.S. Department of Justice Office of Information Policy Sixth Floor 441 G Street, NW Washington, DC 20530-0001

Telephone: (202) 514-3642

September 10, 2021

Reed Rubinstein foia@aflegal.org

Re: FOIA-2021-02103 DRH:GMG

Dear Reed Rubinstein:

This is to acknowledge receipt of your Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) request dated and received in this Office on August 31, 2021, in which you requested records concerning the vetting of individuals being evacuated from Afghanistan since July 1, 2021.

You have requested expedited processing of your request pursuant to the Department's standard permitting expedition for requests based on circumstances in which the lack of expedited treatment could reasonably be expected to pose an imminent threat to the life or physical safety of an individual. See 28 C.F.R. § 16.5(e)(1)(i) (2018). Based on the information you have provided, I have determined that your request for expedited processing under this standard should be denied. Your letter fails to explain how access to the requested records would alleviate a specific threat to the life or physical safety of an individual.

Additionally, you have requested expedited processing of your request pursuant to the Department's standard permitting expedition for requests involving "[a]n urgency to inform the public about an actual or alleged federal government activity, if made by a person primarily engaged in disseminating information." See 28 C.F.R. § 16.5(e)(1)(ii) (2018). Based on the information you have provided, I have determined that your request for expedited processing under this standard should be denied. This Office cannot identify a particular urgency to inform the public about an actual or alleged federal government activity beyond the public's right to know about government activities generally.

You have also indicated that you are seeking expedited processing of your request pursuant to the Department's standards permitting expedition for requests based on circumstances in which the lack of expedited treatment could reasonably be expected to pose an imminent threat to the life or physical safety of an individual (See id. § 16.5(d)(i)) and involving "[a] matter of widespread and exceptional media interest in which there exist possible questions about the government's integrity which affect public confidence" (See Id. § 16.5(d)(iv)). In neither instance have you provided a statement explaining in detail the basis for your request to receive expedited processing under these standards.

To the extent that your request requires a search in another Office, consultations with other Department components or another agency, and/or involves a voluminous amount of

material, your request falls within "unusual circumstances." See 5 U.S.C. 552 § (a)(6)(B)(i)-(iii) (2018). Accordingly, we will need to extend the time limit to respond to your request beyond the ten additional days provided by the statute. For your information, we use multiple tracks to process requests, but within those tracks we work in an agile manner, and the time needed to complete our work on your request will necessarily depend on a variety of factors, including the complexity of our records search, the volume and complexity of any material located, and the order of receipt of your request. At this time we have assigned your request to the complex track. In an effort to speed up our process, you may wish to narrow the scope of your request to limit the number of potentially responsive records so that it can be placed in a different processing track. You can also agree to an alternative time frame for processing, should records be located, or you may wish to await the completion of our records search to discuss either of these options. Any decision with regard to the application of fees will be made only after we determine whether fees will be implicated for this request.

If you have any questions or wish to discuss reformulation or an alternative time frame for the processing of your request, you may contact the analyst handing your request, Georgianna Gilbeaux, by telephone at the above number or you may write to them at the above address. You may contact our FOIA Public Liaison, Valeree Villanueva, for any further assistance and to discuss any aspect of your request at: Office of Information Policy, United States Department of Justice, Sixth Floor, 441 G Street, NW, Washington, DC 20530-0001; telephone at 202-514-3642.

Additionally, you may contact the Office of Government Information Services (OGIS) at the National Archives and Records Administration to inquire about the FOIA mediation services they offer. The contact information for OGIS is as follows: Office of Government Information Services, National Archives and Records Administration, Room 2510, 8601 Adelphi Road, College Park, MD 20740-6001; e-mail at <a href="mailto:ogis@nara.gov">ogis@nara.gov</a>; telephone at 202-741-5770; toll free at 1-877-684-6448; or facsimile at 202-741-5769.

If you are not satisfied with my response to this request for expedited processing, you may administratively appeal by writing to the Director, Office of Information Policy, United States Department of Justice, Sixth Floor, 441 G Street, NW, Washington, DC 20530-0001, or you may submit an appeal through OIP's FOIA STAR portal by creating an account following the instructions on OIP's website: <a href="https://www.justice.gov/oip/submit-and-track-request-or-appeal">https://www.justice.gov/oip/submit-and-track-request-or-appeal</a>. Your appeal must be postmarked or electronically submitted within ninety days of the date of my response to your request. If you submit your appeal by mail, both the letter and the envelope should be clearly marked "Freedom of Information Act Appeal."

Sincerely,

Douglas R. Hibbard Chief, Initial Request Staff

# EXHIBIT 3



August 31, 2021

Via Email & OSD/JS PAL - dcsa.quantico.dcsa-hq.mbx.foia@mail.mil

Freedom of Information Division 1155 Defense Pentagon Washington, DC 20301-1155

Freedom of Information Act Request: Evacuations from Afghanistan.

Dear FOIA Officer:

America First Legal Foundation ("AFL") is a national, nonprofit organization. AFL works to promote the rule of law in the United States, prevent executive overreach, ensure due process and equal protection for all Americans, and promote knowledge and understanding of the law and individual rights guaranteed under the Constitution and laws of the United States.

#### I. Introduction

For months, the Biden Administration assured Americans it had matters well in hand in Afghanistan, and that the terrorists were not about to take over. For example, at President Biden's July 8, 2021, press conference, he said:

Q. Is a Taliban takeover of Afghanistan now inevitable?

THE PRESIDENT: No, it is not.

Q. Why?

THE PRESIDENT: Because you — the Afghan troops have 300,000 well-equipped — as well-equipped as any army in the world — and an air force against something like 75,000 Taliban. It is not inevitable.

\* \* \* \*

Q. Mr. President, thank you very much. Your own intelligence community has assessed that the Afghan government will likely collapse.

THE PRESIDENT: That is not true. <sup>1</sup>

These assurances were false.<sup>2</sup>

The Taliban is now in control, and the United States has completely withdrawn its military and diplomatic presence from Afghanistan. The Biden government claims to have evacuated over 120,000 individuals from Afghanistan, but its planning has been inept, its execution chaotic, and its reporting and transparency lacking in detail. It has withheld critical facts, including, among other things, the number of American citizens still in Afghanistan, the nationalities of all those evacuated, the locations of all non-citizens granted admission to the United States, the immigration status—or lack thereof—of all non-citizens, and the process, procedures, and criteria used for vetting and screening evacuees for security and other risks.

AFL's mission includes promoting government transparency and accountability by gathering official information, analyzing it, and disseminating it through reports, press releases, and/or other media, including social media platforms, to educate the public. At the core of this mission is keeping government officials accountable for their duty to faithfully execute the laws and protect and defend the Constitution and laws of the United States and to inform the public as to who the government is allowing entry to the country unscreened. Therefore, under the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA), 5 U.S.C. § 552, AFL hereby requests the following records within twenty business days.

### II. Definitions

"U.S. Citizen" means a natural born or naturalized citizen of the United States of America.

"INL Air Wing" means Bureau of International Narcotics and Law Enforcement Affairs Office of Aviation, its employees, contractors, vehicles, and aircraft, all as more particularly described at https://www.state.gov/aviation-support/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The White House, Remarks by President Biden on the Drawdown of U.S. Forces in Afghanistan (July 8, 2021) https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/speeches-remarks/2021/07/08/remarks-by-president-biden-on-the-drawdown-of-u-s-forces-in-afghanistan/.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The evidence is the Biden Administration knew, or should have known, these assurances were false at the time they were made. See, e.g., Dep't of Defense, Lead Inspector General, Quarterly Report to the U.S. Congress on Operation Freedom's Sentinel (OFS), April 1, 2021 – June 30, 2021 at 3, 18, 22-25 (Aug. 17, 2021) https://media.defense.gov/2021/Aug/17/2002832926/-1/-1/1/LEAD%20INSPECTOR%20GENERAL%20FOR%20OPERATION%20FREEDOM%E2%80%99S%20SENTI-

NEL%20I%20QUARTERLY%20REPORT%20TO%20THE%20UNITED%20STATES%20CON-

GRESS%20I%20APRIL%201,%202021%20-%20JUNE%2030,%202021.PDF; Joseph Clark, *Biden Administration Ignored Warnings on Afghanistan, Leaked State Dept. Cable Shows*, THE WASHINGTON TIMES (Aug. 21, 2021), https://www.washingtontimes.com/news/2021/aug/20/state-department-cable-shows-biden-administration-/;.

"National Vetting Center" means the Center created pursuant to National Security Presidential Memorandum (NSPM)-9, *Optimizing the Use of Federal Government Information in the Support of the National Vetting Enterprise* and more particularly described at https://www.cbp.gov/border-security/ports-entry/national-vetting-center

"Non-U.S. person" means an alien as defined by 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(3).

"Parole authority" means the authority granted under 8 U.S.C. § 1182(d)(5).

"Refugee" has the meaning assigned to it by 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(42).

"Special Immigrant Visa" means Special Immigrant Visas for Iraqi and Afghan Translators/Interpreters as defined by Public Law 109-163, and subsequent amendments, and as detailed on the State Department's website at https://travel.state.gov/content/travel/en/us-visas/immigrate/siv-iraqi-afghan-translators-interpreters.html#references.

# III. Requested Records

- A) All records that mention or reference screening or vetting individuals being evacuated from Kabul and/or Afghanistan in the possession of the following custodians:
  - 1) Secretary of Defense Lloyd J. Austin III
  - 2) Deputy Secretary of Defense Kathleen Hicks
  - 3) Assistant to the Secretary of Defense for Public Affairs John Kirby
  - 4) General Mark Milley
  - 5) General Kenneth McKenzie
  - 6) Chief of Staff to the Secretary of Defense Kelly Magsamen
  - 7) General Counsel Caroline D. Krass
  - 8) Under Secretary Dr. Colin H. Kahl
  - 9) Assistant Secretary of Defense (Indo-Pacific Security Affairs) Ely Ratner
  - 10)Melissa Dalton
  - 11) Assistant Secretary of Defense (Special Operations and Low-Intensity Conflict) Christopher Maier
  - 12) Assistant Secretary of Defense (Strategy, Plans, and Capabilities) Dr. Mara Karlin
  - 13) Under Secretary of Defense (Intelligence and Security) Ronald Moultrie
  - 14) Under Secretary of Defense (Personnel and Readiness) Gil Cisneros
  - 15) Assistant Secretary of Defense (Readiness) Shawn Skelly
  - 16) Secretary of the Army Christine Wormuth
  - 17) Secretary of the Navy Carlos Del Toro
  - 18) Secretary of the Air Force Frank Kendall III

The timeframe for this request is August 12, 2021, to August 31, 2021.

- B) Records sufficient to show the process the Department of Defense used to confirm the identity of each person who boarded a U.S. operated or controlled aircraft leaving Afghanistan between August 10, 2021, and August 31, 2021.
- C) For any non-U.S. person evacuated by the United States out of Afghanistan between August 10, 2021, and August 31, 2021, records sufficient to show each person's application status (as a refugee, SIV, or otherwise) on the date that they were evacuated.
- D) All records that mention or reference screening, vetting, or processing for individuals seeking evacuation or resettlement out of Kabul, Afghanistan, or KBL. The time frame for this request is July 1, 2021, to the date this records request is processed.
- E) For the custodians referenced in request A above, all records that mention or reference the Department of Homeland Security's parole authority and/or paroling Afghans into the United States pursuant thereto. The time frame for this request is August 10, 2021, to August 31, 2021.
- F) All records of communications with, or that mention or reference, the National Vetting Center, and (1) contain the words "Kabul", "Afghan", "Bagram", or "KBL" or (2) refer to a person from Afghanistan seeking evacuation from and/or admission to the United States. The time frame for this request is July 1, 2021, to the date this records request is processed.
- G) All records that mention or reference coordination with the Department of Homeland Security or the Department of State to screen or vet an individual seeking evacuation from Afghanistan and/or admission into the United States. The time frame for this request is July 1, 2021, to the date the records request is processed.
- H) All records that mention or reference (1) U.S. government property, whether military, intelligence-related, or otherwise, left behind or taken by the Taliban, or (2) any person(s) freed by or released to the Taliban. The time frame for this request is July 1, 2021, to the date this records request is processed.
- I) For the custodians identified in request A above, all records that mention or reference "Bagram" airbase. The time frame for this request is June 1, 2021, to the date this records request is processed.

- J) Records sufficient to show (1) the number of U.S. Citizens evacuated or otherwise removed from Afghanistan, (2) the number non-U.S. persons evacuated or otherwise removed from Afghanistan and admitted or seeking admission into the United States, and (3) the number of non-U.S. persons identified as posing a potential security risk. The time frame for this request is March 1, 2021, to the date this records request is processed.
- K) Records sufficient to show the number of individuals evacuated from Afghanistan by nationality. The time frame for this request July 1, 2021, to the date this records request is processed.

### IV. Redactions

Redactions are disfavored as the FOIA's exemptions are exclusive and must be narrowly construed. Am. Immigration Lawyers Ass 'n v. Exec. Office for Immigration Review (AILA), 830 F.3d 667, 676-79 (D.C. Cir. 2016). If a record contains information responsive to a FOIA request, then Department of State must disclose the entire record; a single record cannot be split into responsive and non-responsive bits. Id.; see also Parker v. United States DOJ, 278 F. Supp. 3d 446, 451 (D.D.C. 2017). Consequently, Department of State should produce email attachments.

In connection with this request, and to comply with your legal obligations:

- Please search all locations and systems likely to have responsive records, regardless of format, medium, or physical characteristics.
- In conducting your search, please construe the term "record" in the broadest possible sense, to include any written, typed, recorded, graphic, printed, or audio material of any kind. We seek all records, including electronic records, audiotapes, videotapes, and photographs, as well as texts, letters, emails, facsimiles, telephone messages, voice mail messages, and transcripts, notes, or minutes of any meetings, telephone conversations, or discussions.
- Our request includes any attachments to those records or other materials enclosed with a record when transmitted. If an email is responsive to our request, then our request includes all prior messages sent or received in that email chain, as well as any attachments.
- Please search all relevant records or systems containing records regarding agency business. Do not exclude records regarding agency business contained in files, email accounts, or devices in the personal custody of your officials, such as personal email accounts or text messages. Records of official business conducted using unofficial systems or stored outside of official files are subject to the Federal Records Act and FOIA. It is not adequate to rely on policies and

procedures that require officials to move such information to official systems within a certain period of time; AFL has a right to records contained in those files even if material has not yet been moved to official systems or if officials have, by intent or through negligence, failed to meet their obligations.

- Please use all tools available to your agency to conduct a complete and efficient search for potentially responsive records. Agencies are subject to governmentwide requirements to manage agency information electronically, and many agencies have adopted the National Archives and Records Administration ("NARA") Capstone program, or similar policies. These systems provide options for searching emails and other electronic records in a manner that is reasonably likely to be more complete than just searching individual custodian files. For example, a custodian may have deleted a responsive email from his or her email program, but your agency's archiving tools may capture that email under Capstone. At the same time, custodian searches are still necessary; you may not have direct access to files stored in .PST files, outside of network drives, in paper format, or in personal email accounts.
- If some portions of the requested records are properly exempt from disclosure, please disclose any reasonably segregable non-exempt portions of the requested records. If a request is denied in whole, please state specifically why it is not reasonable to segregate portions of the record for release.
- Please take appropriate steps to ensure that records responsive to this request are not deleted by the agency before the completion of processing for this request. If records potentially responsive to this request are likely to be located on systems where they are subject to potential deletion, including on a scheduled basis, please take steps to prevent that deletion, including, as appropriate, by instituting a litigation hold on those records.

## V. Fee Waiver Request

Per 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(4)(A)(iii) and 32 C.F.R. § 286.12, AFL requests a waiver of all search and duplication fees associated with this request.

First, AFL is a qualified non-commercial public education and news media requester. AFL is a new organization, but it has already demonstrated its commitment to the public disclosure of documents and creation of editorial content through regular substantive analyses posted to its website. For example, its officials routinely appear on national television and use social media platforms to disseminate the information it has obtained about federal government activities. In this case, AFL will make your records and your responses publicly available for the benefit of citizens, scholars, and others. The public's understanding of your policies and practices will be enhanced

through AFL's analysis and publication of the requested records. As a nonprofit organization, AFL does not have a commercial purpose and the release of the information requested is not in AFL's financial interest. Other agencies, including the Departments of Education, Energy, Interior, and Homeland Security, and the Office of the Director of National Intelligence have previously granted AFL a fee waiver.

Second, waiver is proper as disclosure of the requested information is "in the public interest because it is likely to contribute significantly to public understanding of operations or activities of the government." The sudden and abrupt withdraw of forces from a country where the United States has maintained a presence for nearly 20 years, the rapid collapse of the local government to an international terrorist organization in the matter of days, and the Biden Administration's inept response has made this an issue of intense public interest.

## VI. Request for Expedited Processing

AFL seeks expedited processing of requests A, B, I, and J.

Your regulations provide that you will grant expedited processing requests that demonstrate a "compelling need." You define "compelling need" as existing, *inter alia*, if the information is urgently needed by an individual primarily engaged in disseminating information in order to inform the public concerning actual or alleged Federal government activity." As demonstrated above, both criteria are met here.

First, AFL is an organization primarily engaged in disseminating information to the public. We intend to disseminate the information we receive and our analysis about this request to the public and to other members of the press.

Second, the Biden Administration claims more than 123,000 people, including about 6,000 American citizens, have been evacuated from Afghanistan.<sup>5</sup> However, the evacuation has been chaotic, poorly planned, and badly executed.<sup>6</sup> The Biden Administration turned over Kabul to the Taliban, giving it operational control over access to the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> 32 C.F.R. § 286.8(e).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> *Id*.

 $<sup>^5</sup>$  Transcript of Statement of  $Anthony\ Blinken\ on\ Afghanistan,$  The New York Times (Aug. 30, 2021) https://www.nytimes.com/2021/08/31/us/politics/blinken-afghanistan-speech.html

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Molly Hennessy-Fiske, Americans Faced Taliban, Airport Chaos in Scramble to Evacuate Afghanistan, Los Angeles Times (Aug 18, 2021), https://www.latimes.com/world-nation/story/2021-08-18/american-c-struggle-to-leave-afghanistan; Lauren Leatherby, Jim Huylebroek, Scott Reinhard & Sarah KerrAug, The Dangerous Road to the Kabul Airport, The New York Times (Aug. 18, 2021), https://www.nytimes.com/interactive/2021/08/18/world/asia/kabul-airport-afghanistan-maps.html ("While American forces have taken control of Kabul's airport, chaos dominates just outside. As thousands desperately try to flee Afghanistan, Taliban fighters have blocked entrances, fired rifles and beaten some people in the crowds.").

Kabul airport and lists of U.S. Citizens and Afghan human assets. Generally speaking, only individuals the Taliban allowed to leave Afghanistan were able to do so.

Yet the Biden government has not transparently disclosed the vetting and screening process used to ensure evacuees do not pose a security risk. The lack of transparency is problematic first because this Administration has repeatedly disregarded U.S. immigration laws,<sup>8</sup> and second because it has, over a period of months, repeatedly misrepresented the facts on the ground. The Biden credibility gap is wide and deep with respect to Afghanistan, immigration enforcement, and respect for the rule of law. Accordingly, there is an urgent need for immediate disclosure of the measures being taken to verify identities, to vet for terror ties, and to protect American Citizens here at home.<sup>9</sup>

Finally, there is a high likelihood that the information AFL seeks in the above-specified requests will be rendered stale once foreign nationals are granted admission to the United States. Given that the processing of many tens of thousands foreign nationals for admission to the United States is apparently still in process, the requested records are needed urgently to inform the public and policy makers about the processes and criteria this Administration is using to screen and vet potential security risks, and to ensure applicable laws and regulations are being followed.

### VI. Production

To accelerate release of responsive records, AFL welcomes production on an agreed rolling basis. If possible, please provide responsive records in an electronic format by email. Alternatively, records in native format or in PDF format on a USB drive.

7

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Aaron Blake, The Biden administration's increasingly muddy denials on giving the Taliban lists, THE WASHINGTON POST (Aug. 30, 2021) https://www.msn.com/en-us/news/us/the-biden-administration-e2-80-99s-increasingly-muddy-denials-on-giving-the-taliban-lists/ar-AANU3cH?ocid=uxbndlbing; Jerry Dunleavy, White House: Taliban Setting Up More Entry Points Beyond Perimeter to Stop ISIS-K Attacks, THE WASHINGTON EXAMINER (Aug. 23, 2021) https://news.yahoo.com/white-house-taliban-setting-more-17060 0073.html; Taliban Captured Key US Military Biometric Devices: Report, The Times of India (Aug. 19, 2021), https://timesofindia.indiatimes.com/world/us/taliban-captured-key-us-military-biometric-devices-report/articleshow/85445501.cms.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> America First Legal Foundation, AFL Files FOIAs Demanding Answers about the Biden Administration's Implementation of Catch-and-Release and Other Open Border Policies (July 27, 2021), https://www.aflegal.org/news/afl-files-foias-demanding-answers-about-the-biden-administrations-implementation-of-catch-and-release-and-other-open-border-policies

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> According to CNN, "The approach from the administration has been 'get as many people on the plane as you can, and we'll sort out the (immigration visa) stuff later". Geneva Sands and Evan Perez, Arriving Afghans Without Paperwork Prompt Delays and Security Challenges, CNN (Aug. 21, 2021), https://www.cnn.com/2021/08/25/politics/arriving-afghans-paperwork-delays-security/index.html. Compare Lizzie Dearden, Paris Attacks: Some Jihadists 'Took Advantage of Refugee Crisis to Slip into Europe', French Prime Minister Says, The Independent (Nov. 20, 2015), https://www.independent.co.uk/news/world/europe/paris-attacks-some-jihadists-took-advantage-refugee-crisis-slip-europe-french-prime-minister-says-a6741466.html.

Please send any responsive records being transmitted by mail to America First Legal Foundation, 600 14<sup>th</sup> Street NW, 5<sup>th</sup> Floor, Washington, D.C. 20005.

## VII. Conclusion

If you have any questions about how to construe this request for records or believe further discussions regarding search and processing would facilitate a more efficient production of records of interest to AFL, please do not hesitate to contact me at <u>FOIA@aflegal.org</u>. Finally, if AFL's request for a fee waiver is not granted in full, please contact us immediately upon making that determination.

Thank you,

/s/ Reed D. Rubinstein
Reed D. Rubinstein
America First Legal Foundation



### **DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE**

FREEDOM OF INFORMATION DIVISION 1155 DEFENSE PENTAGON WASHINGTON, DC 20301-1155

> Ref: 21-F-1477 August 31, 2021

Mr. Gene Hamilton America First Legal 600 14th Street NW 5th Floor Washington, District of Columbia 20005

Dear Mr. Hamilton:

This is an interim response to your August 31, 2021 Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) request, a copy of which is enclosed for your convenience. We received your request on August 31, 2021, and assigned it FOIA case number 21-F-1477. We ask that you use this number when referring to your request.

Upon review of your request, we are granting expedited processing in accordance with our Department of Defense (DoD) Regulation found at 32 CFR Part 286. Your request has been placed in our expedited processing queue and is currently being worked. We have initiated the necessary search actions with the appropriate components of the Office of the Secretary of Defense (OSD).

For your awareness, please understand that the granting of expedited processing does not provide for a guarantee that your request will be completed by a certain date, as all of our required procedures for searching and reviewing any records located must be followed. In fact, although we have already begun processing your request, we will not be able to respond within the FOIA's 20-day statutory time period as there are unusual circumstances which impact our ability to quickly process your request. The FOIA defines unusual circumstances as (a) the need to search for and collect records from a facility geographically separated from this office; (b) the potential volume of records responsive to your request; and (c) the need for consultation with one or more other agencies or DoD components having a substantial interest in either the determination or the subject matter of the records. At least one, if not more of these scenarios applies or would likely apply to your request. While this office handles FOIA requests for OSD, the Joint Staff (JS) and other component offices, we do not actually hold their records and our office is not geographically located with these organizations. As we do not hold the records, until the required record searches are complete, we are unable to estimate the potential volume of records or the number of consultations that will be required to make a release determination. These circumstances impact the total time required to process your request to completion, so placing your request at the top of the FOIA queue, simply means that the work of processing your request is underway.

If you have requested a fee waiver, please note that decisions to waive or reduce fees are made on a case-by-case basis, and we will make a determination concerning your fee waiver request at the conclusion of the search and assessment of responsive records, should they exist. However, this office will only assess fees if we provide the final response to your FOIA

request within the statutory time allotted by the FOIA or if the responsive records total more than 5,000 pages, even after a good faith effort on our part to limit the scope of your request.

In some instances, we have found that requesters who narrow the scope of their requests experience a reduction in the time needed to process their requests. If you wish to narrow the scope of your request or have questions about the foregoing, please do not hesitate to contact your Action Officer, Michael Coen, at michael.e.coen2.civ@mail.mil or 571-372-0413.

Please note that this request should be sent to the United States Army, Air force and Navy. These services operates their own FOIA programs and also would have cognizance over the information you have requested. For your convenience, contact information for these services are provided below:

U.S. Army Freedom of Information Act Office Records Management and Declassification Agency 9301 Chapek Rd. Bldg 1458 Fort Belvoir, VA 22060

Department of the Air Force SAF/AAII (FOIA) 1000 Air Force Pentagon Washington, DC 20330-1000

SECNAV/CNO FOIA Office Chief of Naval Operations (DNS-36) 2000 Navy Pentagon Washington, DC 20350-2000

Additionally, if you have concerns about service received by our office, please contact a member of our Leadership Team at 571-372-0498 or Toll Free at 866-574-4970.

Should you wish to inquire about mediation services, you may contact the OSD/JS FOIA Public Liaison, Tonya R. Fuentes, at 571-372-0462 or by email at OSD.FOIALiaison@mail.mil, or the Office of Government Information Services (OGIS) at the National Archives and Records Administration. The contact information for OGIS is as follows:

Office of Government Information Services National Archives and Records Administration 8601 Adelphi Road-OGIS College Park, MD 20740 E-mail: ogis@nara.gov

Telephone: 202-741-5770

Fax: 202-741-5769

Toll-free: 1-877-684-6448

We regret the delay in responding to your request and appreciate your patience. As previously stated, please contact the Action Officer assigned to your request, Michael Coen, and reference FOIA case number 21-F-1477, if you have any questions or concerns.

Sincerely,

Stephen L. Fisher
Stephanie L. Carr
For Chief

Enclosure:

As stated

# EXHIBIT 4



August 31, 2021

## VIA DHS PAL & ELECTRONIC MAIL - FOIA@HQ.DHS.GOV

U.S. Department of Homeland Security Privacy Office, Mail Stop 0655 2707 Martin Luther King Jr. AVE SE Washington, DC 20528-065

Freedom of Information Act Request: Evacuations from Afghanistan.

Dear FOIA Officer:

America First Legal Foundation ("AFL") is a national, nonprofit organization. AFL works to promote the rule of law in the United States, prevent executive overreach, ensure due process and equal protection for all Americans, and promote knowledge and understanding of the law and individual rights guaranteed under the Constitution and laws of the United States.

## I. Introduction

For months, the Biden Administration assured Americans it had matters well in hand in Afghanistan, and that the terrorists were not about to take over. For example, at President Biden's July 8, 2021, press conference, he said:

Q. Is a Taliban takeover of Afghanistan now inevitable?

THE PRESIDENT: No, it is not.

Q. Why?

THE PRESIDENT: Because you — the Afghan troops have 300,000 well-equipped — as well-equipped as any army in the world — and an air force against something like 75,000 Taliban. It is not inevitable.

\* \* \* \*

Q. Mr. President, thank you very much. Your own intelligence community has assessed that the Afghan government will likely collapse.

THE PRESIDENT: That is not true. <sup>1</sup>

These assurances were false.<sup>2</sup>

The Taliban is now in control, and the United States has completely withdrawn its military and diplomatic presence from Afghanistan. The Biden government claims to have evacuated over 120,000 individuals from Afghanistan, but its planning has been inept, its execution chaotic, and its reporting and transparency lacking in detail. It has withheld critical facts, including, among other things, the number of American citizens still in Afghanistan, the nationalities of all those evacuated, the locations of all non-citizens granted admission to the United States, the immigration status—or lack thereof—of all non-citizens, and the process, procedures, and criteria used for vetting and screening evacuees for security and other risks.

AFL's mission includes promoting government transparency and accountability by gathering official information, analyzing it, and disseminating it through reports, press releases, and/or other media, including social media platforms, to educate the public. At the core of this mission is keeping government officials accountable for their duty to faithfully execute the laws and protect and defend the Constitution and laws of the United States and to inform the public as to who the government is allowing entry to the country unscreened. Therefore, under the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA), 5 U.S.C. § 552, AFL hereby requests the following records within twenty business days.

### II. Definitions

"U.S. Citizen" means a natural born or naturalized citizen of the United States of America.

"INL Air Wing" means Bureau of International Narcotics and Law Enforcement Affairs Office of Aviation, its employees, contractors, vehicles, and aircraft, all as more particularly described at https://www.state.gov/aviation-support/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The White House, Remarks by President Biden on the Drawdown of U.S. Forces in Afghanistan (July 8, 2021) https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/speeches-remarks/2021/07/08/remarks-by-president-biden-on-the-drawdown-of-u-s-forces-in-afghanistan/.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The evidence is the Biden Administration knew, or should have known, these assurances were false at the time they were made. See, e.g., Dep't of Defense, Lead Inspector General, Quarterly Report to the U.S. Congress on Operation Freedom's Sentinel (OFS), April 1, 2021 – June 30, 2021 at 3, 18, 22-25 (Aug. 17, 2021) https://media.defense.gov/2021/Aug/17/2002832926/-1/-1/1/LEAD%20INSPECTOR%20GENERAL%20FOR%20OPERATION%20FREEDOM%E2%80%99S%20SENTI-

NEL%20I%20QUARTERLY%20REPORT%20TO%20THE%20UNITED%20STATES%20CON-

GRESS%20I%20APRIL%201,%202021%20-%20JUNE%2030,%202021.PDF; Joseph Clark, *Biden Administration Ignored Warnings on Afghanistan, Leaked State Dept. Cable Shows*, THE WASHINGTON TIMES (Aug. 21, 2021), https://www.washingtontimes.com/news/2021/aug/20/state-department-cable-shows-biden-administration-/;.

"National Vetting Center" means the Center created pursuant to National Security Presidential Memorandum (NSPM)-9, *Optimizing the Use of Federal Government Information in the Support of the National Vetting Enterprise* and more particularly described at https://www.cbp.gov/border-security/ports-entry/national-vetting-center

"Non-U.S. person" means an alien as defined by 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(3).

"Parole authority" means the authority granted under 8 U.S.C. § 1182(d)(5).

"Refugee" has the meaning assigned to it by 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(42).

"Special Immigrant Visa" means Special Immigrant Visas for Iraqi and Afghan Translators/Interpreters as defined by Public Law 109-163, and subsequent amendments, and as detailed on the State Department's website at https://travel.state.gov/content/travel/en/us-visas/immigrate/siv-iraqi-afghan-translators-interpreters.html#references.

## III. Requested Records

- A. All records that mention or reference screening or vetting individuals being evacuated from Kabul and/or Afghanistan in the possession of the following custodians:
  - 1. Secretary Alejandro Mayorkas
  - 2. Deputy Secretary John Tien
  - 3. Karen Olick
  - 4. Any Deputy Chief of Staff to the Secretary
  - 5. Any Counselor or Senior Counselor to the Secretary
  - 6. Kimberly O'Connor
  - 7. Randolph D. "Tex" Alles
  - 8. Shonnie Lyon
  - 9. John D. Cohen
  - 10. Robert Silvers
  - 11. Kelli Ann Burriesci
  - 12. David Shahoulian
  - 13. Samantha Vinograd
  - 14. Serena Hoy
  - 15. Marsha Espinosa
  - 16. Meira Bernstein
  - 17. Heather Fluit
  - 18. Chris Tomney
  - 19. Jennifer Daskal
  - 20. Robert J. Fenton

The timeframe for this request is August 12, 2021, to August 31, 2021.

- B. All records related to DHS providing any other government partner any information on the identity of any person who boarded a U.S. operated aircraft leaving Afghanistan between August 10, 2021, and August 31, 2021.
- C. For any non-U.S. person evacuated by the United States out of Afghanistan between August 10, 2021, and August 31, 2021, records sufficient to show each person's application status (as a refugee, SIV, or otherwise) on the date that they were evacuated.
- D. All records that mention or reference screening, vetting, or processing for individuals seeking evacuation or resettlement out of Kabul, Afghanistan, or KBL. The time frame for this request is July 1, 2021, to the date this records request is processed.
- E. For the custodians referenced in request A above, all records that mention or reference the Department of Homeland Security's parole authority and/or paroling Afghans into the United States pursuant thereto. The time frame for this request is August 10, 2021, to August 31, 2021.
- F. All records of communications with, or that mention or reference, the National Vetting Center, and (1) contain the words "Kabul", "Afghan", "Bagram", or "KBL" or (2) refer to a person from Afghanistan seeking evacuation from and/or admission to the United States. The time frame for this request is July 1, 2021, to the date this records request is processed.
- G. All records of communications with, or that mention or reference coordination with the Department of Defense or the Department of State to screen or vet a person from Afghanistan seeking evacuation from Afghanistan and/or admission into the United States. The time frame for this request is July 1, 2021, to the date this records request is processed.
- H. Records sufficient to show (1) the number of U.S. Citizens evacuated or otherwise removed from Afghanistan, (2) the number non-U.S. persons evacuated or otherwise removed from Afghanistan and admitted or seeking admission into the United States, and (3) the number of non-U.S. persons identified as posing a potential security risk. The time frame for this request is March 1, 2021, to the date this records request is processed.
- I. Records sufficient to show the number of individuals evacuated from Afghanistan by nationality. The time frame for this request July 1, 2021, to the date this records request is processed.

J. All records in the possession of any custodian identified in request A that mention or refer to—including the development or drafting of—the memo titled "Guidance for the Immigration Processing of Afghan Citizens During Operation Allies Refuge" dated August 23, 2021, sent from Secretary Mayorkas to Acting Commissioner Troy Miller.

### IV. Redactions

Redactions are disfavored as the FOIA's exemptions are exclusive and must be narrowly construed. Am. Immigration Lawyers Ass 'n v. Exec. Office for Immigration Review (AILA), 830 F.3d 667, 676-79 (D.C. Cir. 2016). If a record contains information responsive to a FOIA request, then Department of State must disclose the entire record; a single record cannot be split into responsive and non-responsive bits. Id.; see also Parker v. United States DOJ, 278 F. Supp. 3d 446, 451 (D.D.C. 2017). Consequently, Department of State should produce email attachments.

In connection with this request, and to comply with your legal obligations:

- Please search all locations and systems likely to have responsive records, regardless of format, medium, or physical characteristics.
- In conducting your search, please construe the term "record" in the broadest possible sense, to include any written, typed, recorded, graphic, printed, or audio material of any kind. We seek all records, including electronic records, audiotapes, videotapes, and photographs, as well as texts, letters, emails, facsimiles, telephone messages, voice mail messages, and transcripts, notes, or minutes of any meetings, telephone conversations, or discussions.
- Our request includes any attachments to those records or other materials enclosed with a record when transmitted. If an email is responsive to our request, then our request includes all prior messages sent or received in that email chain, as well as any attachments.
- Please search all relevant records or systems containing records regarding agency business. Do not exclude records regarding agency business contained in files, email accounts, or devices in the personal custody of your officials, such as personal email accounts or text messages. Records of official business conducted using unofficial systems or stored outside of official files are subject to the Federal Records Act and FOIA. It is not adequate to rely on policies and procedures that require officials to move such information to official systems within a certain period of time; AFL has a right to records contained in those files even if material has not yet been moved to official systems or if officials have, by intent or through negligence, failed to meet their obligations.

- Please use all tools available to your agency to conduct a complete and efficient search for potentially responsive records. Agencies are subject to governmentwide requirements to manage agency information electronically, and many agencies have adopted the National Archives and Records Administration ("NARA") Capstone program, or similar policies. These systems provide options for searching emails and other electronic records in a manner that is reasonably likely to be more complete than just searching individual custodian files. For example, a custodian may have deleted a responsive email from his or her email program, but your agency's archiving tools may capture that email under Capstone. At the same time, custodian searches are still necessary; you may not have direct access to files stored in .PST files, outside of network drives, in paper format, or in personal email accounts.
- If some portions of the requested records are properly exempt from disclosure, please disclose any reasonably segregable non-exempt portions of the requested records. If a request is denied in whole, please state specifically why it is not reasonable to segregate portions of the record for release.
- Please take appropriate steps to ensure that records responsive to this request are not deleted by the agency before the completion of processing for this request. If records potentially responsive to this request are likely to be located on systems where they are subject to potential deletion, including on a scheduled basis, please take steps to prevent that deletion, including, as appropriate, by instituting a litigation hold on those records.

## V. Fee Waiver Request

Per 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(4)(A)(iii) and 6 C.F.R. § 5.11, AFL requests a waiver of all search and duplication fees associated with this request.

First, AFL is a qualified non-commercial public education and news media requester. AFL is a new organization, but it has already demonstrated its commitment to the public disclosure of documents and creation of editorial content through regular substantive analyses posted to its website. For example, its officials routinely appear on national television and use social media platforms to disseminate the information it has obtained about federal government activities. In this case, AFL will make your records and your responses publicly available for the benefit of citizens, scholars, and others. The public's understanding of your policies and practices will be enhanced through AFL's analysis and publication of the requested records. As a nonprofit organization, AFL does not have a commercial purpose and the release of the information requested is not in AFL's financial interest. Other agencies, including the Departments of Education, Energy, Interior, and Homeland Security, and the Office of the Director of National Intelligence have previously granted AFL a fee waiver.

Second, waiver is proper as disclosure of the requested information is "in the public interest because it is likely to contribute significantly to public understanding of operations or activities of the government." The sudden and abrupt withdraw of forces from a country where the United States has maintained a presence for nearly 20 years, the rapid collapse of the local government to an international terrorist organization in the matter of days, and the Biden Administration's inept response has made this an issue of intense public interest.

### VI. Request for Expedited Processing

AFL seeks expedited processing of requests A, B, E, and J.

Your regulations provide that you will grant expedited processing requests that demonstrate a "compelling need." You define "compelling need" as existing, *inter alia*, if the information is urgently needed by an individual primarily engaged in disseminating information in order to inform the public concerning actual or alleged Federal government activity." As demonstrated above, both criteria are met here.

First, AFL is an organization primarily engaged in disseminating information to the public. We intend to disseminate the information we receive and our analysis about this request to the public and to other members of the press.

Second, the Biden Administration claims more than 123,000 people, including about 6,000 American citizens, have been evacuated from Afghanistan.<sup>5</sup> However, the evacuation has been chaotic, poorly planned, and badly executed.<sup>6</sup> The Biden Administration turned over Kabul to the Taliban, giving it operational control over access to the Kabul airport and lists of U.S. Citizens and Afghan human assets.<sup>7</sup> Generally speaking, only individuals the Taliban allowed to leave Afghanistan were able to do so.

<sup>5</sup> Transcript of Statement of Anthony Blinken on Afghanistan, THE NEW YORK TIMES (Aug. 30, 2021) https://www.nytimes.com/2021/08/31/us/politics/blinken-afghanistan-speech.html

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> 6 C.F.R. § 5.5.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> *Id*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Molly Hennessy-Fiske, Americans Faced Taliban, Airport Chaos in Scramble to Evacuate Afghanistan, Los Angeles Times (Aug 18, 2021), https://www.latimes.com/world-nation/story/2021-08-18/american-c-struggle-to-leave-afghanistan; Lauren Leatherby, Jim Huylebroek, Scott Reinhard & Sarah KerrAug, The Dangerous Road to the Kabul Airport, The New York Times (Aug. 18, 2021), https://www.nytimes.com/interactive/2021/08/18/world/asia/kabul-airport-afghanistan-maps.html ("While American forces have taken control of Kabul's airport, chaos dominates just outside. As thousands desperately try to flee Afghanistan, Taliban fighters have blocked entrances, fired rifles and beaten some people in the crowds.").

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Aaron Blake, The Biden administration's increasingly muddy denials on giving the Taliban lists, THE WASHINGTON POST (Aug. 30, 2021) https://www.msn.com/en-us/news/us/the-biden-administration-e2-80-99s-increasingly-muddy-denials-on-giving-the-taliban-lists/ar-AANU3cH?ocid=uxbndlbing; Jerry Dunleavy, White House: Taliban Setting Up More Entry Points Beyond Perimeter to Stop

Yet the Biden government has not transparently disclosed the vetting and screening process used to ensure evacuees do not pose a security risk. The lack of transparency is problematic first because this Administration has repeatedly disregarded U.S. immigration laws,<sup>8</sup> and second because it has, over a period of months, repeatedly misrepresented the facts on the ground. The Biden credibility gap is wide and deep with respect to Afghanistan, immigration enforcement, and respect for the rule of law. Accordingly, there is an urgent need for immediate disclosure of the measures being taken to verify identities, to vet for terror ties, and to protect American Citizens here at home.<sup>9</sup>

Finally, there is a high likelihood that the information AFL seeks in the above-specified requests will be rendered stale once foreign nationals are granted admission to the United States. Given that the processing of many tens of thousands foreign nationals for admission to the United States is apparently still in process, the requested records are needed urgently to inform the public and policy makers about the processes and criteria this Administration is using to screen and vet potential security risks, and to ensure applicable laws and regulations are being followed.

### VI. Production

To accelerate release of responsive records, AFL welcomes production on an agreed rolling basis. If possible, please provide responsive records in an electronic format by email. Alternatively, records in native format or in PDF format on a USB drive. Please send any responsive records being transmitted by mail to America First Legal Foundation, 600 14<sup>th</sup> Street NW, 5<sup>th</sup> Floor, Washington, D.C. 20005.

\_

ISIS-K Attacks, THE WASHINGTON EXAMINER (Aug. 23, 2021) https://news.yahoo.com/white-house-tal-iban-setting-more-17060 0073.html; Taliban Captured Key US Military Biometric Devices: Report, The Times of India (Aug. 19, 2021), https://timesofindia.indiatimes.com/world/us/taliban-captured-key-us-military-biometric-devices-report/articleshow/85445501.cms.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> America First Legal Foundation, AFL Files FOIAs Demanding Answers about the Biden Administration's Implementation of Catch-and-Release and Other Open Border Policies (July 27, 2021), https://www.aflegal.org/news/afl-files-foias-demanding-answers-about-the-biden-administrations-implementation-of-catch-and-release-and-other-open-border-policies

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> According to CNN, "The approach from the administration has been 'get as many people on the plane as you can, and we'll sort out the (immigration visa) stuff later". Geneva Sands and Evan Perez, Arriving Afghans Without Paperwork Prompt Delays and Security Challenges, CNN (Aug. 21, 2021), https://www.cnn.com/2021/08/25/politics/arriving-afghans-paperwork-delays-security/index.html. Compare Lizzie Dearden, Paris Attacks: Some Jihadists 'Took Advantage of Refugee Crisis to Slip into Europe', French Prime Minister Says, The Independent (Nov. 20, 2015), https://www.independent.co.uk/news/world/europe/paris-attacks-some-jihadists-took-advantage-refugee-crisis-slip-europe-french-prime-minister-says-a6741466.html.

## VII. Conclusion

If you have any questions about how to construe this request for records or believe further discussions regarding search and processing would facilitate a more efficient production of records of interest to AFL, please do not hesitate to contact me at <u>FOIA@aflegal.org</u>. Finally, if AFL's request for a fee waiver is not granted in full, please contact us immediately upon making that determination.

Thank you,

/s/ Reed D. Rubinstein
Reed D. Rubinstein
America First Legal Foundation

U.S. Department of Homeland Security Washington, D.C. 20528



Privacy Office, Mail Stop 0655

September 17, 2021

### SENT VIA E-MAIL TO: info@aflegal.org

Reed Rubinstein 600 14th St. NW, 5th Floor Washington, DC 20005

Re: 2021-HQFO-01432

Dear Mr. Rubinstein:

This letter acknowledges receipt of your Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) request to the Department of Homeland Security (DHS), dated August 31, 2021, and to your request for expedited handling and a waiver of all assessable FOIA fees. Our office received your request on August 31, 2021. Specifically, you requested:

A. All records that mention or reference screening or vetting individuals being evacuated from Kabul and/or Afghanistan in the possession of the following custodians:

- 1. Secretary Alejandro Mayorkas
- 2. Deputy Secretary John Tien
- 3. Karen Olick
- 4. Any Deputy Chief of Staff to the Secretary
- 5. Any Counselor or Senior Counselor to the Secretary
- 6. Kimberly O'Connor
- 7. Randolph D. "Tex" Alles
- 8. Shonnie Lyon
- 9. John D. Cohen
- 10. Robert Silvers
- 11. Kelli Ann Burriesci
- 12. David Shahoulian
- 13. Samantha Vinograd
- 14. Serena Hoy
- 15. Marsha Espinosa
- 16. Meira Bernstein
- 17. Heather Fluit
- 18. Chris Tomney
- 19. Jennifer Daskal
- 20. Robert J. Fenton

The timeframe for this request is August 12, 2021, to August 31, 2021.

- B. All records related to DHS providing any other government partner any information on the identity of any person who boarded a U.S. operated aircraft leaving Afghanistan between August 10, 2021, and August 31, 2021.
- C. For any non-U.S. person evacuated by the United States out of Afghanistan between August 10, 2021, and August 31, 2021, records sufficient to show each person's application status (as a refugee, SIV, or otherwise) on the date that they were evacuated.
- D. All records that mention or reference screening, vetting, or processing for individuals seeking evacuation or resettlement out of Kabul, Afghanistan, or KBL.

The time frame for this request is July 1, 2021, to the date this records request is processed.

- E. For the custodians referenced in request A above, all records that mention or reference the Department of Homeland Security's parole authority and/or paroling Afghans into the United States pursuant thereto. The time frame for this request is August 10, 2021, to August 31, 2021.
- F. All records of communications with, or that mention or reference, the National Vetting Center, and (1) contain the words "Kabul", "Afghan", "Bagram", or "KBL" or (2) refer to a person from Afghanistan seeking evacuation from and/or admission to the United States. The time frame for this request is July 1, 2021, to the date this records request is processed.
- G. All records of communications with, or that mention or reference coordination with the Department of Defense or the Department of State to screen or vet a person from Afghanistan seeking evacuation from Afghanistan and/or admission into the United States. The time frame for this request is July 1, 2021, to the date this records request is processed.
- H. Records sufficient to show (1) the number of U.S. Citizens evacuated or otherwise removed from Afghanistan, (2) the number non-U.S. persons evacuated or otherwise removed from Afghanistan and admitted or seeking admission into the United States, and (3) the number of non-U.S. persons identified as posing a potential security risk. The time frame for this request is March 1, 2021, to the date this records request is processed.
- I. Records sufficient to show the number of individuals evacuated from Afghanistan by nationality. The time frame for this request July 1, 2021, to the date this records request is processed.
- J. All records in the possession of any custodian identified in request A that mention or refer to—including the development or drafting of—the memo titled "Guidance for the Immigration Processing of Afghan Citizens During Operation Allies Refuge" dated August 23, 2021, sent from Secretary Mayorkas to Acting Commissioner Troy Miller.

Your request for expedited treatment is hereby granted.

Furthermore, due to the subject matter of your request, I am transferring **items B, C, G, H and I** of this request to the FOIA Officer for **U.S. Citizenship & Immigration Services (USCIS)**, for processing under the FOIA and direct response to you. Please find their contact information below:

### **U.S. Citizenship & Immigration Services (USCIS)**

Create an account to avoid delays! <u>FIRST</u> National Records Center, FOIA/PA Office P. O. Box 648010

Lee's Summit, MO. 64064-8010

Phone: 1-800-375-5283 (USCIS Contact Center) | Fax: 816-350-5785 | E-mail:

uscis.foia@uscis.dhs.gov

**USCIS** Website

Due to the increasing number of FOIA requests received by this office, we may encounter some delay in processing your request. Consistent with 6 C.F.R. Part 5 § 5.5(a) of the DHS FOIA regulations, the Department processes FOIA requests according to their order of receipt. Although DHS' goal is to respond within 20 business days of receipt of your request, FOIA does permit a 10-day extension of this time period in certain circumstances under 6 C.F.R. Part 5 § 5.5(c). As your request seeks documents that will require a thorough and wide-ranging search, DHS will invoke a 10-day extension for your request pursuant to 6 C.F.R. Part 5 § 5.5(c). If you would like to narrow the scope of your request, please contact our office. We will make every effort to comply with your request in a timely manner.

You have requested a fee waiver. The DHS FOIA regulations at 6 C.F.R. Part 5 § 5.11(k) set forth six factors DHS must evaluate to determine whether the applicable legal standard for a fee waiver has been met: (1) Whether the subject of the requested records concerns "the operations or activities of the government," (2) Whether the disclosure is "likely to contribute" to an understanding of government operations or activities, (3) Whether disclosure of the requested information will contribute to the understanding of the public at large, as opposed to the individual understanding of the requester or a narrow segment of interested persons, (4) Whether the contribution to public understanding of government operations or activities will be "significant," (5) Whether the requester has a commercial interest that would be furthered by the requested disclosure, and (6) Whether the magnitude of any identified commercial interest to the requester is sufficiently large in comparison with the public interest in disclosure, that disclosure is primarily in the commercial interest of the requester.

Upon review of the subject matter of your request, and an evaluation of the six factors identified above, DHS has determined that it will conditionally grant your request for a fee waiver. The fee waiver determination will be based upon a sampling of the responsive documents received from the various DHS program offices as a result of the searches conducted in response to your FOIA request. DHS will, pursuant to DHS FOIA regulations applicable to media requesters, process the first 100 pages free of charge. If upon review of these documents, DHS determines that the disclosure of the information contained in those documents does not meet the factors permitting DHS to waive the fees, then DHS will at that time either deny your request for a fee waiver entirely, or will allow for a percentage reduction in the amount of the fees corresponding to the

amount of relevant material found that meets the factors allowing for a fee waiver. In either case, DHS will promptly notify you of its final decision regarding your request for a fee waiver and provide you with the responsive records as required by applicable law.

In the event that your fee waiver is denied, and you determine that you still want the records, provisions of the FOIA allow us to recover part of the cost of complying with your request. We shall charge you for records in accordance with the DHS FOIA regulations as they apply to media requesters. As a media requester you will be charged 10 cents per page for duplication; the first 100 pages are free. In the event that your fee waiver is denied, we will construe the submission of your request as an agreement to pay up to \$25.00. This office will contact you before accruing any additional fees.

We have queried the appropriate component(s) of DHS for responsive records. If any responsive records are located, they will be reviewed for determination of releasability. Please be assured that one of the analysts in our office will respond to your request as expeditiously as possible. We appreciate your patience as we proceed with your request.

Your request has been assigned reference number **2021-HQFO-01432**. Please refer to this identifier in any future correspondence. The status of your FOIA request is now available online and can be accessed at: <a href="https://foiarequest.dhs.gov/app/CheckStatus.aspx">https://foiarequest.dhs.gov/app/CheckStatus.aspx</a>, by using this FOIA request number.

If you have any questions, or would like to discuss this matter, please feel free to contact this office at 1-866-431-0486 or 202-343-1743.

Sincerely,

Jimmy Wolfrey

Senior Director, FOIA Operations and Management (Acting)

# EXHIBIT 5



August 31, 2021

## VIA ELECTRONIC MAIL - FOIARequest@state.gov

Kellie Robinson, Public Liaison U. S. Department of State A/GIS/IPS/PP 2201 C Street N.W., Suite B266 Washington, D. C. 20520-0000

## Freedom of Information Act Request: Evacuations from Afghanistan.

Dear FOIA Officer:

America First Legal Foundation ("AFL") is a national, nonprofit organization. AFL works to promote the rule of law in the United States, prevent executive overreach, ensure due process and equal protection for all Americans, and promote knowledge and understanding of the law and individual rights guaranteed under the Constitution and laws of the United States.

### I. Introduction

For months, the Biden Administration assured Americans it had matters well in hand in Afghanistan, and that the terrorists were not about to take over. For example, at President Biden's July 8, 2021, press conference, he said:

Q. Is a Taliban takeover of Afghanistan now inevitable?

THE PRESIDENT: No, it is not.

Q. Why?

THE PRESIDENT: Because you — the Afghan troops have 300,000 well-equipped — as well-equipped as any army in the world — and an air force against something like 75,000 Taliban. It is not inevitable.

\* \* \* \*

Q. Mr. President, thank you very much. Your own intelligence community has assessed that the Afghan government will likely collapse.

THE PRESIDENT: That is not true. <sup>1</sup>

These assurances were false.<sup>2</sup>

The Taliban is now in control, and the United States has completely withdrawn its military and diplomatic presence from Afghanistan. The Biden government claims to have evacuated over 120,000 individuals from Afghanistan, but its planning has been inept, its execution chaotic, and its reporting and transparency lacking in detail. It has withheld critical facts, including, among other things, the number of American citizens still in Afghanistan, the nationalities of all those evacuated, the locations of all non-citizens granted admission to the United States, the immigration status—or lack thereof—of all non-citizens, and the process, procedures, and criteria used for vetting and screening evacuees for security and other risks.

AFL's mission includes promoting government transparency and accountability by gathering official information, analyzing it, and disseminating it through reports, press releases, and/or other media, including social media platforms, to educate the public. At the core of this mission is keeping government officials accountable for their duty to faithfully execute the laws and protect and defend the Constitution and laws of the United States and to inform the public as to who the government is allowing entry to the country unscreened. Therefore, under the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA), 5 U.S.C. § 552, AFL hereby requests the following records within twenty business days.

### II. Definitions

"U.S. Citizen" means a natural born or naturalized citizen of the United States of America.

"INL Air Wing" means Bureau of International Narcotics and Law Enforcement Affairs Office of Aviation, its employees, contractors, vehicles, and aircraft, all as more particularly described at https://www.state.gov/aviation-support/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The White House, Remarks by President Biden on the Drawdown of U.S. Forces in Afghanistan (July 8, 2021) https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/speeches-remarks/2021/07/08/remarks-by-president-biden-on-the-drawdown-of-u-s-forces-in-afghanistan/.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The evidence is the Biden Administration knew, or should have known, these assurances were false at the time they were made. See, e.g., Dep't of Defense, Lead Inspector General, Quarterly Report to the U.S. Congress on Operation Freedom's Sentinel (OFS), April 1, 2021 – June 30, 2021 at 3, 18, 22-25 (Aug. 17, 2021) https://media.defense.gov/2021/Aug/17/2002832926/-1/-1/1/LEAD%20INSPECTOR%20GENERAL%20FOR%20OPERATION%20FREEDOM%E2%80%99S%20SENTI-

NEL%20I%20QUARTERLY%20REPORT%20TO%20THE%20UNITED%20STATES%20CON-

GRESS%20I%20APRIL%201,%202021%20-%20JUNE%2030,%202021.PDF; Joseph Clark, *Biden Administration Ignored Warnings on Afghanistan, Leaked State Dept. Cable Shows*, THE WASHINGTON TIMES (Aug. 21, 2021), https://www.washingtontimes.com/news/2021/aug/20/state-department-cable-shows-biden-administration-/;.

"National Vetting Center" means the Center created pursuant to National Security Presidential Memorandum (NSPM)-9, *Optimizing the Use of Federal Government Information in the Support of the National Vetting Enterprise* and more particularly described at https://www.cbp.gov/border-security/ports-entry/national-vetting-center

"Non-U.S. person" means an alien as defined by 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(3).

"Parole authority" means the authority granted under 8 U.S.C. § 1182(d)(5).

"Refugee" has the meaning assigned to it by 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(42).

"Special Immigrant Visa" means Special Immigrant Visas for Iraqi and Afghan Translators/Interpreters as defined by Public Law 109-163, and subsequent amendments, and as detailed on the State Department's website at https://travel.state.gov/content/travel/en/us-visas/immigrate/siv-iraqi-afghan-translators-interpreters.html#references.

## III. Requested Records

- A. All records that mention or reference screening or vetting individuals being evacuated from Kabul and/or Afghanistan in the possession of the following custodians:
  - 1. Secretary Antony Blinken
  - 2. Deputy Secretary Wendy Sherman
  - 3. Brian P. McKeon
  - 4. Victoria Nuland
  - 5. Derek Chollet
  - 6. Rema Blitter
  - 7. Gentry Smith
  - 8. Suzy George
  - 9. Salman Ahmed
  - 10. Jalina Porter
  - 11. Ned Price
  - 12. Samantha Power
  - 13. Gabriela Chojkier
  - 14. Amy Paro
  - 15. Uzra Zeya
  - 16. Nancy Izzo Jackson
  - 17. Any person employed by, detailed to, or serving as a contractor for the INL Air Wing

The timeframe for this request is August 10, 2021, to August 31, 2021.

- B. Records sufficient to show the process the State Department used to confirm the identity of each person who boarded a U.S. operated or controlled aircraft leaving Afghanistan between August 10, 2021, and August 31, 2021.
- C. For any non-U.S. person evacuated by the United States out of Afghanistan between August 10, 2021, and August 31, 2021, records sufficient to show each person's application status (as a refugee, SIV, or otherwise) on the date that they were evacuated.
- D. All records that mention or reference screening, vetting, or processing for individuals seeking evacuation or resettlement out of Kabul, Afghanistan, or KBL. The time frame for this request is July 1, 2021, to the date this records request is processed.
- E. For the custodians referenced in request A above, all records that mention or reference the Department of Homeland Security's parole authority and/or paroling Afghans into the United States pursuant thereto. The time frame for this request is August 10, 2021, to August 31, 2021.
- F. All records of communications with, or that mention or reference, the National Vetting Center, and (1) contain the words "Kabul", "Afghan", "Bagram", or "KBL" or (2) refer to a person from Afghanistan seeking evacuation from and/or admission to the United States. The time frame for this request is July 1, 2021, to the date this records request is processed.
- G. All records of communications with, or that mention or reference coordination with the Department of Defense, the Department of Homeland Security, or the Department of Justice to screen or vet a person from Afghanistan seeking evacuation from Afghanistan and/or admission into the United States. The time frame for this request is July 1, 2021, to the date this records request is processed.
- H. All records that mention or reference (1) U.S. government property, whether military, intelligence-related, or otherwise, left behind or taken by the Taliban, or (2) any person(s) freed by or released to the Taliban. The time frame for this request is July 1, 2021, to the date this records request is processed.
- I. For the custodians identified in request A above, all records that mention or reference "Bagram" airbase. The time frame for this request is June 1, 2021, to the date this records request is processed.
- J. Records sufficient to show (1) the number of U.S. Citizens evacuated or otherwise removed from Afghanistan, (2) the number non-U.S. persons evacuated or otherwise removed from Afghanistan and admitted or seeking admission

into the United States, and (3) the number of non-U.S. persons identified as posing a potential security risk. The time frame for this request is March 1, 2021, to the date this records request is processed.

K. Records sufficient to show the number of individuals evacuated from Afghanistan by nationality. The time frame for this request July 1, 2021, to the date this records request is processed.

### IV. Redactions

Redactions are disfavored as the FOIA's exemptions are exclusive and must be narrowly construed. Am. Immigration Lawyers Ass 'n v. Exec. Office for Immigration Review (AILA), 830 F.3d 667, 676-79 (D.C. Cir. 2016). If a record contains information responsive to a FOIA request, then Department of State must disclose the entire record; a single record cannot be split into responsive and non-responsive bits. Id.; see also Parker v. United States DOJ, 278 F. Supp. 3d 446, 451 (D.D.C. 2017). Consequently, Department of State should produce email attachments.

In connection with this request, and to comply with your legal obligations:

- Please search all locations and systems likely to have responsive records, regardless of format, medium, or physical characteristics.
- In conducting your search, please construe the term "record" in the broadest possible sense, to include any written, typed, recorded, graphic, printed, or audio material of any kind. We seek all records, including electronic records, audiotapes, videotapes, and photographs, as well as texts, letters, emails, facsimiles, telephone messages, voice mail messages, and transcripts, notes, or minutes of any meetings, telephone conversations, or discussions.
- Our request includes any attachments to those records or other materials enclosed with a record when transmitted. If an email is responsive to our request, then our request includes all prior messages sent or received in that email chain, as well as any attachments.
- Please search all relevant records or systems containing records regarding agency business. Do not exclude records regarding agency business contained in files, email accounts, or devices in the personal custody of your officials, such as personal email accounts or text messages. Records of official business conducted using unofficial systems or stored outside of official files are subject to the Federal Records Act and FOIA. It is not adequate to rely on policies and procedures that require officials to move such information to official systems within a certain period of time; AFL has a right to records contained in those

files even if material has not yet been moved to official systems or if officials have, by intent or through negligence, failed to meet their obligations.

- Please use all tools available to your agency to conduct a complete and efficient search for potentially responsive records. Agencies are subject to governmentwide requirements to manage agency information electronically, and many agencies have adopted the National Archives and Records Administration ("NARA") Capstone program, or similar policies. These systems provide options for searching emails and other electronic records in a manner that is reasonably likely to be more complete than just searching individual custodian files. For example, a custodian may have deleted a responsive email from his or her email program, but your agency's archiving tools may capture that email under Capstone. At the same time, custodian searches are still necessary; you may not have direct access to files stored in .PST files, outside of network drives, in paper format, or in personal email accounts.
- If some portions of the requested records are properly exempt from disclosure, please disclose any reasonably segregable non-exempt portions of the requested records. If a request is denied in whole, please state specifically why it is not reasonable to segregate portions of the record for release.
- Please take appropriate steps to ensure that records responsive to this request are not deleted by the agency before the completion of processing for this request. If records potentially responsive to this request are likely to be located on systems where they are subject to potential deletion, including on a scheduled basis, please take steps to prevent that deletion, including, as appropriate, by instituting a litigation hold on those records.

## V. Fee Waiver Request

Per 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(4)(A)(iii) and 22 C.F.R. § 171.16, AFL requests a waiver of all search and duplication fees associated with this request.

First, AFL is a qualified non-commercial public education and news media requester. AFL is a new organization, but it has already demonstrated its commitment to the public disclosure of documents and creation of editorial content through regular substantive analyses posted to its website. For example, its officials routinely appear on national television and use social media platforms to disseminate the information it has obtained about federal government activities. In this case, AFL will make your records and your responses publicly available for the benefit of citizens, scholars, and others. The public's understanding of your policies and practices will be enhanced through AFL's analysis and publication of the requested records. As a nonprofit organization, AFL does not have a commercial purpose and the release of the infor-

mation requested is not in AFL's financial interest. Other agencies, including the Departments of Education, Energy, Interior, and Homeland Security, and the Office of the Director of National Intelligence have previously granted AFL a fee waiver.

Second, waiver is proper as disclosure of the requested information is "in the public interest because it is likely to contribute significantly to public understanding of operations or activities of the government." The sudden and abrupt withdraw of forces from a country where the United States has maintained a presence for nearly 20 years, the rapid collapse of the local government to an international terrorist organization in the matter of days, and the Biden Administration's inept response has made this an issue of intense public interest.

### VI. Request for Expedited Processing

AFL seeks expedited processing of requests A, B, J, and K.

Your regulations provide that you will grant expedited processing requests that demonstrate a "compelling need." You define "compelling need" as existing, *inter alia*, if the information is urgently needed by an individual primarily engaged in disseminating information in order to inform the public concerning actual or alleged Federal government activity." As demonstrated above, both criteria are met here.

First, AFL is an organization primarily engaged in disseminating information to the public. We intend to disseminate the information we receive and our analysis about this request to the public and to other members of the press.

Second, the Biden Administration claims more than 123,000 people, including about 6,000 American citizens, have been evacuated from Afghanistan.<sup>5</sup> However, the evacuation has been chaotic, poorly planned, and badly executed.<sup>6</sup> The Biden Administration turned over Kabul to the Taliban, giving it operational control over access to the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> 22 C.F.R. § 171.11(f).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> *Id*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Transcript of Statement of Anthony Blinken on Afghanistan, THE NEW YORK TIMES (Aug. 30, 2021) https://www.nytimes.com/2021/08/31/us/politics/blinken-afghanistan-speech.html

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Molly Hennessy-Fiske, Americans Faced Taliban, Airport Chaos in Scramble to Evacuate Afghanistan, Los Angeles Times (Aug 18, 2021), https://www.latimes.com/world-nation/story/2021-08-18/american-c-struggle-to-leave-afghanistan; Lauren Leatherby, Jim Huylebroek, Scott Reinhard & Sarah KerrAug, The Dangerous Road to the Kabul Airport, The New York Times (Aug. 18, 2021), https://www.nytimes.com/interactive/2021/08/18/world/asia/kabul-airport-afghanistan-maps.html ("While American forces have taken control of Kabul's airport, chaos dominates just outside. As thousands desperately try to flee Afghanistan, Taliban fighters have blocked entrances, fired rifles and beaten some people in the crowds.").

Kabul airport and lists of U.S. Citizens and Afghan human assets. Generally speaking, only individuals the Taliban allowed to leave Afghanistan were able to do so.

Yet the Biden government has not transparently disclosed the vetting and screening process used to ensure evacuees do not pose a security risk. The lack of transparency is problematic first because this Administration has repeatedly disregarded U.S. immigration laws,<sup>8</sup> and second because it has, over a period of months, repeatedly misrepresented the facts on the ground. The Biden credibility gap is wide and deep with respect to Afghanistan, immigration enforcement, and respect for the rule of law. Accordingly, there is an urgent need for immediate disclosure of the measures being taken to verify identities, to vet for terror ties, and to protect American Citizens here at home.<sup>9</sup>

Finally, there is a high likelihood that the information AFL seeks in the above-specified requests will be rendered stale once foreign nationals are granted admission to the United States. Given that the processing of many tens of thousands foreign nationals for admission to the United States is apparently still in process, the requested records are needed urgently to inform the public and policy makers about the processes and criteria this Administration is using to screen and vet potential security risks, and to ensure applicable laws and regulations are being followed.

### VI. Production

To accelerate release of responsive records, AFL welcomes production on an agreed rolling basis. If possible, please provide responsive records in an electronic format by email. Alternatively, records in native format or in PDF format on a USB drive.

7

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Aaron Blake, The Biden administration's increasingly muddy denials on giving the Taliban lists, THE WASHINGTON POST (Aug. 30, 2021) https://www.msn.com/en-us/news/us/the-biden-administration-e2-80-99s-increasingly-muddy-denials-on-giving-the-taliban-lists/ar-AANU3cH?ocid=uxbndlbing; Jerry Dunleavy, White House: Taliban Setting Up More Entry Points Beyond Perimeter to Stop ISIS-K Attacks, THE WASHINGTON EXAMINER (Aug. 23, 2021) https://news.yahoo.com/white-house-taliban-setting-more-17060 0073.html; Taliban Captured Key US Military Biometric Devices: Report, The Times of India (Aug. 19, 2021), https://timesofindia.indiatimes.com/world/us/taliban-captured-key-us-military-biometric-devices-report/articleshow/85445501.cms.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> America First Legal Foundation, AFL Files FOIAs Demanding Answers about the Biden Administration's Implementation of Catch-and-Release and Other Open Border Policies (July 27, 2021), https://www.aflegal.org/news/afl-files-foias-demanding-answers-about-the-biden-administrations-implementation-of-catch-and-release-and-other-open-border-policies

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> According to CNN, "The approach from the administration has been 'get as many people on the plane as you can, and we'll sort out the (immigration visa) stuff later". Geneva Sands and Evan Perez, Arriving Afghans Without Paperwork Prompt Delays and Security Challenges, CNN (Aug. 21, 2021), https://www.cnn.com/2021/08/25/politics/arriving-afghans-paperwork-delays-security/index.html. Compare Lizzie Dearden, Paris Attacks: Some Jihadists 'Took Advantage of Refugee Crisis to Slip into Europe', French Prime Minister Says, The Independent (Nov. 20, 2015), https://www.independent.co.uk/news/world/europe/paris-attacks-some-jihadists-took-advantage-refugee-crisis-slip-europe-french-prime-minister-says-a6741466.html.

Please send any responsive records being transmitted by mail to America First Legal Foundation, 600 14<sup>th</sup> Street NW, 5<sup>th</sup> Floor, Washington, D.C. 20005.

## VII. Conclusion

If you have any questions about how to construe this request for records or believe further discussions regarding search and processing would facilitate a more efficient production of records of interest to AFL, please do not hesitate to contact me at <u>FOIA@aflegal.org</u>. Finally, if AFL's request for a fee waiver is not granted in full, please contact us immediately upon making that determination.

Thank you,

/s/ Reed D. Rubinstein
Reed D. Rubinstein
America First Legal Foundation



## **United States Department of State**

Washington, D.C. 20520

October 14, 2021

FOIA Case No. F-2021-09922

Reed D. Rubinstein America First Legal Foundation 600 14th Street NW, 5th Floor Washington DC, 20005

Email: FOIA@aflegal.org

Dear Mr. Rubinstein:

This is in response to your Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) request, dated August 31, 2021, for records pertaining to vetting of Afghan nationals by the Biden Administration. Specifically, this letter addresses your appeal dated October 6, 2021, requesting expedited processing of sections A, B, J, and K of your request.

I understand the Department has granted your request for expedited processing. Therefore, your appeal has been overcome by events and there is nothing to appeal.

For further communications with this office, please contact <u>FOIAStatus@state.gov</u> and include the case number F-2021-09922.

Sincerely,

/s/ Lori Hartmann Appeals Officer Office of Information Programs

and Services

### Case 1:21-cv-03024 Document 1-2 Filed 11/15/21 Page 1 of 3



**U.S. Department of Justice** Office of Information Policy *Sixth Floor* 441 G Street, NW Washington, DC 20530-0001

Telephone: (202) 514-3642

Reed Rubinstein November 1, 2021

Re: Appeal No. A-2022-00151

Request No. FOIA-2021-02103

MWH:EAH

foia@aflegal.org

VIA: online portal

Dear Reed Rubinstein:

This is to advise you that your administrative appeal from the action of of the Office of Information Policy was received in this Office on October 22, 2021. You appealed from IR Staff's denial of your request for expedited treatment of your Freedom of Information Act request.

In your appeal letter, you assert that your request is entitled to expedited treatment pursuant to the second and fourth standards enumerated in the Department of Justice's regulations. Expedited treatment pursuant to the first standard will be granted where not doing so "could reasonably be expected to pose an imminent threat to the life or physical safety of an individual." 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(6)(E)(v)(I). See also 28 C.F.R. § 16.5(e)(1)(i) (2020). Under the second standard, you must show that there is "[a]n urgency to inform the public about an actual or alleged Federal Government activity, if made by a person primarily engaged in disseminating information." 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(6)(E)(v)(II). See also 28 C.F.R. § 16.5(e)(1)(ii) (2020). Under the third standard, you must show that the request involves "[t]he loss of substantial due process rights." 28 C.F.R. § 16.5(e)(1)(iii) (2020). Under the fourth standard, you must show that the subject matter of your request is a "matter of widespread and exceptional media interest in which there exist possible questions about the government's integrity that affect public confidence." Id. at § 16.5(e)(1)(iv). This Office makes determinations regarding the first three standards, while the Department's Director of Public Affairs makes determinations regarding the fourth standard. See id. at § 16.5(e)(2).

After carefully considering your appeal, I am affirming IR Staff's action in denying your request for expedited treatment. In deciding whether you have demonstrated that there is an "urgency to inform the public" under 28 C.F.R. § 16.5(e)(1)(ii) (2020), I considered three factors: "(1) whether the request concerns a matter of current exigency to the American public; (2) whether the consequences of delaying a response would compromise a significant recognized interest; and (3) whether the request concerns federal government activity." Al-Fayed v. CIA, 254 F.3d 300, 310 (D.C. Cir. 2001). Although your request concerns a federal

government activity, you have not established that the requested records are a matter of current exigency to the American public, nor that delaying a response would compromise a significant recognized interest. Furthermore, although you may well engage in the dissemination of information, you have not demonstrated that you are "primarily engaged" in disseminating information. See Landmark Legal Found. v. EPA, 910 F. Supp. 2d 270 (D.D.C. 2012) (noting that plaintiff must be "primarily, and not just incidentally, engaged in information dissemination"); ACLU of N. Cal. v. DOJ, No. 04-4447, 2005 WL 588354, at \*14 (N.D. Cal. Mar. 11, 2005) (holding that information dissemination must be "the main activity" rather than merely "a main activity" of plaintiff to satisfy expedition standard). Without such a showing, expedited processing pursuant to the second standard is not warranted.

The Director of Public Affairs considered your request for expedited processing under the fourth standard and determined that your request should be denied. I agree with the determination of the Director of Public Affairs that expedited treatment of your request is not warranted under this standard because you have failed to sufficiently demonstrate that the subject of your request is "[a] matter of widespread and exceptional media interest in which there exist possible questions about the government's integrity which affect public confidence." 28 C.F.R. § 16.5(e)(1)(iv) (2020).

I note that you requested expedited treatment of your appeal. Because I am closing your underlying appeal within ten calendar days, your request for expedited treatment of this appeal is moot.

Please be advised that this Office's decision was made only after a full review of this matter. Your appeal was assigned to an attorney with this Office who thoroughly reviewed and analyzed your appeal, your underlying request, and the action of IR Staff in response to your request for expedited processing.

If you are dissatisfied with my action on your appeal, the FOIA permits you to file a lawsuit in federal district court in accordance with 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(4)(B).

For your information, the Office of Government Information Services (OGIS) offers mediation services to resolve disputes between FOIA requesters and Federal agencies as a non-exclusive alternative to litigation. Using OGIS services does not affect your right to pursue litigation. The contact information for OGIS is as follows: Office of Government Information Services, National Archives and Records Administration, Room 2510, 8601 Adelphi Road, College Park, Maryland 20740-6001; email at ogis@nara.gov; telephone at 202-741-5770; toll free at 1-877-684-6448; or facsimile at 202-741-5769. If you have any questions regarding the action this Office has taken on your appeal, you may contact this Office's FOIA Public Liaison for your appeal. Specifically, you may speak with the undersigned agency official by calling (202) 514-3642.

X

Matthew Hurd,

M.H-M

Chief, Administrative Appeals Staff



October 6, 2021

### VIA FOIA STAR

Office of Information Policy (OIP) U.S. Department of Justice 6th Floor 441 G St. NW Washington, DC 20530

Re: 28 CFR § 16.8 Administrative Appeal, FOIA Request 21-00291-F (CRT)

To Whom it May Concern:

America First Legal Foundation (AFL) is a national, nonprofit organization working to promote the rule of law in the United States, prevent executive overreach, ensure due process and equal protection for all Americans, and promote knowledge and understanding of the law and individual rights guaranteed under the Constitution and laws of the United States.

On August 31, 2021 AFL submitted Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) Request 21-00291-F to the Civil Rights Division of the Department of Justice (CRT). CRT, by letter from Kilian Kagle, Chief of CRT's Freedom of Information/Privacy Acts Unit, replied on September 10, 2021. AFL appreciates CRT's detailed adjudication of our Request, but appeals CRT's determinations that Items H, I and J are not proper FOIA requests, and that expedited processing will not be granted.

### I. Standard of Review

The FOIA broadly requires agencies to disclose federal records freely and promptly.<sup>3</sup> The department must liberally construe requests and bears the burden of proving it has made a good faith effort to search for the requested records using methods "which can be reasonably expected to produce the information requested."<sup>4</sup> At all times, the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Exhibit 1.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Exhibit 2.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> NLRB v. Robbins Tire & Rubber Co., 437 U.S. 214, 242 (1978).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> John Doe Agency v. John Doe Corp., 493 U.S. 146, 151 (1989); Oglesby v. United States Dep't of the Army, 920 F.2d 57, 68 (D.C.Cir.1990).

FOIA must be construed in accord with the ordinary public meaning of its terms at the time of its enactment to carry out Congress's open government mandate.<sup>5</sup>

#### II. Items H, I, and J are Proper FOIA Requests.

CRT declared AFL's Items H, I, and J improper FOIA requests. It stated:

Those requests do not seek records, rather they are more akin to interrogatories in civil discovery and ask CRT to research records, analyze those records, conduct legal research and provide AFL with substantive answers to its questions. Under the Freedom of Information Act, agencies are not required to satisfy a request for records proving the veracity, justification or underlying determination of a specific statement by an Official as it would require an Agency to undertake research, analysis and formulation of opinions. *Hall & Assocs. v. EPA*, No. 16-5315, 2018 WL 1896493, at \*2 (D.C. Cir. Apr. 9, 2018).6

#### AFL disagrees.

To begin, *Hall* does not stand for the proposition for which CRT cites it.<sup>7</sup> The requester in *Hall* asked the agency "to agree or disagree with the various contentions of the Coalition under the guise of a FOIA request" and to provide all documents proving a government statement "wrong." In an unpublished decision, the Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia held quoting a statement regarding scientific misconduct and asking the agency to provide all documents proving that statement wrong "did not reasonably describe the documents sought [] and would have required EPA to undertake research, analysis, and formulation of opinions—actions not required by FOIA." <sup>9</sup>

Here, by contrast, CRT did not allege that AFL failed to reasonably describe the requested records. Nor did AFL ask CRT to agree or disagree with contentions, or conduct original legal research and render an opinion, or create or retain records. <sup>10</sup> Rather, AFL requested records in the department's possession of specific facts (Requests H5, H6, H7, J1, J2, and J5); identifying specific agency decision makers (Requests I5, I6, and I7); of specific interagency activities (Requests I3 and I4); of the department's legal and operational understanding of "disinformation" and "misinformation", terms without legal meaning that are apparently the fulcrum for key law enforcement activities and interagency partnerships (Requests H1, H3, I1,

<sup>7</sup> Compare id. with Dep't of Justice, Guide to the Freedom of Information Act at 31 n. 119 (Aug. 20, 2021) https://www.justice.gov/oip/page/file/1199421/download#page=25.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Bostock v. Clayton Cty., Georgia, 140 S. Ct. 1731, 1738 (2020).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Exhibit 2, at 5

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Hall & Assocs. v. Env't Prot. Agency, 83 F. Supp. 3d 92, 101-102 (D.D.C. 2015).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Hall & Assocs. v. Env't Prot. Agency, No. 16-5315, 2018 WL 1896493, at \*2 (D.C. Cir. Apr. 9, 2018).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> See Kissinger v. Reps. Comm. for Freedom of the Press, 445 U.S. 136, 152 (1980).

J3, and J4); and reflecting the Attorney General's understanding of "disinformation" as used in his June 11, 2021 policy address, and in his law enforcement decisions (Requests H2 and I2).<sup>11</sup>

AFL did *not* request the department to create new documents, answer questions with a narrative response, or engage in anything resembling a civil discovery process. Each response was carefully crafted to seek records, including communications among staff, to shed light on the Attorney General's policies as articulated in his address, and importantly, how the department is interpreting and implementing those policies and the Biden Executive Order 14109 and interagency partnership to "combat election disinformation" referenced therein.

AFL and the public are entitled to know what the Department is up to regarding voting rights, election integrity, and its role as the apparent point of the spear in the Biden Administration's assault and "combat" on domestic "disinformation" and "misinformation." Distressingly, it appears the department and the Biden Administration have invested these terms, though elastic enough to encompass any speech on any topic the government wishes to suppress and punish, with real legal consequences. Pequest H, I, and J are ordinary, proper, and standard FOIA requests. AFL's appeal should be granted.

#### III. AFL is Entitled to Expedited Processing.

CRT erroneously denied AFL expedited processing because:

You have not demonstrated that your request meets the criteria necessary for expedited processing. Moreover, as I am sure you understand, CRT receives a high volume of requests, many from requestors who also ask for expedited processing. We have a limited number of staff dedicated to responding to FOIA requests and cannot always allow new requests to take precedence over the hundreds of previously submitted requests.<sup>13</sup>

#### AFL disagrees.

First, CRT should have specified why AFL's request failed to meet the criteria for expedited processing. It did not. It simply asserted that the request did not meet the criteria and cited workload as a justification. This is an improper denial.

\_\_

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> U.S. Dep't of Justice, Attorney General Merrick Garland Delivered a Policy Address Regarding Voting Rights (June 11, 2021) <a href="https://www.justice.gov/opa/speech/attorney-general-merrick-b-garland-delivered-policy-address-regarding-voting-rights">https://www.justice.gov/opa/speech/attorney-general-merrick-b-garland-delivered-policy-address-regarding-voting-rights</a>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Id.; Nat'l Sec. Council, National Strategy for Countering Domestic Terrorism at 9, 18, 20, 29 (June 2021) https://www.whitehouse.gov/wp-content/uploads/2021/06/National-Strategy-for-Countering-Domestic-Terrorism.pdf

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Exhibit 2, at 5.

Second, AFL has proven "compelling need" under 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(6)(E). First, the record shows multiple federal agencies have acknowledged AFL is primarily "engaged in disseminating information." <sup>14</sup> To AFL's knowledge, the department has never disputed this. Second, the record shows the department's voting and election integrity operations, as well as the department's plan to "combat" "disinformation" are assuredly matters of "actual or alleged Federal Government activity." To AFL's knowledge, the department has never disputed this, either. Third, the common public meaning of "urgency" at the time of § 552(a)(6)(E)(v)(II)'s enactment was "the quality or state of being urgent." The common public meaning of "urgent", in turn, was "requiring or compelling speedy action or attention." To AFL's knowledge, the department agrees voting rights, election integrity, and combatting election "misinformation" or "disinformation" all require and compel speedy action and attention. Why, otherwise, would the Attorney General have promised on June 11, 2021, "within the next thirty days – we will double the [Civil Rights] division's enforcement staff for protecting the right to vote", affirmed that "we will not wait for...legislation to act", committed to "partner with other federal agencies to combat election disinformation that intentionally tries to suppress the vote", or joined an unprecedented, coordinated, interagency effort targeting American citizens who are deemed to disseminate undefined "disinformation" and/or "misinformation"?<sup>15</sup> Accordingly, AFL should have been granted expedited processing and is entitled to injunctive relief.

In the alternative, 28 C.F.R. § 16.5(e) is the department's expedited processing regulation. 28 C.F.R. § 16.5(e)(ii) repeats the statutory factors. Therefore, as explained above, AFL is entitled to expedited processing here as well. But as permitted by statute, the department has expanded expedited processing to include requests for records involving the loss of substantial due process rights or matters of widespread and exceptional media interest in which there exist possible questions about the government's integrity that affect public confidence. Again, AFL has made the requisite determination. Attaching legal and intelligence agency consequences to undefined terms such as "disinformation" and "misinformation" as the department seems to do obviously threatens the "loss of substantial due process rights" under 28 C.F.R. § 16.5(e)(1)(iii). Additionally, the department's voting rights and election integrity law enforcement activities are self-evidently of urgent and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Exhibit 1, at 10 n.9.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> U.S. Dep't of Justice, Attorney General Merrick Garland Delivered a Policy Address Regarding Voting Rights (June 11, 2021) <a href="https://www.justice.gov/opa/speech/attorney-general-merrick-b-garland-delivered-policy-address-regarding-voting-rights">https://www.justice.gov/opa/speech/attorney-general-merrick-b-garland-delivered-policy-address-regarding-voting-rights</a>; Nat'l Sec. Council, National Strategy for Countering Domestic Terrorism at 9, 18, 20, 29 (June 2021) <a href="https://www.whitehouse.gov/wp-content/uploads/2021/06/National-Strategy-for-Countering-Domestic-Terrorism.pdf">https://www.whitehouse.gov/wp-content/uploads/2021/06/National-Strategy-for-Countering-Domestic-Terrorism.pdf</a> (28 C.F.R. §§ 16.5(e)(1)(iii), (iv).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> See generally note 15, supra.

intense public interest and concern in which there are possible questions about the government's integrity that affect public confidence under 28 C.F.R. § 16.5(e)(1)(iv).<sup>18</sup>

Also in the alternative, the Circuit test for expedited processing requires weighing three main factors: (1) whether the request concerns a matter of current exigency to the American public; (2) whether the consequences of delaying a response would compromise a significant recognized interest; and (3) whether the request concerns federal government activity. AFL meets this test as well.

Respecting factor one, as noted above, the record shows voting rights, election integrity, and the government's efforts and plan to "combat election disinformation" are assuredly matters of public concern and media interest. There is little doubt the subject matter of the requests is central to a pressing issue of the day.

Respecting factor two, if production is delayed, then both AFL and the public at large will be precluded from obtaining in a timely fashion information vital to the current and ongoing debate surrounding election integrity, voting rights, and, critically, the Biden Administration's unprecedented decision to use the coercive power of federal government against American citizens under the rubric of "misinformation"—a malleable term without fixed statutory or regulatory definition that lends itself to government abuse and the unlawful targeting of political opponents or citizens who dare to speak or think differently. <sup>19</sup> Being closed off from the opportunity to debate the Department's voting rights, election integrity, and "election misinformation" law enforcement policies and activities itself is a harm in an open democracy. <sup>20</sup> And the

discriminatory.

5

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Hannah Bleau, Poll: Majority of Voters Support Voter ID and Reject 'Racism' as Reason for Election Integrity Laws, BREITBART (July 8, 2021) https://www.breitbart.com/politics/2021/07/08/majorityvoters-support-voter-id-reject-racism-reason-election-integrity-laws/ (finding that 63% of voters identify election integrity as one of their top issues). See also, Catherine Kim, Poll: 70 Percent of Republicans Don't Think the Election Was Free and Fair, Politico (Nov. 9, https://www.politico.com/news/2020/11/09/republicans-free-fair-elections-435488 Republicans trust in the election plummeted after Biden won, and Democrats trust skyrocketed). See, also, Richard Cowan, U.S. Senate's Schumer Mulls Passing Election Reform Without Republicans, REUTERS (Sept. 21, 2021) https://news.yahoo.com/u-senate-leader-schumer-opens-152145631.html; Carl Hulse, Democrats Propose a Compromise Bill on Voting Rights THE NEW YORK TIMES (Sept. 14, 2021) https://www.nytimes.com/2021/09/14/us/politics/voting-rights-bill-democrats.html; U.S. Dep't of Justice, Attorney General Merrick B. Garland Delivers Remarks at Justice Department Leadership Meeting with State and Local Election Officials on Threats to Election Workers (Aug. 26, 2021) https://www.justice.gov/opa/speech/attorney-general-merrick-b-garland-delivers-remarks-justicedepartment-leadership-meeting; U.S. Dep't of Justice, Justice Department Files Lawsuit Against the State of Georgia to Stop Racially Discriminatory Provisions of New Voting Law (June 25, 2021) https://www.justice.gov/opa/pr/justice-department-files-lawsuit-against-state-georgia-stop-racially-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> Steven Nelson, White House 'Flagging' Posts for Facebook to Censor Over COVID 'Misinformation', NEW YORK POST (July 15, 2021) https://nypost.com/2021/07/15/white-house-flagging-posts-for-facebook-to-censor-due-to-covid-19-misinformation/.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> In *Protect Democracy Project*, the District Court reasoned:

possibility exists that extra-legal law enforcement action may be taken by the department against States and other political opponents of the current Administration in the name of "voting rights" and "election integrity" and "stopping election misinformation." For example, the department is now suing Georgia, dubiously claiming Georgia's new election integrity measures are discriminatory. Disclosing relevant records months or even years from now will be of academic interest only—any damage will have been done and stale information is of little value. Respecting factor three, AFL's requests manifestly concern "federal government activity."

Although CRT cited burden and pending requests as grounds for denying expedited processing, the department cannot claim that a request to comply with the law is an undue burden on its own or others' interests, and any complaints about the burdens of complying with the law must be addressed to Congress.<sup>23</sup> Any concerns the department or other requesters may raise about granting AFL expedited processing have been weighed by Congress, and Congress has concluded them to be of subsidiary importance to compelling and time-sensitive cases, such as this. Practically speaking, AFL believes it is difficult for the department to credibly argue expedited processing in this case would cause much delay to other requesters given the very specific nature of AFL's FOIA requests and the extremely limited time window.

Finally, we believe CRT generally exercises its administrative discretion and waives the requirement of a separate certification of need for expedited processing under 28 C.F.R. § 16(e)(3) as a matter of course. We assume it has done so here as well. If, however, the absence of a separate certification is the reason AFL was denied expedited processing, please accept this appeal in lieu thereof. Alternatively, AFL is

But do the requests touch on 'a matter of current exigency to the American public,' and would 'delaying a response...compromise a significant recognized interest,' *Al-Fayed*, 254 F.3d at 310? Likely, the answer to both questions is yes. Regarding nationwide 'exigency': In its requests, submitted the day after the April 6 missile strikes against Syria, Protect Democracy explained that 'the President's decision to initiate military action is of the utmost importance to the public,' and that 'whether the President has the legal authority to launch [such] a military strike' is similarly critical. Few would take issue with these assertions. But as evidence that they were justified, one need look no further than the widespread media attention—including by some of the nation's most prominent news outlets—paid both to the April 6 strike and its legality, as early as the date of Protect Democracy's requests.

*Protect Democracy Project, Inc. v. U.S. Dep't of Def.*, 263 F. Supp. 3d 293, 299-300 (D.D.C. 2017). If the one or two news cycles worth of attention given to one missile strike is sufficient to constitute "urgent" then certainly, issues related to voting integrity and election law are urgent as well.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> Department of Justice, Justice Department Files Lawsuit Against the State of Georgia to Stop Racially Discriminatory Provisions of New Voting Law, https://www.justice.gov/opa/pr/justice-department-files-lawsuit-against-state-georgia-stop-racially-discriminatory.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> See Payne Enterprises, Inc. v. United States, 837 F.2d 486, 494 (D.C. Cir. 1988).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> Protect Democracy Project, Inc., 263 F. Supp. 3d at 300 citing Fiduccia v. U.S. Dep't of Justice, 185 F.3d 1035, 1041 (9th Cir. 1999).

willing to separately submit such a certification in such form as the department might specify.

#### IV. Conclusion.

Accordingly, AFL asks for this appeal to be granted and for expedited processing to be provided on FOIA Request 21-00291-F at the earliest practicable time. Please contact the undersigned at <u>FOIA@aflegal.org</u> if additional clarification or information is required.

28 C.F.R. § 16.5(e)(4) provides that "If a request for expedited processing is denied, any appeal of that decision shall be acted on expeditiously." Given the clarity of the record and the urgency of the issue, we request a determination within five (5) business days.

Pood D. Pubinstoin

Reed D. Rubinstein America First Legal Foundation

cc: DOJ Office of Information Policy by email at <u>DOJ.OIP.FOIA@usdoj.gov</u> CRT FOIA Division by email <u>CRT.FOIArequests@usdoj.gov</u>

# EXHIBIT 1



August 31, 2021

#### VIA ONLINE PORTAL - CRT.FOIArequests@usdoj.gov

Kilian Kagle, Chief FOIA/PA Branch Civil Rights Division 4CON, Room 6.153 950 Pennsylvania Ave, N.W. Washington, DC 20530

## Freedom of Information Act Request for Records from the Civil Rights Division's Voting Section

Dear Mr. Kagle:

This Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) request for records from the U.S. Department of Justice (DOJ) regarding the Biden Administration's apparent weaponization of the Civil Rights Division's (CRT) Voting Section is directed to you in accordance with the Department's "Find a FOIA Contact" webpage.<sup>1</sup>

America First Legal Foundation (AFL) is a national, nonprofit organization. AFL works to promote the rule of law in the United States, prevent executive overreach, ensure due process and equal protection for all Americans, and promote knowledge and understanding of the law and individual rights guaranteed under the Constitution and laws of the United States. Our mission includes promoting government transparency and accountability by gathering official information, analyzing it, and disseminating it through reports, press releases, and social media platforms to educate the public.

As a part of this mission, we work to let the American people know what their government is doing, and who is doing it. The federal government is—at all levels—accountable to the people and to the electorate. But longstanding and apparently well-founded concerns regarding both the security of our election processes and systems and the extent and impact of voter fraud have stimulated great public interest in voting and election integrity.<sup>2</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See Find a FOIA Contact at DOJ | OIP | Department of Justice

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See, e.g., Letter from Sens. Elizabeth Warren, Amy Klobuchar, Ron Wyden, and Mark Pocan to Sarni Mnaymneh, Founder and Co-Chief Executive Officer H.l.G. Capital, LLC, et al (Dec. 6, 2019) https://www.warren.senate.gov/imo/media/doc/H.I.G.%20McCarthy,%20&%20Staple%20Street%20le tters.pdf. In December 2019, Sen. Warren and the other Democrats were, "[P]articularly concerned

DOJ has sued the State of Georgia for enacting legislation protecting the Constitution's "one person, one vote" requirement.<sup>3</sup> However, DOJ's suit seemingly lacks a competent statutory or Constitutional foundation. On June 11, 2021, the Biden Administration's Attorney General promised to "double" the Voting Section's head count on or before July 21, 2021.<sup>4</sup> Over a decade ago, the Heritage Foundation documented how the Voting Section had become an adjunct of the Democrat party.<sup>5</sup> Accordingly, there is ample reason for concern the Biden Administration is intent on using DOJ enforcement resources, and taxpayer dollars, not to protect the law but rather to protect Democrat politicians.

FOIA's purpose is to ensure an informed citizenry, which is vital to the functioning of a democratic society, needed to check against corruption, and required to hold the governors accountable to the governed. 5 U.S.C. § 552; NLRB v. Robbins Tire & Rubber Co., 437 U.S. 214, 242 (1978). AFL believes it is critical to educate the American public regarding the affiliations, backgrounds, and qualifications of the individuals who may be using the machinery of law enforcement to chill lawful State efforts to aimed at ensuring fair, lawful, and transparent elections. Given strong and ongoing public debate and interest in matters of election law and voting rights, our request is self- evidently a matter of pressing public concern. Therefore, AFL requests production of the following records within twenty days.

#### I. Special Definitions

"<u>DOJ</u>" means the U.S. Department of Justice Office of the Attorney General, the Civil Rights Division, and the Voting Section, jointly and severally.

"CRT" means the Civil Rights Division within the DOJ.

-

that secretive and 'trouble-plagued Companies,' owned by private equity firms and responsible for manufacturing and maintaining voting machines and other election administration equipment, 'have long skimped on security in favor of convenience,' leaving voting systems across the country 'prone to security problems." *Id.* at 1; *see also* Jack McEvoy, *Connecticut Dem Indicted for Voter Fraud*, The Washington Free Beacon (Jul. 31, 2021), https://freebeacon.com/elections/connecticut-dem-indicted-for-voter-fraud/.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Reynolds v. Sims, 337 U.S. 533 (1964).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> <u>Attorney General Merrick B. Garland Delivered a Policy Address Regarding Voting Rights | OPA | Department of Justice</u> (June 11, 2021).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Hans A. Von Spakovsky, *Abusing the Voting Rights Act*, NATIONAL REVIEW (Feb. 23, 2011), https://www.nationalreview.com/2011/02/abusing-voting-rights-act-hans-von-spakovsky/.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>. According to a recent poll regarding voters' top priorities, conducted by Georgetown University in June of 2021, "The number three issue overall is 'voting rights." *NEW POLL: VOTERS RATE POLITICAL DIVISION AS TOP ISSUE FACING THE COUNTRY*, GEORGETOWN UNIVERSITY (Jun. 15, 2021), https://politics.georgetown.edu/2021/06/15/new-poll-georgetown-institute-of-politics-and-public-service-releases-june-2021-battleground-poll/.

<u>"Georgia Case"</u> means the case known as *United States v. The State of Georgia, et al*, Case 1:21-cv-02575-JPB (June 25, 2021) described and available at https://www.justice.gov/opa/pr/justice-department-files-lawsuit-against-state-georgia-stop-racially-discriminatory

"Policy Address" means the text of Attorney General Merrick B. Garland Delivered a Policy Address Regarding Voting Rights, Washington, DC ~ Friday, June 11, 2021, posted at https://www.justice.gov/opa/speech/attorney-general-merrick-b-garland-delivered-policy-address-regarding-voting-rights.

"Voting Section" means the Voting Section of CRT.

#### II. Requested Records

- A. For all Voting Section attorneys, both political appointees and career, who are at the GS Grade 12 Step 1 or higher:
  - 1. The most recent resume provided by the individual to the agency in connection with determining the appropriate salary for the individual, or if that is not available, a recent resume contained within the agency's records. AFL has no objection to the redaction of employee's contact information, such as email, address, phone numbers etc.; however, prior employment, education, and descriptions of such experiences are not exempt and should be produced.
  - 2. Any waivers issued to the individual pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 208(b).
  - 3. Any authorizations for the individual issued pursuant to 5 C.F.R. § 2635.502.
  - 4. Any Ethics Pledge waivers, issued pursuant to Section 3 of Executive Order 13989 and Office of Government Ethics Legal Advisory 21-04, received by the individual.
  - 5. Any ethics agreement executed by the individual; any Certification of Ethics Agreement Compliance; and any records relating to any violation by an individual of his or her ethics agreement.
  - 6. Records reflecting any recusal determination made or issued for the individual.
  - 7. Any mandatory public financial disclosures filed by the individual since January 1, 2017.
- B. For all attorneys employed by, detailed or assigned to, and/or supervising the Voting Section (career and political appointees), all records of, and/or referring,

regarding, or relating to communications with, any of the following persons between February 1, 2016, and the present:

- 1. ACLU
- 2. Common Cause
- 3. Brennan Center for Justice
- 4. FairFight
- 5. Future Forward USA
- 6. LCV Victory Fund
- 7. Change Now PAC
- 8. Take Back 2020
- 9. America's Progressive Promise PAC
- 10. Priorities USA Action
- 11. American Bridge 21st Century
- 12. Piedmont Rising
- 13. NextGen Climate Action
- 14. Unite the Country
- 15. Forward Majority Action
- 16. Black PAC
- 17. Senate Majority PAC
- 18. Pacronym
- 19. Mark E. Elias
- 20. Any person having an email address containing "perkinscoie.com"
- C. All records of, regarding, referring, or relating to expansion of the size and staff of the Voting Section, to include all communications regarding potential new hires, detailees, and/or the category or types of attorneys whom leadership will seek out to fill the new positions, and any preferred affiliations, background, or qualifications. The time frame for this request is January 20, 2021, to the present.
- D. For any attorney employed by or detailed to the Voting Section, all records of, and/or regarding, referring, or relating to communications with, any person having an email address containing eop.gov. The time frame for this request is January 21, 2021, to the present.
- E. All records sufficient to identify every person employed by or detailed to DOJ, CRT, and/or the Voting Section, who analyzed, reviewed, researched, evaluated, approved the legal sufficiency of, and/or authorized the filing of the Georgia Case. The time frame for this request is January 21, 2021, to the present.
- F. All records of, referring, regarding, or relating to communications between any person employed by or detailed to DOJ, CRT, and/or the Voting Section, and any person having an email address containing eop.gov, referring, regarding,

- or relating to the Georgia Case. The time frame for this request is January 21, 2021, to the present.
- G. All records sufficient to identify each person who wrote, reviewed, revised, contributed to, or approved all or part of the Policy Address.
- H. With respect to the phrase "And some jurisdictions, based on disinformation, have utilized abnormal post-election audit methodologies that may put the integrity of the voting process at risk and undermine public confidence in our democracy" used in the Policy Address, all records sufficient to identify the following:
  - 1. DOJ's legal and/or operational definition of the word "disinformation".
  - 2. What Attorney General Garland meant by the word "disinformation".
  - 3. DOJ's legal and/or operational meaning of the phrase "abnormal postelection audit methodologies".
  - 4. What Attorney General Garland meant by the phrase "abnormal postelection audit methodologies".
  - 5. All "jurisdictions" using "abnormal post-election audit methodologies that may put the integrity of the voting process at risk."
  - 6. The "abnormal post-election audit methodologies that may put the integrity of the voting process at risk".
  - 7. How the referenced "abnormal post-election audit methodologies" "may put the integrity of the voting process at risk".
- I. With respect to the phrase "We will also partner with other federal agencies to combat election disinformation" used in the Policy Address, all records sufficient to identify the following:
  - 1. DOJ's legal and/or operational definition of the phrase "election disinformation."
  - 2. What Attorney General Garland meant by the phrase "election disinformation."
  - 3. All measures taken by DOJ to "partner with other federal agencies to combat election disinformation."
  - 4. All "other federal agencies".

- 5. The identities and titles of all DOJ political appointees who decide or define what is and what is not "election disinformation."
- 6. The identities and titles of all DOJ career employees who decide or define what is and what is not "election disinformation."
- 7. The identities of all DOJ contractors and consultants who decide or define what is and what is not "election disinformation."
- J. With respect to the phrase "Particularly concerning in this regard are several studies showing that, in some jurisdictions, nonwhite voters must wait in line substantially longer than white voters to cast their ballots" used in the Policy Address, all records sufficient to identify the following:
  - 1. The "several studies".
  - 2. The "jurisdictions".
  - 3. DOJ's legal and/or operational definition of "nonwhite".
  - 4. DOJ's legal and/or operational definition of "white".
  - 5. When the Voting Section first became aware "nonwhite voters must wait in line substantially longer than white voters to cast their ballots."
- K. All records of communications referencing, regarding, or pertaining to the Policy Address between DOJ and any person with an email address containing eop.gov.

#### III. Redactions

Redactions are disfavored as the FOIA's exemptions are exclusive and must be narrowly construed. *Am. Immigration Lawyers Ass 'n v. Exec. Office for Immigration Review (AILA)*, 830 F.3d 667, 676-79 (D.C. Cir. 2016). If a record contains information responsive to a FOIA request, then the DOJ must disclose the entire record; a single record cannot be split into responsive and non-responsive bits. *Id.; see also Parker v. United States DOJ*, 278 F. Supp. 3d 446, 451 (D.D.C. 2017). Consequently, you should produce email attachments.

In connection with this request, and to comply with your legal obligations:

- Please search all locations and systems likely to have responsive records, regardless of format, medium, or physical characteristics.
- In conducting your search, please construe the term "record" in the broadest possible sense, to include any written, typed, recorded, graphic, printed, or

audio material of any kind. We seek all records, including electronic records, audiotapes, videotapes, and photographs, as well as texts, letters, emails, facsimiles, telephone messages, voice mail messages, and transcripts, notes, or minutes of any meetings, telephone conversations, or discussions.

- Our request includes any attachments to those records or other materials enclosed with a record when transmitted. If an email is responsive to our request, then our request includes all prior messages sent or received in that email chain, as well as any attachments.
- Please search all relevant records or systems containing records regarding agency business. Do not exclude records regarding agency business contained in files, email accounts, or devices in the personal custody of your officials, such as personal email accounts or text messages. Records of official business conducted using unofficial systems or stored outside of official files are subject to the Federal Records Act and FOIA. It is not adequate to rely on policies and procedures that require officials to move such information to official systems within a certain period of time; AFL has a right to records contained in those files even if material has not yet been moved to official systems or if officials have, by intent or through negligence, failed to meet their obligations.
- Please use all tools available to your agency to conduct a complete and efficient search for potentially responsive records. Agencies are subject to governmentwide requirements to manage agency information electronically, and many agencies have adopted the National Archives and Records Administration ("NARA") Capstone program, or similar policies. These systems provide options for searching emails and other electronic records in a manner that is reasonably likely to be more complete than just searching individual custodian files. For example, a custodian may have deleted a responsive email from his or her email program, but your agency's archiving tools may capture that email under Capstone. At the same time, custodian searches are still necessary; you may not have direct access to files stored in .PST files, outside of network drives, in paper format, or in personal email accounts.
- If some portions of the requested records are properly exempt from disclosure, please disclose any reasonably segregable non-exempt portions of the requested records. If a request is denied in whole, please state specifically why it is not reasonable to segregate portions of the record for release.
- Please take appropriate steps to ensure that records responsive to this request
  are not deleted by the agency before the completion of processing for this
  request. If records potentially responsive to this request are likely to be located
  on systems where they are subject to potential deletion, including on a

scheduled basis, please take steps to prevent that deletion, including, as appropriate, by instituting a litigation hold on those records.

#### IV. Fee Waiver Request

Per 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(4)(A)(iii) and your regulations, AFL requests a waiver of all search and duplication fees associated with this request.

First, AFL is a qualified non-commercial public education and news media requester. AFL is a new organization, but it has already demonstrated its commitment to the public disclosure of documents and creation of editorial content through regular substantive analyses posted to its website. For example, its officials routinely appear on national television and use social media platforms to disseminate the information it has obtained about federal government activities. In this case, AFL will make your records and your responses publicly available without charge for the benefit of citizens, scholars, and others. The public's understanding of your policies and practices will be enhanced through AFL's analysis and publication of the requested records.

As a nonprofit organization, AFL does not have a commercial purpose and the release of the information requested is not in AFL's financial interest. Other government agencies, including the Department of Homeland Security, the Department of Education, and the Department of the Interior, have acknowledged AFL is entitled to a fee waiver as a representative of the news media under 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(4)(A)(ii)(II) and granted our requests for waiver of search fees.

Second, waiver is proper as disclosure of the requested information is in the public interest because it is likely to contribute significantly to public understanding of operations or activities of the government." 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(4)(A)(iii). The public has a significant interest in DOJ's compliance with and faithful execution of the laws, and in its respect for our citizens' Constitutional rights. The Public is also deeply interested in voting rights in the United States, with a recent poll by Georgetown University finding that it is voters' third most important issue.<sup>7</sup> Given the public interest in the subject and the DOJ's activity in this area, it is clear that disclosure of this information would "contribute significantly to public understanding of operations or activities of the government." 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(4)(A)(iii). AFL is thus entitled to a fee waiver as disclosure is in the public interest.

#### V. Expedited Processing

AFL seeks and should be granted expedited processing. 28 CFR § 16.5(e) provides in relevant part:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> GEORGETOWN, supra note 5.

(e) Expedited processing. (1) Requests and appeals shall be processed on an expedited basis whenever it is determined that they involve...(ii) An urgency to inform the public about an actual or alleged Federal Government activity, if made by a person who is primarily engaged in disseminating information; (iii) The loss of substantial due process rights; or (iv) A matter of widespread and exceptional media interest in which there exist possible questions about the government's integrity that affect public confidence.

As explained below, the legal standard is satisfied here.

First, our website demonstrates AFL is primarily engaged in the dissemination of information regarding the activities and operations of the federal government.<sup>8</sup> We do this through a variety of means and methods, including FOIA requests and litigation, to educate American citizens regarding their Constitutional and legal rights.

Second, given the pendency of the Georgia Case, there is obviously an urgency to inform the public, the Court, and the defendants about potential political bias among career attorneys in CRT and the Voting Section. Indeed, the Georgia case seems designed to prevent the State from taking steps to ensure voter integrity and protect public faith in its elections, and to facilitate ballot harvesting and other practices rife with fraud. This puts Georgia citizen's constitutional right to vote, including the "one-person, one-vote" principle as articulated by the Supreme Court in *Reynolds v. Sims* and subsequent cases, at risk.<sup>9</sup>

Third, government policy is almost inevitably the product of personnel, especially when the biases and preferences of political appointees are aligned with the biases and preferences of government bureaucrats. If DOJ, CRT, and/or the Voting Section are at best something less than a fair referee, or at worst actively working with Democrat political interests and operatives to protect Democrat politicians, then the public needs to know now. The biased and illegitimate exercise of law enforcement authority by CRT and/or the Voting Section to prevent States from enacting effective and fair election integrity laws and to facilitate ballot harvesting and other forms of fraud will necessarily result in widespread due process violations in Georgia and nationwide.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> See e.g., America First Legal Foundation, Political Leadership - Department of Agriculture, available at https://www.aflegal.org/oversight/165a6de55737d9b9b42bab8a596ec981; America First Legal Foundation, Political Leadership Department theInterior, available https://www.aflegal.org/oversight/277ab33c83a47d6428b3dce6d1154104; First America Legal Critical Race Theory at the Department Education, Foundation, of available at https://www.aflegal.org/oversight/1ad2174bfcfca5f0d6ec83ee9c533306; America First Legal Foundation, DHS*Immigration* available at https://www.aflegal.org/oversight/17eb4c1c84e95cc81f1016d31e12e519.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Reynolds v. Sims, 337 U.S. 533 (1964).

Finally, there is widespread and exceptional interest in the possibility DOJ lacks institutional commitment to non-partisan enforcement of election laws. The public has a right to know whether the attorneys in CRT, and the Voting Section are professionals committed to the Constitution and the rule of law, or activists working to protect the Democrat Party and the Biden Administration. Frankly, it is difficult to imagine a more fundamental threat to public confidence in the federal government than a politicized DOJ, CRT, and Voting Section.

#### VI. Production

To accelerate release of responsive records, AFL welcomes production on an agreed rolling basis. If possible, please provide responsive records in an electronic format by email. Alternatively, please provide responsive records in native format or in PDF format on a USB drive. Please send any responsive records being transmitted by mail to America First Legal Foundation, 600 14th Street NW, 5th Floor, Washington, D.C. 20005.

#### VII. Conclusion

If you have any questions about how to construe this request for records or believe further discussions regarding search and processing would facilitate a more efficient production of records of interest to AFL, please do not hesitate to contact me at <u>FOIA@aflegal.org</u>. Finally, if AFL's request for a fee waiver is not granted in full, please contact us immediately upon making that determination.

Thank you.

/S/ Reed D. Rubinstein
Reed D. Rubinstein
America First Legal Foundation

# EXHIBIT 2



U.S. Department of Justice Civil Rights Division

21-00291-F

Freedom of Information /PA Unit- 4CON 950 Pennsylvania Ave., NW Washington, DC 20530

Mr. Reed D. Rubinstein 600 14th Street NW, 5th Floor Washington, DC 20005 foia@aflegal.org

Dear Mr. Rubinstein:

This is in response to your August 31, 2021 Freedom of Information Act request to the Civil Rights Division (CRT) of the Department of Justice (DOJ). As explained below, (1) CRT will begin processing those portions of your request that reasonably describe the records requested; (2) CRT will seek further clarification and narrowing of some of the requests that are exceedingly broad; (3) CRT will not provide substantive written responses to questions that are not requests for records under FOIA; (4) CRT will waive fees despite the significant expenditure of limited government resources needed to respond to this request; and (5) CRT will not expedite this request.

#### **Records Requested:**

- A. For all Voting Section attorneys, both political appointees and career, who are at the GS Grade 12 Step 1 or higher:
  - 1. The most recent resume provided by the individual to the agency in connection with determining the appropriate salary for the individual, or if that is not available, a recent resume contained within the agency's records. AFL has no objection to the redaction of employee's contact information, such as email, address, phone numbers etc.; however, prior employment, education, and descriptions of such experiences are not exempt and should be produced.
  - 2. Any waivers issued to the individual pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 208(b).
  - 3. Any authorizations for the individual issued pursuant to 5 C.F.R. § 2635.502.

- 4. Any Ethics Pledge waivers, issued pursuant to Section 3 of Executive Order 13989 and Office of Government Ethics Legal Advisory 21-04, received by the individual.
- 5. Any ethics agreement executed by the individual; any Certification of Ethics Agreement Compliance; and any records relating to any violation by an individual of his or her ethics agreement.
- 6. Records reflecting any recusal determination made or issued for the individual.
- 7. Any mandatory public financial disclosures filed by the individual since January 1, 2017.
- B. For all attorneys employed by, detailed or assigned to, and/or supervising the Voting Section (career and political appointees), all records of, and/or referring, regarding, or relating to communications with, any of the following persons between February 1, 2016, and the present:
  - 1. ACLU
  - 2. Common Cause
  - 3. Brennan Center for Justice
  - 4. FairFight
  - 5. Future Forward USA
  - 6. LCV Victory Fund
  - 7. Change Now PAC
  - 8. Take Back 2020
  - 9. America's Progressive Promise PAC
  - 10. Priorities USA Action
  - 11. American Bridge 21st Century
  - 12. Piedmont Rising
  - 13. NextGen Climate Action
  - 14. Unite the Country
  - 15. Forward Majority Action
  - 16. Black PAC
  - 17. Senate Majority PAC
  - 18. Pacronym
  - 19. Mark E. Elias
  - 20. Any person having an email address containing "perkinscoie.com"
- C. All records of, regarding, referring, or relating to expansion of the size and staff of the Voting Section, to include all communications regarding potential new hires, detailees, and/or the category or types of attorneys whom leadership will seek out to fill the new positions, and any preferred affiliations, background, or qualifications. The time frame for this request is January 20, 2021, to the present.
- D. For any attorney employed by or detailed to the Voting Section, all records of, and/or regarding, referring, or relating to communications with, any person having an email address containing eop.gov. The time frame for this request is January 21, 2021, to the present.

- E. All records sufficient to identify every person employed by or detailed to DOJ, CRT, and/or the Voting Section, who analyzed, reviewed, researched, evaluated, approved the legal sufficiency of, and/or authorized the filing of the Georgia Case. The time frame for this request is January 21, 2021, to the present.
- F. All records of, referring, regarding, or relating to communications between any person employed by or detailed to DOJ, CRT, and/or the Voting Section, and any person having an email address containing eop.gov, referring, regarding, or relating to the Georgia Case. The time frame for this request is January 21, 2021, to the present.
- G. All records sufficient to identify each person who wrote, reviewed, revised, contributed to, or approved all or part of the Policy Address.
- H. With respect to the phrase "And some jurisdictions, based on disinformation, have utilized abnormal post-election audit methodologies that may put the integrity of the voting process at risk and undermine public confidence in our democracy" used in the Policy Address, all records sufficient to identify the following:
  - 1. DOJ's legal and/or operational definition of the word "disinformation".
  - 2. What Attorney General Garland meant by the word "disinformation".
  - 3. DOJ's legal and/or operational meaning of the phrase "abnormal post- election audit methodologies".
  - 4. What Attorney General Garland meant by the phrase "abnormal post- election audit methodologies".
  - 5. All "jurisdictions" using "abnormal post-election audit methodologies that may put the integrity of the voting process at risk."
  - 6. The "abnormal post-election audit methodologies that may put the integrity of the v voting process at risk".
  - 7. How the referenced "abnormal post-election audit methodologies" "may put the integrity of the voting process at risk".
- I. With respect to the phrase "We will also partner with other federal agencies to combat election disinformation" used in the Policy Address, all records sufficient to identify the following:
  - 1. DOJ's legal and/or operational definition of the phrase "election disinformation."
  - 2. What Attorney General Garland meant by the phrase "election disinformation."
  - 3. All measures taken by DOJ to "partner with other federal agencies to combat

election disinformation."

- 4. All "other federal agencies".
- 5. The identities and titles of all DOJ political appointees who decide or define what is and what is not "election disinformation."
- 6. The identities and titles of all DOJ career employees who decide or define what is and what is not "election disinformation."
- 7. The identities of all DOJ contractors and consultants who decide or define what is a and what is not "election disinformation."
- J. With respect to the phrase "Particularly concerning in this regard are several studies showing that, in some jurisdictions, nonwhite voters must wait in line substantially longer than white voters to cast their ballots" used in the Policy Address, all records sufficient to identify the following:
  - 1. The "several studies".
  - 2. The "jurisdictions".
  - 3. DOJ's legal and/or operational definition of "nonwhite".
  - 4. DOJ's legal and/or operational definition of "white".
  - 5. When the Voting Section first became aware "nonwhite voters must wait in line s substantially longer than white voters to cast their ballots."
- K. All records of communications referencing, regarding, or pertaining to the Policy Address between DOJ and any person with an email address containing eop.gov.

In addition, you have requested that the Department waive all fees associated with this request for voluminous records on the grounds that America First Legal is a non-commercial public education and news media requester. You have also requested expedited processing.

#### **CRT's Initial Response to the Request:**

CRT has begun reviewing and processing the portions of your request that reasonably describe the requested records, including items: A 1-7 (although some of those items will require referral to other offices or components), C, D, E, and F.

For item B, we will be communicating with you about additional specificity that will enable us to conduct a reasonable search. As written, this request is exceedingly broad and would likely result in collecting and reviewing thousands of unresponsive documents. For instance, the record search would be more likely to capture relevant records if it included specific URL or email addresses.

Regarding Item G, to the extent responsive records reside within CRT, we will conduct a search or in the alternative refer your request to the appropriate Office.

Items H, I and J regarding the Attorney General's June 11, 2021 policy address are not proper FOIA requests. Those requests do not seek records, rather they are more akin to interrogatories in civil discovery and ask CRT to research records, analyze those records, conduct legal research and provide AFL with substantive answers to its questions. Under the Freedom of Information Act, agencies are not required to satisfy a request for records proving the veracity, justification or underlying determination of a specific statement by an Official as it would require an Agency to undertake research, analysis and formulation of opinions. Hall & Assocs. v. EPA, No. 16-5315, 2018 WL 1896493, at \*2 (D.C. Cir. Apr. 9, 2018)

#### **Fee Waiver Request:**

You have requested that all fees be waived for the significant expenditure of government time and resources required to respond to your voluminous FOIA request on the grounds that AFL is a non-commercial public education and news media requester. CRT will waive fees.

#### **Expedited Processing Request:**

Your request for expedited processing is denied. You have not demonstrated that your request meets the criteria necessary for expedited processing. Moreover, as I am sure you understand, CRT receives a high volume of requests, many from requestors who also ask for expedited processing. We have a limited number of staff dedicated to responding to FOIA requests and cannot always allow new requests to take precedence over the hundreds of previously submitted requests.

Sincerely,

Kilian Kagle

Kilian Kagle, Chief Freedom of Information/Privacy Acts Unit

Civil Rights Division

#### Case 1:21-cv-03024 Document 1-4 Filed 11/15/21 Page 1 of 1



U.S. Department of Justice Office of Information Policy Sixth Floor 441 G Street, NW Washington, DC 20530-0001

Telephone: (202) 514-3642

October 06, 2021

foia@aflegal.org

#### Dear Reed Rubinstein:

This is to advise you that the Office of Information Policy (OIP) of the U.S. Department of Justice received your administrative appeal from the action of the Civil Rights Division regarding Request No. 21-00291-F on 10/06/2021.

In an attempt to afford each appellant equal and impartial treatment, OIP has adopted a general practice of assigning appeals in the approximate order of receipt. Your appeal has been assigned number A-2022-00012 . Please refer to this number in any future communication with OIP regarding this matter. Please note that if you provided an email address or another electronic means of communication with your request or appeal, this Office may respond to your appeal electronically even if you submitted your appeal to this Office via regular U.S. Mail.

We will notify you of the decision on your appeal as soon as we can. If you have any questions about the status of your appeal, you may contact me at (202) 514-3642. If you have submitted your appeal through FOIA STAR, you may also check the status of your appeal by logging into your account.

<sup>Sincerely,</sup> Priscilla Jones

Priscilla Jones

Supervisory Administrative Specialist



AFL FOIA <foia@aflegal.org>

### **Appeal Expedited Determination for Appeal Number A-2022-00012**

Administrator Email <oip-noreply@usdoj.gov>

Wed, Oct 27, 2021 at 10:48 AM

To: foia@aflegal.org

Cc: No-Reply.OIP.FOIASTAR@usdoj.gov

Expedited Determination decision has been made on Appeal Number A-2022-00012 with the decision of Denied.

Denied



October 19, 2021

#### VIA FOIA STAR

Office of Information Policy (OIP) U.S. Department of Justice, 6th Floor 441 G St. NW Washington, DC 20530

Re: 28 CFR § 16.8 Administrative Appeal, FOIA Request FOIA-2022-00056

To Whom it May Concern:

America First Legal Foundation (AFL) is a national, nonprofit organization working to promote the rule of law in the United States, prevent executive overreach, ensure due process and equal protection for all Americans, all to promote knowledge and understanding of the law and individual rights guaranteed under the Constitution and laws of the United States.

### I. Procedural History

On October 7, 2021, AFL submitted Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) Request FOIA-2022-00056 to the Office of the Attorney General (through the Office of Information Policy) (OAG); the Criminal Division; the Civil Rights Division (CRT); the Office of Legal Counsel (OLC); the Executive Office of United States Attorneys (EOUSA), and the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI).<sup>1</sup>

By letter from Douglas Hibbard, Chief of the Office of Information Policy's Initial Request Staff on October 14, 2021, AFL's request for expedited processing from the OAG was denied because information dissemination is not AFL's "main activity," courts grant expedited processing under 28 C.F.R. § 16.5(e)(1)(iii) only if a requestor can show grave punishment in a criminal proceeding and there is reason to believe information will be produced to aid the defense, and the Director of the Office of Public Affairs determined the Garland Memorandum of October 4, 2021, 2 was not "[a]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Exhibit 1. All factual allegations, argument, and citations made in Request FOIA-2022-00056 are incorporated by reference into this appeal.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> U.S. Dep't of Justice, ATTORNEY. GEN. MEM. RE PARTNERSHIP AMONG FEDERAL, STATE, LOCAL, TRIBAL, AND TERRITORIAL LAW ENFORCEMENT TO ADDRESS THREATS AGAINST SCHOOL ADMINISTRATORS, BOARD MEMBERS, TEACHERS, AND STAFF (Oct. 4, 2021) (the "Garland Memorandum") https://www.justice.gov/ag/page/file/1438986/download; see also U.S. Dep't of Justice Office of Public Affairs, Justice Department Addresses Violent Threats Against School Officials and Teachers (Oct. 4,

matter of widespread and exceptional media interest in which there exist possible questions about the government's integrity that affect public confidence."<sup>3</sup>

By letter from Paul P. Colborn, Special Counsel, OLC on October 15, 2021, AFL's request for expedited processing was denied on grounds identical to those cited by OAG. No decision was made on AFL's fee waiver request.<sup>4</sup>

By letter from the FOIA/PA Unit, Criminal Division on October 15, 2021, AFL was advised its request presented "special circumstances" extending the time limit for processing, no decision had been made on the requested fee waiver, and expedited processing had been denied for failure to fit within any of the four DOJ standards for such treatment.<sup>5</sup>

By letter from Kevin Krebs, Assistant Director, EOUSA on October 15, 2021, AFL's request for expedited processing was denied because AFL did not reasonably describe the requested records and a search would be unduly burdensome.<sup>6</sup>

By letter from Kilian Kagle, Chief Freedom of Information Privacy Acts Unit Civil Rights Division on October 18, 2021, AFL was advised of a processing delay due to the volume of FOIA requests, the need to search "other offices in the Civil Rights Division" and COVID-19. CRT did not adjudicate AFL's fee waiver or expedited processing requests.<sup>7</sup>

FBI has not responded.

AFL administratively appeals the above determinations denying expedited processing, as well as EOUSA's determination AFL failed to reasonably describe the requested records and a search would be unduly burdensome.

#### I. Standard of Review

The FOIA broadly requires agencies to disclose federal records freely and promptly.<sup>8</sup> The department must liberally construe requests and bears the burden of proving it has made a good faith effort to search for the requested records using methods "which can be reasonably expected to produce the information requested." At all times, the

<sup>4</sup> Exhibit 3.

 $<sup>2021) \</sup>qquad \text{https://www.justice.gov/opa/pr/justice-department-addresses-violent-threats-against-school-officials-and-teachers}.$ 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Exhibit 2.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Exhibit 4.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Exhibit 5.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Exhibit 6.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> NLRB v. Robbins Tire & Rubber Co., 437 U.S. 214, 242 (1978).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> John Doe Agency v. John Doe Corp., 493 U.S. 146, 151 (1989); Oglesby v. United States Dep't of the Army, 920 F.2d 57, 68 (D.C.Cir.1990).

FOIA must be construed in accord with the ordinary public meaning of its terms at the time of its enactment to carry out Congress's open government mandate.<sup>10</sup>

As the Supreme Court has observed, public awareness of the government's actions is "a structural necessity in a real democracy." <sup>11</sup> *Timely* awareness is equally necessary because "stale information is of little value." <sup>12</sup> When "time is necessarily of the essence," the harm in agency delay is more likely to be irreparable. <sup>13</sup>

The Departments of Defense, Homeland Security, and State, and the Centers for Disease Control have previously granted AFL expedited processing. <sup>14</sup> So too it should be granted here. <sup>15</sup>

#### II. AFL is Entitled to Expedited Processing on this Record

As previously explained, AFL is entitled to expedited processing based on plain statutory and regulatory text. Also, AFL is entitled to expedited processing under controlling Circuit caselaw. The Circuit test weighs three main factors: (1) whether the request concerns a matter of current exigency to the American public; (2) whether the consequences of delaying a response would compromise a significant recognized interest; and (3) whether the request concerns federal government activity.

Respecting factor one, the record shows the Garland Memorandum and the weaponization of federal law enforcement against parents protesting at school board meetings are assuredly matters of public concern and media interest and the subject matter of the requests is central to a pressing issue of the day.

Respecting factor two, if production is delayed, then both AFL and the public at large will be precluded from obtaining in a timely fashion information vital to the current and ongoing debate on these issues and, critically, the Biden Administration's unprecedented decision to use the coercive power of federal government against American citizens protecting their children by exercising core Constitutional rights of speech and assembly. Being closed off from the opportunity to debate the Garland Memorandum and DOJ's law enforcement policies and activities itself is a harm in

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Bostock v. Clayton Cty., Georgia, 140 S. Ct. 1731, 1738 (2020).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Nat'l Archives & Records Admin. v. Favish, 541 U.S. 157, 172 (2004).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Payne Enters. v. United States, 837 F.2d 486, 494 (D.C. Cir. 1988); Am. Oversight v. U.S. Dep't of State, 414 F. Supp. 3d 182, 186 (D.D.C. 2019).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Elec. Privacy Info. Ctr. v. U.S. Dep't of Justice, 416 F. Supp. 2d 30, 40-41 (D.D.C. 2006).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Exhibit 7.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> The FOIA sets one standard for all federal agencies. Accordingly, it should be applied the same way by all federal agencies. The inconsistent and contradictory processing determinations made here, especially on a matter of such political sensibility and public interest, raise obvious policy and practice due process concerns. See Citizens for Resp. & Ethics in Washington v. U.S. Dep't of Hous. & Urb. Dev., 415 F. Supp. 3d 215, 225 (D.D.C. 2019).

an open democracy. 16 Disclosing relevant records months or even years from now will be of academic interest only—any damage will have been done and stale information is of little value. 17

Respecting factor three, AFL's requests manifestly concern "federal government activity."

DOJ's components, though purportedly applying the same statutory and regulatory text, have handled FOIA-2022-00056 differently and raised different and inconsistent grounds for denying expedited processing. This raises significant due process

As discussed below, the departments various objections to expedited processing are unavailing.

#### A. AFL's Primary Activity is Disseminating Information

OIP said: "The primary activity of your organization does not appear to be information dissemination, which is required for a requester to qualify for expedited processing under this standard" (internal citations omitted). 18 OLC made this argument as well. They erred.

As our website demonstrates, AFL meets the "primary purpose" statutory test. We distribute our work widely, posting government records for the benefit of the public, Congress, policymakers, and scholars, and creating and disseminating distinct work on media outlets of all sorts through the exercise of our editorial skills. 19 We intend

But do the requests touch on 'a matter of current exigency to the American public,' and would 'delaying a response...compromise a significant recognized interest,' Al-Fayed, 254 F.3d at 310? Likely, the answer to both questions is yes. Regarding nationwide 'exigency': In its requests, submitted the day after the April 6 missile strikes against Syria, Protect Democracy explained that 'the President's decision to initiate military action is of the utmost importance to the public,' and that 'whether the President has the legal authority to launch [such] a military strike' is similarly critical. Few would take issue with these assertions. But as evidence that they were justified, one need look no further than the widespread media attention—including by some of the nation's most prominent news outlets—paid both to the April 6 strike and its legality, as early as the date of Protect Democracy's requests.

Protect Democracy Project, Inc. v. U.S. Dep't of Def., 263 F. Supp. 3d 293, 299-300 (D.D.C. 2017). If the one or two news cycles worth of attention given to one missile strike is sufficient then the Garland Memorandum and the role of federal law enforcement in policing parents protesting at school board meetings qualifies as well.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> In *Protect Democracy Project*, the court reasoned:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> Payne, 837 F.2d at 494.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Exhibit 2 at 1.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> Brennan Center for Justice at NYU School of Law v. Department of Commerce, 498 F. Supp. 3d 87, 98 (D.D.C. 2020); accord Cause of Action v. FTC, 799 F.3d 1108, 1125-26 (D.C. Cir. 2015). Brennan *Center* is instructive and suggestive:

to disseminate information and analysis about this request—and any information obtained in response—on our website and social media outlets. Our email list contains over 65,000 unique email addresses, our Twitter page has nearly 10,000 followers, the Twitter page of our Founder and President has over 83,800 followers, and we have another 18,000 followers on GETTR. Courts have found other organizations engaged in similar activities "easily" satisfy the FOIA's "primarily engaged in disseminating information" standard with less than half the followers and subscribers AFL currently has.<sup>20</sup>

#### B. AFL Is Entitled to Expedited Processing Under 28 C.F.R. § 16.5(e)(1)(iii)

Section 16.5(e)(1)(iii) provides, "Requests and appeals shall be processed on an expedited basis whenever it is determined that they involve .... (iii) The loss of substantial due process rights...." OIP and OLC both said:

[We] have determined that your request for expedited processing under this standard should be denied [because] Courts are reluctant to grant expedited processing unless a requester can show (1) "that [he] is facing grave punishment [in a criminal proceeding], and (2) that there is reason to believe information will be produced to aid the individual's defense." Freeman v. United States Department of Justice, No. 92-0557, slip op. at 4 (D.D.C. Oct. 2, 1992). Neither of these circumstances is present here.

First, responding to FOIA-2022-00056 with form language strongly suggests AFL was not afforded the individualized consideration the law requires. A simple internet search of the citation "Freeman v. United States Department of Justice, No. 92-0557, slip op. at 4 (D.D.C. Oct. 2, 1992)" reveals that DOJ has been using this exact language in denial letters for at least 10 years.<sup>21</sup> While the government is not obliged to reinvent the wheel for every request, it is required to at least consider each

5

The Brennan Center asserts that it is primarily engaged in dissemination of information as 'a non-partisan law and public policy' group that 'regularly writ[es], publish[es], and disseminat[es] information' and maintains an online library of thousands of articles, including over forty articles about the census. *Defendants do not dispute the Brennan Center's status as an organization "primarily engaged in disseminating information,"* and other courts have found that similar organizations meet this standard.

Brennan Center, 498 F. Supp.3d at 98 (citations omitted). The FOIA sets one standard for all requestors. Treating AFL differently than others similarly situated, whether at the direction of individual political officials in OAG or in the Office of Public Affairs, or otherwise, violates AFL's due process rights.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> Protect Democracy Project, Inc., v, United States Dep't of Justice, 498 F. Supp. 3d 132, 139-40 (D.D.C. 2020) (citations omitted) (Protect Democracy had 36,000 Twitter followers and an email list of approximately 30,000 people).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> Exhibit 8, Letter from Carmen L. Mallon, U.S. Dep't of Justice, to Katherine Gallagher, Staff Attorney, Center for Constitutional Rights (July 11, 2011) (last visited October 19, 2021) available at https://ccrjustice.org/sites/default/files/assets/files/2011-07-

<sup>22%20</sup>DOJ%20Office%20of%20Information%20Policy%20FOIA%20Response.pdf.

individual request in good faith. It certainly is not the case the due process regulation means that expedited processing can only be granted when an individual's *criminal* due process rights are at stake—or it would specify that—so it does not make sense OAG would adjudicate FOIA-2022-00056 using this canned form response.

Moreover, Freeman, to AFL's knowledge, has not been used as controlling or persuasive authority for the cited proposition and in any event is not binding here. That case, as the cited quote makes clear, involved a single requestor defending a state court prosecution. Therefore, on the facts alone, it is distinguishable. More importantly, nothing in § 16.5(e)(1)(iii) limits its application to cases involving "grave punishment" and "reason to believe the information" will aid in defense as OIP and OLC claim, and it would be manifestly inappropriate for DOJ to rewrite the regulatory text for the purpose of manufacturing such a limitation here. Rather, the test is solely whether the subject matter of the request involves "The loss of substantial due process rights". AFL's request, seeking records related to the systematic deployment of federal law enforcement to chill parents' First Amendment rights and silence political dissent easily satisfies the regulatory requirement.

#### C. AFL Is Entitled to Expedited Processing Under 28 C.F.R. § 16.5(e)(1)(iv)

Alternatively, even if AFL could not satisfy the criteria for expedited processing under the "compelling need" or the "due process" test, it does meet the agency promulgated media-related standard. Section 16.5(e)(1)(iv) provides "Requests and appeals shall be processed on an expedited basis whenever it is determined that they involve .... (iv) A matter of widespread and exceptional media interest in which there exist possible questions about the government's integrity that affect public confidence." OIP and OLC said DOJ's Director of Public Affairs determined AFL failed this test but, contrary to law, offered no supporting reasoning or analysis. This determination, however, is facially absurd.<sup>22</sup>

The Garland Memorandum has been the subject of widespread media coverage, Congressional outrage, and public debate. <sup>23</sup> Accordingly, it is a matter of urgent and

.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> Citizens for Responsibility and Ethics in Washington v. U.S. Department of Justice, 436 F. Supp. 354, 361-62 (D.D.C. 2020).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> See, Brittany Bernstein, Parents Group Sounds Alarm Over AG Garland's Ties to Pro-CRT, Zuckerberg-Backed Consultancy, NATIONAL REVIEW (Oct. 7, 2021) https://www.nationalreview.com/news/parents-group-sounds-alarm-over-ag-garlands-ties-to-pro-crtzuckerberg-backed-consultancy/; Jerry Dunleavy, GOP Senators Rise Conflict of Interest Concerns Over Garland's Son-In-Law's Education Company, Washington Examiner (Oct. 10, 2021) https://www.washingtonexaminer.com/news/gop-senators-raise-conflict-interest-concerns-garlandson-in-law-company-panorama-education; Sen. Ted Cruz, Sen. Mike Lee, and Sen. Marsha Blackburn, Hon. Merrick Garland, Attorney General (Oct. https://www.cruz.senate.gov/imo/media/doc/202110.08crtlettertoaggarland.pdf; Elkind. Daughter of Attorney General Who Ordered DOJ to Probe Angry Parents for Domestic Terrorism is Married to Founder of Education Group that Promotes Critical Race Theory: Merrick Garland Accused of a Conflict of Interest, DAILY MAIL (Oct. 7, 2021) https://www.dailymail.co.uk/news/article-

intense public interest and concern in which there are possible questions about the government's integrity that affect public confidence, and expedited processing under 28 C.F.R. § 16.5(e)(1)(iv) is appropriate. <sup>24</sup>

#### D. EOUSA's Objection Fails

#### EOUSA said:

A proper Freedom of Information Act request for records must reasonably describe the records sought. See 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(3)(A). After carefully reviewing your request, I have determined that you did not reasonably describe the subject of your request to allow this office to locate the records you seek with a reasonable amount of effort. Further, your request for this office to search for all records and/or all communications regarding the subject at issue would be unduly burdensome. The files and records of the United States Attorneys are maintained in over one hundred separate offices throughout the United States. Therefore, please identify the specific United States Attorney's office(s) where you believe records may be located.<sup>25</sup>

First, none of the other components queried such a claim because AFL described the subject of its request with specificity. Second, the linchpin inquiry is whether the agency may determine precisely what records are being requested. 26 AFL did not ask EOUSA to agree or disagree with contentions, or conduct original legal research and render an opinion, or create or retain records. See Kissinger v. Reps. Comm. for Freedom of the Press, 445 U.S. 136, 152 (1980). Rather, AFL requested records pertaining to two documents, specifically the Garland Memorandum and the National School Boards Association letter (Items A and B); specific facts (Items C, D, E, and F); revealing the meaning of key terms in used in the Garland Memorandum but not found or defined in the Constitution, federal statutes, or applicable regulations (Item G); and communications with a narrowly defined group of persons (Items H and I).

Second, the Garland Memorandum directed "the Federal Bureau of Investigation, working with each United States Attorney, to convene meetings with federal, state,

<sup>10069425/</sup>Garland-accused-conflict-ties-education-group-promoting-Critical-Race-Theory.html. Indeed, even this denial garnered media attention. Michael Lee, America First Legal Request for Expedited FOIA on DOJ Targeting School Board Violence' Denied, FOX NEWS (Oct. 18, 2021) https://www.foxnews.com/politics/america-first-legal-request-expedited-foia-seeking-information-dojtargeting-parents-denied.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> American Civil Liberties Union v. U.S. Dep't of Justice, 321 F. Supp. 24, 31 (D.D.C. 2004) (citations omitted); see also Brennan Center, 498 F. Supp. 3d at 98-99; Citizens for Responsibility, 436 F. Supp. 3d at 360-61.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> Exhibit 5.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> See Dale v. IRS, 238 F.Supp.2d 99, 104 (D.D.C. 2002) (citation omitted).

local, Tribal, and territorial leaders in each federal judicial district within 30 days .... [to] open dedicated lines of communication for threat reporting, assessment, and response" (emphasis added). Accordingly, "each United States Attorney" must have responsive records. That this requires searching multiple locations is of no legal moment—the Garland Memorandum itself defines the lawful scope of AFL's request.

#### IV. Conclusion.

Accordingly, AFL asks for this appeal to be granted and for expedited processing to be provided on FOIA Request FOIA-2022-00056 at the earliest practicable time. Please contact the undersigned at <u>FOIA@aflegal.org</u> if additional clarification or information is required.

28 C.F.R. § 16.5(e)(4) provides that "If a request for expedited processing is denied, any appeal of that decision shall be acted on expeditiously." Given the clarity of the record and the urgency of the issue, we request a determination within five (5) business days.

/s/

Reed D. Rubinstein
America First Legal Foundation

# EXHIBIT 1



October 7, 2021

#### Via Online Portal and Email

Douglas Hibbard
Chief, Initial Request Staff
Office of Information Policy
Department of Justice
6th Floor, 441 G Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20530-0001
MRUFOIA.Requests@usdoj.gov

Melissa Golden
Lead Paralegal and FOIA Specialist
Office of Legal Counsel
Department of Justice
Room 5511, 950 Pennsylvania Avenue,
N.W.
Washington, DC 20530-0001
usdoi-officeoflegalcounsel@usdoi.gov

Kilian B. Kagle Chief, Civil Rights Division 4CON, Room 6.153 950 Pennsylvania Ave., N.W. Washington, DC 20530 CRT.FOIArequests@usdoj.gov Amanda M. Jones Chief, FOIA/PA Unit Criminal Division Department of Justice Suite 1127, Keeney Building Washington, DC 20530-0001 crm.foia@usdoj.gov

Arla Witte-Simpson FOIA Public Liaison Executive Office for U.S. Attorneys Department of Justice 175 N Street, N.E., Suite 5.400 Washington, DC 20530-0001

Michael G. Seidel, Section Chief Record/Information Dissemination Section Records Management Division Federal Bureau of Investigation Department of Justice 200 Constitution Drive Winchester, VA 22602

### Freedom of Information Act Request: DOJ's Assault on America's School Parents

#### Dear FOIA Officers:

America First Legal Foundation ("AFL") is a national, nonprofit organization. AFL works to promote the rule of law in the United States, prevent executive overreach, ensure due process and equal protection for all Americans, and promote knowledge and understanding of the law and individual rights guaranteed under the Constitution and laws of the United States.

Americans have a fundamental liberty interest in, and the Constitutional right to control and direct, the education of their own children. Accordingly, parents across the nation are speaking out against Critical Race Theory and other forms of antireligious, anti-family public school indoctrination. They want schools open and teaching children in-person without politically driven curricula and universal mask mandates. Consequently, radical leftist teacher unions, public school administrators, school board members, and politicians have targeted them for cancellation, lawfare, and intimidation. As Terry McAuliffe, a political operative substantially funded by the National Education Association and American Federation of Teachers put it, "I don't think parents should be telling [public] schools what they should teach." Nevertheless, parents continue to exercise their right to direct the upbringing and education of their children, and to fight the idea that their children are teacher union property.

On September 29, 2021, the partisan "National School Boards Association" made public a "letter" demanding federal action under the PATRIOT ACT to stop parents from

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Troxel v. Granville, 530 U.S. 57, 65 (2000) (O'Connor, J.); Pierce v. Society of Sisters, 268 U.S. 510, 534 – 35 (1925); Meyer v. Nebraska, 262 U.S. 390, 399 (1923).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Jon Levine, Powerful Teachers Union Influenced CDC on School Reopenings, Emails Show, NEW YORK POST (May 1, 2021) https://nypost.com/2021/05/01/teachers-union-collaborated-with-cdc-on-school-reopening-emails/.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> See Harold Hutchinson, 'Expose These People Publicly': Parents Against Critical Race Curriculum Listed By Teachers Attempting To 'Infiltrate' Them, DAILY CALLER (March 17, 2021) https://dailycaller.com/2021/03/17/virginia-parents-targeted-for-opposing-critical-race-theory/; Luke Rosiak, 'Let Them Die, Top PTA, NAACP Official Says In Tirade About Anti-Critical Race Theory Parents, DAILY WIRE (July 16, 2021) https://www.dailywire.com/news/pta-naacp-official-let-them-die-critical-race-theory; Jonathan Turley, GoFundMe Shuts Down Fundraiser Of Parents Opposing Critical Race Theory In Loudoun County, Res IPSA LOQUITUR - THE THING ITSELF SPEAKS (Mar. 31, 2021) https://jonathanturley.org/2021/03/31/gofundme-shuts-down-fundraiser-of-parents-opposing-critical-race-theoryin-loudoun-county/; Nasty Nightline Accuses Parents Protesting CRT of Enabling Racism, Whitewashing History (July 16, 2021) https://www.cybernistas.com/2021/07/16/nasty-nightline-accuses-parentsprotesting-crt-of-enabling-racism-whitewashing-history/; William A. Jacobson, Union-Linked Coalition Scripts 'Messaging' To Counter Parental Pushback Against Critical Race Theory, LEGAL INSUR-RECTION (Jul. 5, 2021) https://legalinsurrection.com/2021/07/union-linked-coalition-scripts-messagingto-counter-parental-pushback-against-critical-race-theory/; Samuel Chamberlin, Teachers Union Sues Rhode Island Mom Over Requests for CRT Curriculum Info, NEW YORK POST (Aug. 5, 2021) https://nypost.com/2021/08/05/teachers-union-sues-mom-over-requests-for-crt-curriculum-info/; Emma Colton, Kansas Math Teacher Resigns Over CRT Training and Renewed Mask Mandates, Gets Fined, Kansas School Reportedly Spends \$400,000 on Critical Race Theory Training for Teachers, Fox News (Aug, 14, 2021) https://www.foxnews.com/us/kansas-math-teacher-resigns-crt-mask-mandate-fined.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Michael Lee, McAuliffe Says He Doesn't Believe Parents Should Tell Schools What to Teach, Fox News (Sept. 28, 2021) <a href="https://www.foxnews.com/politics/mcauliffe-says-he-doesnt-believe-parents-should-control-what-schools-teach">https://www.foxnews.com/politics/mcauliffe-says-he-doesnt-believe-parents-should-control-what-schools-teach</a>. In 2021, teacher unions have given McAuliffe over \$600,000 for his political campaign. Vpap.org, Top Donors, Terry McAuliffe, Democrat (Oct. 10, 2021) <a href="https://www.vpap.org/candidates/11897/top-donors/?start\_year=2021&end\_year=2021">https://www.vpap.org/candidates/11897/top-donors/?start\_year=2021&end\_year=2021</a>. See also Josh Gerstein, Chinese Investors Sue McAuliffe, Rodham over Green-car Investments, The Suit is the Latest Headache for the Virginia Governor as He Mulls a Presidential Bid, POLITICO (Nov. 8, 2017) <a href="https://www.politico.com/story/2017/11/28/greentech-automotive-lawsuit-terry-mcauliffe-262771">https://www.politico.com/story/2017/11/28/greentech-automotive-lawsuit-terry-mcauliffe-262771</a>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Pierce, 268 U.S. at 535.

objecting to mask mandates and Critical Race Theory.<sup>6</sup> Federal action was demanded because, *inter alia*, parents were engaged in First Amendment activities including "posting watchlists against school boards and spreading misinformation that boards are adopting critical race theory curriculum and working to maintain online learning by haphazardly attributing it to COVID-19."<sup>7</sup>

On October 4, 2021, the Attorney General issued a Memorandum to the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the Executive Office for U.S. Attorneys, the Assistant Attorney General of the Criminal Division, and all United States Attorneys purporting to address a "disturbing spike in harassment, intimidation, and threats of violence against school administrators, board members, teachers, and staff who participate in the vital work of running our nation's public schools." He promised the Department would "protect all people in the United States from violence, threats of violence, and *other forms of intimidation and harassment*."

In Ohio, an individual mailed a letter to a school board member labeling the return address on the envelope from a local neighborhood association and then enclosing threatening hate mail from another entity. This correspondence states that, "We are coming after you and all the members on the ... BoE [Board of Education]." This hate mail continues by stating, "You are forcing them to wear mask—for no reason in this world other than control. And for that you will pay dearly." Among other incendiaries, this same threat also calls the school board member a "filthy traitor," implies loss of pension funds, and labels the school board as Marxist. Earlier this month, a student in Tennessee was mocked during a board meeting for advocating masks in schools after testifying that his grandmother, who was an educator, died because of COVID-19. These threats and acts of violence are affecting our nation's democracy at the very foundational levels, causing school board members - many who are not paid - to resign immediately and/or discontinue their service after their respective terms. Further, this increasing violence is a clear and present danger to civic participation, in which other citizens who have been contemplating service as either an elected or appointed school board member have reconsidered their decision.

#### Citations omitted.

<sup>8</sup> Memorandum from the Attorney General, October 4, 2021, to the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the Director of the Executive Office for U.S. Attorneys, the Assistant Attorney General for the Criminal Division, and the United States Attorneys, titled, "Partnership among federal, state, local, tribal, and territorial law enforcement to address threats against school administrators, board members, teachers, and staff" available at https://www.justice.gov/ag/page/file/1438986/download.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> National School Board Ass'n, Letter to Joseph R. Biden Re: Federal Assistance to Stop Threats and Acts of Violence Against Public Schoolchildren, Public School Board Members, and Other Public School District Officials and Educators (sic) (Sept. 29, 2021) https://nsba.org/-/media/NSBA/File/nsba-letter-to-president-biden-concerning-threats-to-public-schools-and-school-board-members-92921.pd. This letter repeated union-approved talking points, including the fatuous claim "critical race theory is not taught in public schools..." Id. at 1; William A. Jacobson, supra note 3; Jessica Anderson, Reading, Writing, and Racism: the NEA's Campaign to Gaslight Parents, NATIONAL REVIEW ONLINE (July 10, 2021) https://www.nationalreview.com/2021/07/reading-writing-and-racism-the-neas-campaign-to-gaslight-parents/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> National School Board Ass'n, *supra* note 6 at 5. Labeling First Amendment protected political speech "hate" the letter also claimed as grounds for federal action the following:

AFL's mission includes promoting government transparency and accountability by gathering official information, analyzing it, and disseminating it through reports, press releases, and media, including social media platforms, to educate the public and to keep government officials accountable for their duty to faithfully execute, protect, and defend the Constitution and laws of the United States. The evidence suggests the Attorney General's October 4 Memorandum is the byproduct of and/or a key Biden Administration "deliverable" in a collusive scheme to injure, oppress, threaten, or intimidate parents in the free exercise or enjoyment of their rights or privileges secured by the Constitution or laws of the United States. Especially in the context of the Attorney General's promise, memorialized both in his June 11 policy address and in the Biden Administration's "first-ever" National Strategy for Countering Domestic Terrorism, to use the Department's criminal and other authorities to target American citizens in "combat" against domestic "misinformation" and "disinformation", the October 4 Memorandum is of grave concern. Violent crime is exploding, and the U.S. southern border is open to criminal aliens and terrorist infiltration, but the Department, at the behest of leftist partisans, has instead chosen to threaten American parents for exercising their Constitutional rights.<sup>10</sup>

Therefore, under the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA), 5 U.S.C. § 552, AFL hereby requests the following department records. For the purposes of 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(6)(E)(vi) and 28 C.F.R. § 16.5(e), AFL certifies it has a compelling need for expedited processing of its requests.

### I. Special Definitions

"Department" means the U.S. Department of Justice and its components.

"Garland Memorandum" means the Memorandum from the Attorney General, dated October 4, 2021, addressed to the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the Director of the Executive Office for U.S. Attorneys, the Assistant Attorney General for the Criminal Division, and the United States Attorneys, with the Subject line titled, "Partnership among federal, state, local, tribal, and territorial law enforcement

\_

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> U.S. Dep't of Justice, Attorney General Merrick Garland Delivered a Policy Address Regarding Voting Rights (June 11, 2021) https://www.justice.gov/opa/speech/attorney-general-merrick-b-garland-delivered-policy-address-regarding-voting-rights; Nat'l Sec. Council, National Strategy for Countering Domestic Terrorism at 9, 18, 20, 29 (June 2021) https://www.whitehouse.gov/wp-content/up-loads/2021/06/National-Strategy-for-Countering-Domestic-Terrorism.pdf.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Jeff Asher, Murder Rose by Almost 30% in 2020. It's Rising at a Slower Rate in 2021, NEW YORK TIMES (Sept. 22, 2021) https://www.nytimes.com/2021/09/22/upshot/murder-rise-2020.html; Ryan Lucas, FBI Data Shows an Unprecedented Spike in Murders Nationwide in 2020, NPR (Sept. 27, 2021) https://www.npr.org/2021/09/27/1040904770/fbi-data-murder-increase-2020; Matt Masterson, Chicago Outpacing 2020 Shooting, Homicide Totals Through End of August, WTTW (Sept. 1, 2021) https://news.wttw.com/2021/09/01/chicago-outpacing-2020-shooting-homicide-totals-through-end-august; See generally, Southwest Border Land Encounters, U.S. CUSTOMS AND BORDER PROTECTION, https://www.cbp.gov/newsroom/stats/southwest-land-border-encounters (last visited October 6, 2021).

to address threats against school administrators, board members, teachers, and staff" found at <a href="https://www.justice.gov/ag/page/file/1438986/download">https://www.justice.gov/ag/page/file/1438986/download</a>.

"NSBA" means the National School Board Association

"NSBA Letter" means the document found at <a href="https://nsba.org/-/me-dia/NSBA/File/nsba-letter-to-president-biden-concerning-threats-to-public-schools-and-school-board-members-92921.pd">https://nsba.org/-/me-dia/NSBA/File/nsba-letter-to-president-biden-concerning-threats-to-public-schools-and-school-board-members-92921.pd</a>

"Person" means any legal or natural person.

#### II. Custodians

Relevant custodians include:

- 1. Attorney General Merrick B. Garland
- 2. The Attorney General's Chief of Staff
- 3. The Office of the Attorney General
- 4. The Office of the Deputy Attorney General
- 5. The Office of the Associate Attorney General
- 6. The Department of Justice White House Liaison
- 7. The Office of Public Affairs
- 8. The Office of the Assistant Attorney General for the Criminal Division
- 9. The Office of the Assistant Attorney General for the Civil Rights Division
- 10. The Office of the Director of the FBI
- 11. The Executive Office for U.S. Attorneys
- 12. The Office of Legal Counsel

## II. Requested Records

The timeframe for all requests is September 15, 2021, to the date this request is processed.

- A) All records of, concerning, or regarding (1) the Garland Memorandum and/or (2) the NSBA Letter.
- B) All records sufficient to show each person within the Department who reviewed (1) the Garland Memorandum and/or (2) the NSBA Letter.
- C) All records created by the Department showing the "disturbing spike in harassment, intimidation, and threats of violence" referenced in the Garland Memorandum.

- D) All records the Department relied upon to support the Garland Memorandum statement "there has been a disturbing spike in harassment, intimidation, and threats of violence against school administrators, board members, teachers, and staff who participate in the vital work of running our nation's public schools."
- E) All records created by the Department showing "the rise in criminal conduct directed toward school personnel" referenced in the Garland Memorandum.
- F) All records the Department relied upon to support the Garland Memorandum statement there has been "a rise in criminal conduct directed toward school personnel."
- G) All records sufficient to show the Department's understanding and interpretation of the term "intimidation and harassment" used in the Garland Memorandum.
- H) All communications from, with, or regarding any person employed by the National Education Association and/or the American Federation of Teachers.
- I) All communications with any person having an email address including eop.gov regarding (1) the Garland Memorandum, (2) the NSBA, (3) the NSBA Letter, (4) the National Education Association and/or the American Federation of Teachers and/or (5) any person employed by the National Education Association and/or the American Federation of Teachers.

#### IV. Redactions

FOIA requires the Department to disclose records freely and promptly. The department must liberally construe AFL's requests and make a good faith effort to search for requested records using methods "which can be reasonably expected to produce the information requested." At all times, FOIA must be construed to carry out Congress's open government mandate according to the ordinary public meaning of its terms at the time of its enactment.<sup>11</sup>

Redactions are disfavored as the FOIA's exemptions are exclusive and must be narrowly construed. If a record contains information responsive to a FOIA request, then the department must disclose the entire record; a single record cannot be split into responsive and non-responsive bits. Consequently, the department should produce email attachments.

In connection with this request, and to comply with your legal obligations:

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> 5 U.S.C. §§ 552(a)(3)(A), 552(a)(6)(A); Bostock v. Clayton Cty., Georgia, 140 S. Ct. 1731, 1738 (2020);
 NLRB v. Robbins Tire & Rubber Co., 437 U.S. 214, 242 (1978); John Doe Agency v. John Doe Corp.,
 493 U.S. 146, 151 (1989); Oglesby v. United States Dep't of the Army, 920 F.2d 57, 68 (D.C. Cir. 1990).

- Please search all locations and systems likely to have responsive records, regardless of format, medium, or physical characteristics.
- In conducting your search, please construe the term "record" in the broadest possible sense, to include any written, typed, recorded, graphic, printed, or audio material of any kind. We seek all records, including electronic records, audiotapes, videotapes, and photographs, as well as texts, letters, emails, facsimiles, telephone messages, voice mail messages, and transcripts, notes, or minutes of any meetings, telephone conversations, or discussions.
- Our request includes any attachments to those records or other materials enclosed with a record when transmitted. If an email is responsive to our request, then our request includes all prior messages sent or received in that email chain, as well as any attachments.
- Please search all relevant records or systems containing records regarding agency business. Do not exclude records regarding agency business contained in files, email accounts, or devices in the personal custody of your officials, such as personal email accounts or text messages. Records of official business conducted using unofficial systems or stored outside of official files are subject to the Federal Records Act and FOIA. It is not adequate to rely on policies and procedures that require officials to move such information to official systems within a certain period of time; AFL has a right to records contained in those files even if material has not yet been moved to official systems or if officials have, by intent or through negligence, failed to meet their obligations.
- Please use all tools available to your agency to conduct a complete and efficient search for potentially responsive records. Agencies are subject to governmentwide requirements to manage agency information electronically, and many agencies have adopted the National Archives and Records Administration ("NARA") Capstone program, or similar policies. These systems provide options for searching emails and other electronic records in a manner that is reasonably likely to be more complete than just searching individual custodian files. For example, a custodian may have deleted a responsive email from his or her email program, but your agency's archiving tools may capture that email under Capstone. At the same time, custodian searches are still necessary; you may not have direct access to files stored in .PST files, outside of network drives, in paper format, or in personal email accounts.
- If some portions of the requested records are properly exempt from disclosure, please disclose any reasonably segregable non-exempt portions of the requested records. If a request is denied in whole, please state specifically why it is not reasonable to segregate portions of the record for release.

• Please take appropriate steps to ensure that records responsive to this request are not deleted by the agency before the completion of processing for this request. If records potentially responsive to this request are likely to be located on systems where they are subject to potential deletion, including on a scheduled basis, please take steps to prevent that deletion, including, as appropriate, by instituting a litigation hold on those records.

## V. Fee Waiver Request

Per 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(4)(A)(iii) and 28 C.F.R. § 16.10, AFL requests a waiver of all search and duplication fees.

First, AFL is a qualified non-commercial public education and news media requester. AFL is a new organization, but it has already demonstrated its commitment to the public disclosure of documents and creation of editorial content through regular substantive analyses posted to its website. For example, its officials routinely appear on national television and use social media platforms to disseminate the information it has obtained about federal government activities. In this case, AFL will make your records and your responses publicly available for the benefit of citizens, scholars, and others. The public's understanding of your policies and practices will be enhanced through AFL's analysis and publication of the requested records. As a nonprofit organization, AFL does not have a commercial purpose and the release of the information requested is not in AFL's financial interest. This has previously been recognized by this department and by the Departments of Defense Education, Energy, Interior, Health and Human Services, and Homeland Security, and the Office of the Director of National Intelligence.

Second, waiver is proper as disclosure of the requested information is "in the public interest because it is likely to contribute significantly to public understanding of operations or activities of the government." The disclosure of records bearing on the department's fidelity to the rule of law and the apparent use of its law enforcement authorities to chill parents from contesting critical race theory and mask mandates in their children's public schools will plainly contribute to public understanding of the federal government's activities.

## VI. Expedited Processing

AFL certifies "compelling need" for expedited processing under 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(6)(E).

First, as multiple federal agencies (including this department) have acknowledged, AFL is primarily "engaged in disseminating information." Second, the Garland Memorandum, as well as the department's plan to "protect all people" from "intimidation

and harassment" are assuredly matters of "actual or alleged Federal Government activity." Third, the common public meaning of "urgency" at the time of § 552(a)(6)(E)(v)(II)'s enactment was "the quality or state of being urgent." The common public meaning of "urgent", in turn, was "requiring or compelling speedy action or attention." The department obviously believes the Garland Memorandum and its subject matter require or compel speedy action and attention, as evidenced by his direction for the FBI and the U.S Attorneys to meet with school leaders in each federal judicial district within the next 30 days. Accordingly, AFL should be granted expedited processing.

In the alternative, 28 C.F.R. § 16.5(e) is the department's expedited processing regulation. 28 C.F.R. § 16.5(e)(ii) repeats the statutory factors. Therefore, as explained above, AFL is entitled to expedited processing here as well. But as permitted by statute, the department has expanded expedited processing to include requests for records involving the loss of substantial due process rights or matters of widespread and exceptional media interest in which there exist possible questions about the government's integrity that affect public confidence. Chilling parents' exercise of their Constitutional rights, as the Garland Memorandum arguably does, facially threatens the "loss of substantial due process rights" under 28 C.F.R. § 16.5(e)(1)(iii). Additionally, the Garland Memorandum and its subject matter are self-evidently of urgent and intense public interest and concern in which there are possible questions about the government's integrity that affect public confidence under 28 C.F.R. § 16.5(e)(1)(iv).

Also in the alternative, the Circuit test for expedited processing requires weighing three main factors: (1) whether the request concerns a matter of current exigency to the American public; (2) whether the consequences of delaying a response would compromise a significant recognized interest; and (3) whether the request concerns federal government activity. AFL meets this test as well. Respecting factor one, as noted above, the Garland Memorandum and its subject matter are assuredly matters of public concern and media interest and central to a pressing issue of the day. Respecting factor two, if production is delayed, then both AFL and the public at large will be precluded from obtaining in a timely fashion information vital to the current and ongoing debate surrounding election integrity, voting rights, and, critically, the Biden Administration's unprecedented decision to use the department's massive coercive powers against American parents. Being closed off from the opportunity to debate the department's conduct here itself is a harm in an open democracy. And the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Al-Fayed v. Central Intelligence Agency, 254 F.3d 300, 309-10 (D.C. Cir. 2001).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> In *Protect Democracy Project*, the District Court reasoned:

But do the requests touch on 'a matter of current exigency to the American public,' and would 'delaying a response...compromise a significant recognized interest,' *Al–Fayed*, 254 F.3d at 310? Likely, the answer to both questions is yes. Regarding nationwide 'exigency': In its requests, submitted the day after the April 6 missile strikes against Syria, Protect Democracy explained that 'the President's decision to initiate military action is of the utmost importance to the public,' and that 'whether the President has

possibility exists that extra-legal law enforcement action may be taken by the department against parents who oppose the indoctrination of their children. Disclosing relevant records months or even years from now will be of academic interest only—any damage will have been done and stale information is of little value. <sup>14</sup> Respecting factor three, AFL's requests manifestly concern "federal government activity."

Any concerns the department or other requesters may raise about granting AFL expedited processing have been weighed by Congress, and Congress has concluded them to be of subsidiary importance to compelling and time-sensitive cases, such as this. Practically speaking, AFL believes it is difficult for the department to credibly argue expedited processing in this case would cause much delay to other requesters given the very specific nature of AFL's FOIA requests and the extremely limited time window.

#### VII. Production

To accelerate release of responsive records, AFL welcomes production on an agreed rolling basis. If possible, please provide responsive records in an electronic format by email. Alternatively, records in native format or in PDF format on a USB drive. Please send any responsive records being transmitted by mail to America First Legal Foundation, 600 14<sup>th</sup> Street NW, 5<sup>th</sup> Floor, Washington, D.C. 20005.

#### VIII. Conclusion

Please contact me at <u>FOIA@aflegal.org</u> if you have questions about this request, believe additional discussion of search and processing will facilitate more efficient and timely production, or if the fee waiver and expedited processing demands are not granted in full. Thank you in advance for your cooperation.

Thank you,

Reed D. Rubinstein America First Legal Foundation

the legal authority to launch [such] a military strike' is similarly critical. Few would take issue with these assertions. But as evidence that they were justified, one need look no further than the widespread media attention—including by some of the nation's most prominent news outlets—paid both to the April 6 strike and its legality, as early as the date of Protect Democracy's requests.

*Protect Democracy Project, Inc. v. U.S. Dep't of Def.*, 263 F. Supp. 3d 293, 299-300 (D.D.C. 2017). If the one or two news cycles worth of attention given to one missile strike is sufficient to constitute "urgent" then certainly, then the Garland Memorandum and its subject matter are urgent as well.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> See Payne Enterprises, Inc. v. United States, 837 F.2d 486, 494 (D.C. Cir. 1988).

# EXHIBIT 2

## Case 1:21-cv-03024 Document 1-6 Filed 11/15/21 Page 21 of 74



U.S. Department of Justice Office of Information Policy Sixth Floor 441 G Street, NW Washington, DC 20530-0001

Telephone: (202) 514-3642

October 14, 2021

Reed Rubinstein America First Legal foia@aflegal.org

Re: FOIA-2022-00056 DRH:GMG

Dear Reed Rubinstein:

This is to acknowledge receipt of your Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) request dated and received in this Office on October 7, 2021, in which you requested records of the Office of the Attorney General, Office of the Deputy Attorney General, Office of the Associate Attorney General, and Office of Public Affairs concerning the October 4, 2021 memorandum of Attorney General Merrick Garland related to violence against school administrators since September 15, 2021.

You have requested expedited processing of your request pursuant to the Department's standard permitting expedition for requests involving "[a]n urgency to inform the public about an actual or alleged federal government activity, if made by a person primarily engaged in disseminating information." See 28 C.F.R. § 16.5(e)(1)(ii) (2018). Courts have held that to qualify under this standard, an organization must be "primarily, and not just incidentally, engaged in information dissemination." *Landmark Legal Foundation v. EPA*, 910 F. Supp. 2d 70, 276 (D.D.C. 2012). Based on the information you have provided, I have determined that your request under this standard should be denied. The primary activity of your organization does not appear to be information dissemination, which is required for a requester to qualify for expedited processing under this standard.

You have also requested expedited processing of your request pursuant to the Department's standard involving the "loss of substantial due process rights." See 28 C.F.R. § 16.5(d)(iii). Based on the information you have provided, I have determined that your request for expedited processing under this standard should be denied. Courts are reluctant to grant expedited processing unless a requester can show (1) "that [he] is facing grave punishment [in a criminal proceeding], and (2) that there is reason to believe information will be produced to aid the individual's defense." Freeman v. United States Department of Justice, No. 92-0557, slip op. at 4 (D.D.C. Oct. 2, 1992). Neither of these circumstances is present here.

Lastly, you have requested expedited processing of your request pursuant to the Department's standard involving "[a] matter of widespread and exceptional media interest in

which there exist possible questions about the government's integrity which affect public confidence." See 28 C.F.R. § 16.5(e)(1)(iv). Pursuant to Department policy, we directed your request to the Director of Public Affairs, who makes the decision whether to grant or deny expedited processing under this standard. See id. § 16.5(e)(2). The Director has determined that your request for expedited processing should be denied. Please be advised that, although your request for expedited processing has been denied, it has been assigned to an analyst in this Office and our processing of it has been initiated.

To the extent that your request requires a search in another Office, consultations with other Department components or another agency, and/or involves a voluminous amount of material, your request falls within "unusual circumstances." See 5 U.S.C. 552 § (a)(6)(B)(i)-(iii) (2018). Accordingly, we will need to extend the time limit to respond to your request beyond the ten additional days provided by the statute. For your information, we use multiple tracks to process requests, but within those tracks we work in an agile manner, and the time needed to complete our work on your request will necessarily depend on a variety of factors, including the complexity of our records search, the volume and complexity of any material located, and the order of receipt of your request. At this time we have assigned your request to the complex track. In an effort to speed up our process, you may wish to narrow the scope of your request to limit the number of potentially responsive records so that it can be placed in a different processing track. You can also agree to an alternative time frame for processing, should records be located, or you may wish to await the completion of our records search to discuss either of these options. Any decision with regard to the application of fees will be made only after we determine whether fees will be implicated for this request.

If you have any questions or wish to discuss reformulation or an alternative time frame for the processing of your request, you may contact the analyst handing your request, Georgianna Gilbeaux, by telephone at the above number or you may write to them at the above address. You may contact our FOIA Public Liaison, Valeree Villanueva, for any further assistance and to discuss any aspect of your request at: Office of Information Policy, United States Department of Justice, Sixth Floor, 441 G Street, NW, Washington, DC 20530-0001; telephone at 202-514-3642.

Additionally, you may contact the Office of Government Information Services (OGIS) at the National Archives and Records Administration to inquire about the FOIA mediation services they offer. The contact information for OGIS is as follows: Office of Government Information Services, National Archives and Records Administration, Room 2510, 8601 Adelphi Road, College Park, MD 20740-6001; e-mail at <a href="mailto:ogis@nara.gov">ogis@nara.gov</a>; telephone at 202-741-5770; toll free at 1-877-684-6448; or facsimile at 202-741-5769.

If you are not satisfied with my response to this request for expedited processing, you may administratively appeal by writing to the Director, Office of Information Policy, United States Department of Justice, Sixth Floor, 441 G Street, NW, Washington, DC 20530-0001, or you may submit an appeal through OIP's FOIA STAR portal by creating an account following the instructions on OIP's website: <a href="https://www.justice.gov/oip/submit-and-track-request-or-appeal">https://www.justice.gov/oip/submit-and-track-request-or-appeal</a>. Your appeal must be postmarked or electronically submitted within ninety days of the

date of my response to your request. If you submit your appeal by mail, both the letter and the envelope should be clearly marked "Freedom of Information Act Appeal."

Sincerely,

Douglas R. Hibbard

Chief, Initial Request Staff

# EXHIBIT 3

## Case 1:21-cv-03024 Document 1-6 Filed 11/15/21 Page 25 of 74



Office of Legal Counsel

Washington, D.C. 20530

October 15, 2021

Reed D. Rubinstein America First Legal Foundation FOIA@aflegal.org

**Re:** FOIA Tracking No. FY22-003

Dear Mr. Rubinstein:

This letter acknowledges receipt of your October 7, 2021 Freedom of Information Act ("FOIA") request to the Office of Legal Counsel ("OLC"), among others, in which you sought nine categories of records regarding "(1) the [October 4, 2021] Garland Memorandum, (2) the NSBA, (3) the NSBA Letter, [and/or] (4) the National Education Association and/or the American Federation of Teachers." We received your request on October 7, 2021, and it has been assigned tracking number FY22-003. For your information, consistent with 28 C.F.R. § 16.4(a), we construe your request as seeking records from September 15, 2021, to the date a search is begun. Based on our preliminary review of your request, and pursuant to 28 C.F.R. § 16.5(b), your request has been tentatively assigned to the "complex" processing track. If you would like to narrow your request so that it can be transferred to the "simple" track and processed more quickly, please contact Melissa Golden at the address and phone number provided below. We have not yet made a decision on your request for a fee waiver. We will do so after we determine whether fees will be assessed for this request.

I have determined that your request for expedited processing under 28 C.F.R. § 16.5(e)(1)(ii) should be denied. While you have stated that the "AFL's mission includes promoting government transparency and accountability by gathering official information, analyzing it, and disseminating it," you have not established that the AFL is "primarily engaged in disseminating information." Courts have held that to qualify under this standard, an organization must be "primarily, and not just incidentally, engaged in information dissemination." Landmark Legal Found. v. EPA, 910 F. Supp. 2d 270, 276 (D.D.C. 2012). Put another way, information dissemination must be "the main activity" of the requestor, and not merely "a main activity." ACLU of N. Cal. v. DOJ, No. 04-4447, 2005 WL 588354, at \*14 (N.D. Cal. Mar. 11, 2005). Accordingly, courts have upheld the denial of requests for expedited processing from such legal policy advocacy organizations as the American Civil Liberties Union of Northern California and the Landmark Legal Foundation. See Landmark Legal Found., 910 F. Supp. 2d at 275-76; ACLU of N. Cal., 2005 WL 588354, at \*14. As described in your letter, the AFL "works to promote the rule of law in the United States, prevent executive overreach, ensure due process and equal protection for all Americans, and promote knowledge and understanding of the law and individual rights guaranteed under the Constitution and laws of the United States." In addition, a review of the AFL's public statements about its mission and work indicate that, like those other organizations, its primary activity is legal policy advocacy and not

information dissemination. See, e.g., America First Legal, What We Do, <a href="https://www.aflegal.org/about">https://www.aflegal.org/about</a> (last visited October 14, 2021) (describing the AFL as "a team of some of the nation's best legal, political, and strategic thinkers [that will] . . . use every legal tool at [y]our disposal to defend [y]our citizens from unconstitutional executive overreach. . . . [and] will also stand up against corporations that restrict free speech and violate [y]our citizens' civil rights"). Therefore, because information dissemination is not the AFL's main activity, you have not satisfied this standard.

You also requested expedited treatment of your request under 28 C.F.R § 16.5(e)(1)(iii), which requires expedited processing for a request that involves the "loss of substantial due process rights." Based on the information you have provided, I have determined that your request for expedited processing under this standard should be denied. Courts only grant expedited processing if a requester can show (1) "that [he or she] is facing grave punishment [in a criminal proceeding], and (2) that there is reason to believe information will be produced to aid the individual's defense." *Freedman v. DOJ*, No. 92-0557, slip op. at 4 (D.D.C. Oct. 2, 1992). You have not satisfied these requirements.

Finally, you requested expedited treatment of your request under 28 C.F.R § 16.5(e)(1)(iv). On October 7, 2021, we referred your request to the Director of the Office of Public Affairs ("OPA"), who determines whether a request pertains to "[a] matter of widespread and exceptional media interest in which there exist possible questions about the government's integrity that affect public confidence." 28 C.F.R § 16.5(e)(1)(iv); see id. § 16.5(e)(2). On October 13, 2021, we were informed that OPA has denied your request for expedited processing under standard (iv) because, in the judgment of the Director of OPA, the topic of your request is not a matter "in which there exist possible questions about the government's integrity that affect public confidence." Id. § 16.5(e)(1)(iv). Accordingly, your request for expedited processing has been denied under this standard.

Because of the considerable number of FOIA requests received by OLC prior to your request, we likely will be unable to comply with the twenty-day statutory deadline for responding to your request. Please also be advised that due to necessary operational changes as a result of the national emergency concerning the novel coronavirus disease (COVID-19) outbreak, there may be some additional delay in the processing of your request. I regret the necessity of this delay, but I assure you that your request will be processed as soon as practicable. In the meantime, if you have any questions or wish to discuss your request, you may contact Melissa Golden, OLC's FOIA Public Liaison, at usdoj-officeoflegalcounsel@usdoj.gov, (202) 514-2053, or at Office of Legal Counsel, United States Department of Justice, 950 Pennsylvania Ave., N.W., Room 5511, Washington, DC 20530.

Additionally, you may contact the Office of Government Information Services ("OGIS") at the National Archives and Records Administration to inquire about the FOIA mediation services they offer. The contact information for OGIS is as follows: Office of Government Information Services, National Archives and Records Administration, Room 2510, 8601 Adelphi Road, College Park, Maryland 20740-6001, e-mail at ogis@nara.gov; telephone at 202-741-5770; toll free at 1-877-684-6448; or facsimile at 202-741-5769.

You have the right to an administrative appeal. You may administratively appeal by writing to the Director, Office of Information Policy ("OIP"), United States Department of Justice, 441 G Street, NW, 6th Floor, Washington, D.C. 20530, or you may submit an appeal through OIP's FOIA STAR portal by creating an account following the instructions on OIP's website: https://www.justice.gov/oip/submit-and-track-request-or-appeal. Your appeal must be postmarked or electronically transmitted within 90 days of the date of my response to your request. If you submit your appeal by mail, both the letter and the envelope should be clearly marked "Freedom of Information Act Appeal."

Sincerely,

for Paul P. Colborn
Special Counsel

## EXHIBIT 4

### Case 1:21-cv-03024 Document 1-6 Filed 11/15/21 Page 29 of 74



### **U.S.** Department of Justice

#### **Criminal Division**

Office of Enforcement Operations

Washington, D.C. 20530

#### **VIA Electronic Mail**

October 15, 2021

Mr. Reed Rubinstein
American First Legal Foundation
5<sup>th</sup> Floor
600 14<sup>th</sup> Street NW
Washington, DC 20005
FOIA@aflegal.org

Request No. CRM-301677502 Subject: National School Board Association and Garland Memorandum

#### Dear Mr. Rubinstein:

This acknowledges receipt of your Freedom of Information Act request dated October 7, 2021, seeking records maintained by the Criminal Division. Your request was received in this Office on October 7, 2021. The request number listed above has been assigned to your request. Please use this number in all correspondence concerning your request.

✓ Your request has been received by the Freedom of Information Act/Privacy Act Unit and we are searching the section(s) most likely to maintain responsive records.
 ✓ Because your request presents "unusual circumstances" (See 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(6)(B)(i)-(iii)), we are extending the time limit to respond to your request an additional ten days as provided by the statute.
 ✓ We have not yet made a decision on your request for a fee waiver. We will do so after we determine whether the processing of your request will result in any assessable fees.
 ✓ We have not yet made a decision on your request for preferred fee status. We will do so after we determine whether the processing of your request will result in any assessable fees.
 ✓ Your request for expedited treatment has been:
 ✓ Granted. Accordingly, your request has been assigned to a Government Information Specialist in this Office and we will respond to your request as soon as practicable.
 ✓ Denied. You have not established that your request fits within any of the four U.S.

Department of Justice standards for expedited treatment. If you are not satisfied with the

Criminal Division's determination in response to this request, you may administratively appeal by writing to the Director, Office of Information Policy (OIP), United States Department of Justice, 441 G Street, NW, 6th Floor, Washington, D.C. 20530, or you may submit an appeal through OIP's FOIA STAR portal by creating an account on the following website: <a href="https://foiastar.doj.gov">https://foiastar.doj.gov</a>. Your appeal must be postmarked or electronically transmitted within 90 days of the date of my response to your request. If you submit your appeal by mail, both the letter and the envelope should be clearly marked "Freedom of Information Act Appeal."

Please be advised that due to necessary operational changes as a result of the national emergency concerning the novel coronavirus disease (COVID-19) outbreak, there may be some delay in the processing of your request. I regret the necessity of this delay, but I assure you that your request will be processed as soon as possible. If you have any questions or wish to discuss reformulation or an alternative time frame for the processing of your request, you may contact me by telephone at (202) 616-0307, by email at <a href="mailto:crm.foia@usdoj.gov">crm.foia@usdoj.gov</a>, or by mail at the Criminal Division, U.S. Department of Justice, Room 803, Keeney Building, NW, Washington, DC 20530-0001.

You may contact our FOIA Public Liaison at the telephone number listed above for any further assistance and to discuss any aspect of your request. Additionally, you may contact the Office of Government Information Services (OGIS) at the National Archives and Records Administration to inquire about the FOIA mediation services they offer. The contact information for OGIS is as follows: Office of Government Information Services, National Archives and Records Administration, Room 2510, 8601 Adelphi Road, College Park, Maryland 20740-6001; e-mail at <a href="mailto:ogis@nara.gov">ogis@nara.gov</a>; telephone at 202-741-5770; toll free at 1-877-684-6448; or facsimile at 202-741-5769.

Sincerely,

FOIA/PA Unit Criminal Division U.S. Department of Justice

# EXHIBIT 5



## U.S. Department of Justice

#### Executive Office for United States Attorneys

Freedom of Information and Privacy Staff

Suite 5.400, 3CON Building 175N Street, NE Washington, DC 20530 (202) 252-6020

October 15, 2021

Sent via email: foia@aflegal.org

Reed Rubinstein American First Legal Foundation

Request Number: EOUSA-2022-000037

Subject of Request: Records Related to an October 4, 2021 Memo from the Attorney General

Dear Reed Rubinstein:

This is to acknowledge receipt of your Freedom of Information Act request to the Executive Office for United States Attorneys (EOUSA). The above tracking number has been assigned to the request. Please use the above tracking number in any future correspondence concerning this request.

The Executive Office for United States Attorneys (EOUSA) provides executive and administrative support for the 93 United States Attorneys located throughout the 50 states, the District of Columbia, Guam, the Marianas Islands, Puerto Rico, and the U. S. Virgin Islands. Such support includes legal education, administrative oversight, technical support, and the creation of uniform policies, among other responsibilities. Please go to <a href="https://www.justice.gov/usao/eousa/mission-and-functions">https://www.justice.gov/usao/eousa/mission-and-functions</a> to learn more about the mission and functions of the EOUSA.

A proper Freedom of Information Act request for records must reasonably describe the records sought. See 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(3)(A). After carefully reviewing your request, I have determined that you did not reasonably describe the subject of your request to allow this office to locate the records you seek with a reasonable amount of effort. Further, your request for this office to search for all records and/or all communications regarding the subject at issue would be unduly burdensome. The files and records of the United States Attorneys are maintained in over one hundred separate offices throughout the United States. Therefore, please identify the specific United States Attorney's office(s) where you believe records may be located. This would be primarily the district(s) in which a prosecution or litigation occurred or the name and title of the person within the United States Attorney's office(s) where you believe the records you seek are located.

Once you have corrected the above deficiencies, please submit a new request for the documents. The new request should include a full description of your request and correct any deficiency. When we have received your new, corrected request, we will open a new file for you. Please send your new, corrected request to the address above or you can submit your request at our website: <a href="https://eousafoia.usdoj.gov">https://eousafoia.usdoj.gov</a>.

This is the final action on this above-numbered request. If you are not satisfied with my response to your request, you may administratively appeal by writing to the Director, Office of Information Policy (OIP), United States Department of Justice, Sixth Floor, 441 G Street, NW, Washington, DC 20530 or you may submit an appeal through OIP's FOIA STAR portal by creating an account following the instructions on

### Case 1:21-cv-03024 Document 1-6 Filed 11/15/21 Page 33 of 74

OIP's website: <a href="https://www.justice.gov/oip/submit-and-track-request-or-appeal">https://www.justice.gov/oip/submit-and-track-request-or-appeal</a>. Your appeal must be postmarked or electronically transmitted within ninety (90) days of the date of my response to your request. If you submit your appeal by mail, both the letter and the envelope should be clearly marked "Freedom of Information Act Appeal."

You may contact our FOIA Public Liaison at the Executive Office for United States Attorneys (EOUSA) for any further assistance and to discuss any aspect of your request. The contact information for EOUSA is 175 N Street, NE, Suite 5.400, Washington, DC 20530; telephone at 202-252-6020. Additionally, you may contact the Office of Government Information Services (OGIS) at the National Archives and Records Administration to inquire about the FOIA mediation services they offer. The contact information for OGIS is as follows: Office of Government Information Services, National Archives and Records Administration, 8601 Adelphi Road-OGIS, College Park, Maryland 20740-6001; e-mail at <a href="mailto:ogis@nara.gov">ogis@nara.gov</a>; telephone at 202-741-5770; toll free at 1-877-684-6448; or facsimile at 202-741-5769.

Sincerely,

Kevin Krebs Assistant Director

Enclosure

# EXHIBIT 6

## Case 1:21-cv-03024 Document 1-6 Filed 11/15/21 Page 35 of 74



U.S. Department of Justice Civil Rights Division

KK:ANF:AKL Freedom of Information/PA Unit -4CON

950 Pennsylvania Ave., NW Washington, DC 20530

Via Electronic Mail
Mr. Reed D. Rubinstein
America First Legal Foundation
600 14th Street NW, 5th Floor
Washington, DC 20005
foia@aflegal.org

October 18, 2021

Date Received: October 7, 2021 FOI/PA No.22-00004-F

Subject of Request: Information pertaining to: All records of, concerning, or regarding (1) the

Garland Memorandum and/or (2) the NSBA Letter. B) All records sufficient to show each person within the Department who reviewed (1) the Garland Memorandum and/or (2) the NSBA Letter. C) All records created by the Department showing the "disturbing spike in harassment, intimidation, and threats of violence" referenced in the Garland Memorandum. D) All records the Department relied upon to support the Garland Memorandum statement "there has been a disturbing spike in harassment, intimidation, and threats of violence against school administrators, board members, teachers, and staff who participate in the vital work of running our nation's public schools." E) All records created by the Department showing "the rise in criminal conduct directed toward school personnel" referenced in the Garland Memorandum. F) All records the Department relied upon to support the Garland Memorandum statement there has been "a rise in criminal conduct directed toward school personnel." G) All records sufficient to show the Department's understanding and interpretation of the term "intimidation and harassment" used in the Garland Memorandum. H) All communications from, with, or regarding any person employed by the National Education Association and/or the American Federation of Teachers. I) All communications with any person having an email address including eop.gov regarding (1) the Garland Memorandum, (2) the NSBA, (3) the

NSBA Letter, (4) the National Education Association and/or the American Federation of Teachers and/or (5) any person employed by the National Education Association and/or the American Federation of Teachers.

Dear Mr. Rubinstein:

This is to inform you that your request for records from the files of the Civil Rights Division was received by the Division's Freedom of Information/Privacy Acts (FOI/PA) Branch on the date indicated above. Your request has been assigned the FOI/PA number shown above.

## Case 1:21-cv-03024 | Document 1-6 | Filed 11/15/21 | Page 36 of 74

Please refer to this number in any future correspondence concerning this request. In connection with review of your FOI/PA request, the following paragraph(s) are applicable:

In searching its file for	records responsive to your request,	
	1 ,	

located records that originated with the Civil Rights Division. These records were referred to the Civil Rights Division as the originating component for review and release determination. Upon completion of our review, the releasable document(s) will be sent directly to you.

- As a result of the large number of Freedom of Information and Privacy Acts requests received by the Civil Rights Division, some delay may be encountered in processing your request. In an attempt to treat each requester fairly, we have adopted a policy of processing requests in the approximate order of receipt. Please be assured that your request is being handled as equitably as possible. We appreciate your patience and will provide you with a response at the earliest possible date. Please note that the Civil Rights Division utilizes multi-track processing in which processing ranges from faster tracks for requests (seeking access to documents already processed for prior requests) to much slower tracks for complex requests involving voluminous amounts of responsive documents or extensive consultation. At your option, you may wish to call the number below and limit the scope of your request to enable your request to be handled in the most expeditious manner available to fulfill your interests.
- Since your letter did not include authorization or a certification of identity, we will close your file for now. We will re-open your request on receipt of the required authorization forms. The Privacy Act, and the Department of Justice Privacy Act regulation, 28 C.F.R. §16.41, require each person requesting records indexed or maintained under his or her name or another person's name, to furnish the Department with proof of identity/consent to disclosure. Please complete the enclosed form and return it directly to the Freedom of Information/Privacy Acts Branch, Civil Rights Division, US Department of Justice, Washington, D.C. 20530.
- XX We have to consult with other offices in the Civil Rights Division to conduct a search and locate records which may be responsive to your request. Because of the need to examine a voluminous amount of records, we can respond only after consulting with the other offices. Thus, there may be some delay in the processing of your request as a result. Accordingly, your request falls within "unusual circumstances." See 5 U.S.C. 552 § (a)(6)(B)(i)-(iii). Because of these unusual circumstances, we are extending the time limit to respond to your request beyond the ten additional days provided by the statute. The time needed to process your request will necessarily depend on the volume and complexity of the records located. For your information, this Office assigns incoming requests to one of three tracks: simple, complex, or expedited. Each request is then handled on a first-in, first-out basis in relation to other requests in the same track. Simple requests usually receive a response in approximately one month, whereas complex requests necessarily take longer. To allow us to respond more quickly to you, you may wish to narrow the scope of your request to limit the number of potentially responsive records or agree to an alternative time frame for processing.
- <u>XX</u> Please be advised that due to necessary operational changes as a result of the national emergency concerning the novel coronavirus disease (COVID-19) outbreak, there may be some delay in the processing of your request.

### Case 1:21-cv-03024 Document 1-6 Filed 11/15/21 Page 37 of 74

If you are not satisfied with the Civil Rights Division's determination in response to this request, you may administratively appeal by writing to the Director, Office of Information Policy (OIP), United States Department of Justice, 441 G Street, NW, 6th Floor, Washington, D.C. 20530, or you may submit an appeal through OIP's FOIA STAR portal by creating an account on the following website: <a href="https://www.justice.gov/oip/submit-and-track-request-or-appeal">https://www.justice.gov/oip/submit-and-track-request-or-appeal</a>. Your appeal must be postmarked or electronically transmitted within 90 days of the date of my response to your request. If you submit your appeal by mail, both the letter and the envelope should be clearly marked "Freedom of Information Act Appeal."

If you have any further questions, contact this office by calling (202) 514-4210.

Sincerely,

for

April N. Freeman

Kilian Kagle, Chief Freedom of Information/Privacy Acts Unit Civil Rights Division

# EXHIBIT 7



August 31, 2021

## VIA DHS PAL & ELECTRONIC MAIL - FOIA@HQ.DHS.GOV

U.S. Department of Homeland Security Privacy Office, Mail Stop 0655 2707 Martin Luther King Jr. AVE SE Washington, DC 20528-065

Freedom of Information Act Request: Evacuations from Afghanistan.

Dear FOIA Officer:

America First Legal Foundation ("AFL") is a national, nonprofit organization. AFL works to promote the rule of law in the United States, prevent executive overreach, ensure due process and equal protection for all Americans, and promote knowledge and understanding of the law and individual rights guaranteed under the Constitution and laws of the United States.

## I. Introduction

For months, the Biden Administration assured Americans it had matters well in hand in Afghanistan, and that the terrorists were not about to take over. For example, at President Biden's July 8, 2021, press conference, he said:

Q. Is a Taliban takeover of Afghanistan now inevitable?

THE PRESIDENT: No, it is not.

Q. Why?

THE PRESIDENT: Because you — the Afghan troops have 300,000 well-equipped — as well-equipped as any army in the world — and an air force against something like 75,000 Taliban. It is not inevitable.

\* \* \* \*

Q. Mr. President, thank you very much. Your own intelligence community has assessed that the Afghan government will likely collapse.

THE PRESIDENT: That is not true. <sup>1</sup>

These assurances were false.<sup>2</sup>

The Taliban is now in control, and the United States has completely withdrawn its military and diplomatic presence from Afghanistan. The Biden government claims to have evacuated over 120,000 individuals from Afghanistan, but its planning has been inept, its execution chaotic, and its reporting and transparency lacking in detail. It has withheld critical facts, including, among other things, the number of American citizens still in Afghanistan, the nationalities of all those evacuated, the locations of all non-citizens granted admission to the United States, the immigration status—or lack thereof—of all non-citizens, and the process, procedures, and criteria used for vetting and screening evacuees for security and other risks.

AFL's mission includes promoting government transparency and accountability by gathering official information, analyzing it, and disseminating it through reports, press releases, and/or other media, including social media platforms, to educate the public. At the core of this mission is keeping government officials accountable for their duty to faithfully execute the laws and protect and defend the Constitution and laws of the United States and to inform the public as to who the government is allowing entry to the country unscreened. Therefore, under the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA), 5 U.S.C. § 552, AFL hereby requests the following records within twenty business days.

#### II. Definitions

"U.S. Citizen" means a natural born or naturalized citizen of the United States of America.

"INL Air Wing" means Bureau of International Narcotics and Law Enforcement Affairs Office of Aviation, its employees, contractors, vehicles, and aircraft, all as more particularly described at https://www.state.gov/aviation-support/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The White House, Remarks by President Biden on the Drawdown of U.S. Forces in Afghanistan (July 8, 2021) https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/speeches-remarks/2021/07/08/remarks-by-president-biden-on-the-drawdown-of-u-s-forces-in-afghanistan/.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The evidence is the Biden Administration knew, or should have known, these assurances were false at the time they were made. See, e.g., Dep't of Defense, Lead Inspector General, Quarterly Report to the U.S. Congress on Operation Freedom's Sentinel (OFS), April 1, 2021 – June 30, 2021 at 3, 18, 22-25 (Aug. 17, 2021) https://media.defense.gov/2021/Aug/17/2002832926/-1/-1/1/LEAD%20INSPECTOR%20GENERAL%20FOR%20OPERATION%20FREEDOM%E2%80%99S%20SENTI-

NEL%20I%20QUARTERLY%20REPORT%20TO%20THE%20UNITED%20STATES%20CON-

GRESS%20I%20APRIL%201,%202021%20-%20JUNE%2030,%202021.PDF; Joseph Clark, *Biden Administration Ignored Warnings on Afghanistan, Leaked State Dept. Cable Shows*, THE WASHINGTON TIMES (Aug. 21, 2021), https://www.washingtontimes.com/news/2021/aug/20/state-department-cable-shows-biden-administration-/;.

"National Vetting Center" means the Center created pursuant to National Security Presidential Memorandum (NSPM)-9, *Optimizing the Use of Federal Government Information in the Support of the National Vetting Enterprise* and more particularly described at https://www.cbp.gov/border-security/ports-entry/national-vetting-center

"Non-U.S. person" means an alien as defined by 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(3).

"Parole authority" means the authority granted under 8 U.S.C. § 1182(d)(5).

"Refugee" has the meaning assigned to it by 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(42).

"Special Immigrant Visa" means Special Immigrant Visas for Iraqi and Afghan Translators/Interpreters as defined by Public Law 109-163, and subsequent amendments, and as detailed on the State Department's website at https://travel.state.gov/content/travel/en/us-visas/immigrate/siv-iraqi-afghan-translators-interpreters.html#references.

### III. Requested Records

- A. All records that mention or reference screening or vetting individuals being evacuated from Kabul and/or Afghanistan in the possession of the following custodians:
  - 1. Secretary Alejandro Mayorkas
  - 2. Deputy Secretary John Tien
  - 3. Karen Olick
  - 4. Any Deputy Chief of Staff to the Secretary
  - 5. Any Counselor or Senior Counselor to the Secretary
  - 6. Kimberly O'Connor
  - 7. Randolph D. "Tex" Alles
  - 8. Shonnie Lyon
  - 9. John D. Cohen
  - 10. Robert Silvers
  - 11. Kelli Ann Burriesci
  - 12. David Shahoulian
  - 13. Samantha Vinograd
  - 14. Serena Hoy
  - 15. Marsha Espinosa
  - 16. Meira Bernstein
  - 17. Heather Fluit
  - 18. Chris Tomney
  - 19. Jennifer Daskal
  - 20. Robert J. Fenton

The timeframe for this request is August 12, 2021, to August 31, 2021.

- B. All records related to DHS providing any other government partner any information on the identity of any person who boarded a U.S. operated aircraft leaving Afghanistan between August 10, 2021, and August 31, 2021.
- C. For any non-U.S. person evacuated by the United States out of Afghanistan between August 10, 2021, and August 31, 2021, records sufficient to show each person's application status (as a refugee, SIV, or otherwise) on the date that they were evacuated.
- D. All records that mention or reference screening, vetting, or processing for individuals seeking evacuation or resettlement out of Kabul, Afghanistan, or KBL. The time frame for this request is July 1, 2021, to the date this records request is processed.
- E. For the custodians referenced in request A above, all records that mention or reference the Department of Homeland Security's parole authority and/or paroling Afghans into the United States pursuant thereto. The time frame for this request is August 10, 2021, to August 31, 2021.
- F. All records of communications with, or that mention or reference, the National Vetting Center, and (1) contain the words "Kabul", "Afghan", "Bagram", or "KBL" or (2) refer to a person from Afghanistan seeking evacuation from and/or admission to the United States. The time frame for this request is July 1, 2021, to the date this records request is processed.
- G. All records of communications with, or that mention or reference coordination with the Department of Defense or the Department of State to screen or vet a person from Afghanistan seeking evacuation from Afghanistan and/or admission into the United States. The time frame for this request is July 1, 2021, to the date this records request is processed.
- H. Records sufficient to show (1) the number of U.S. Citizens evacuated or otherwise removed from Afghanistan, (2) the number non-U.S. persons evacuated or otherwise removed from Afghanistan and admitted or seeking admission into the United States, and (3) the number of non-U.S. persons identified as posing a potential security risk. The time frame for this request is March 1, 2021, to the date this records request is processed.
- I. Records sufficient to show the number of individuals evacuated from Afghanistan by nationality. The time frame for this request July 1, 2021, to the date this records request is processed.

J. All records in the possession of any custodian identified in request A that mention or refer to—including the development or drafting of—the memo titled "Guidance for the Immigration Processing of Afghan Citizens During Operation Allies Refuge" dated August 23, 2021, sent from Secretary Mayorkas to Acting Commissioner Troy Miller.

#### IV. Redactions

Redactions are disfavored as the FOIA's exemptions are exclusive and must be narrowly construed. Am. Immigration Lawyers Ass 'n v. Exec. Office for Immigration Review (AILA), 830 F.3d 667, 676-79 (D.C. Cir. 2016). If a record contains information responsive to a FOIA request, then Department of State must disclose the entire record; a single record cannot be split into responsive and non-responsive bits. Id.; see also Parker v. United States DOJ, 278 F. Supp. 3d 446, 451 (D.D.C. 2017). Consequently, Department of State should produce email attachments.

In connection with this request, and to comply with your legal obligations:

- Please search all locations and systems likely to have responsive records, regardless of format, medium, or physical characteristics.
- In conducting your search, please construe the term "record" in the broadest possible sense, to include any written, typed, recorded, graphic, printed, or audio material of any kind. We seek all records, including electronic records, audiotapes, videotapes, and photographs, as well as texts, letters, emails, facsimiles, telephone messages, voice mail messages, and transcripts, notes, or minutes of any meetings, telephone conversations, or discussions.
- Our request includes any attachments to those records or other materials enclosed with a record when transmitted. If an email is responsive to our request, then our request includes all prior messages sent or received in that email chain, as well as any attachments.
- Please search all relevant records or systems containing records regarding agency business. Do not exclude records regarding agency business contained in files, email accounts, or devices in the personal custody of your officials, such as personal email accounts or text messages. Records of official business conducted using unofficial systems or stored outside of official files are subject to the Federal Records Act and FOIA. It is not adequate to rely on policies and procedures that require officials to move such information to official systems within a certain period of time; AFL has a right to records contained in those files even if material has not yet been moved to official systems or if officials have, by intent or through negligence, failed to meet their obligations.

- Please use all tools available to your agency to conduct a complete and efficient search for potentially responsive records. Agencies are subject to governmentwide requirements to manage agency information electronically, and many agencies have adopted the National Archives and Records Administration ("NARA") Capstone program, or similar policies. These systems provide options for searching emails and other electronic records in a manner that is reasonably likely to be more complete than just searching individual custodian files. For example, a custodian may have deleted a responsive email from his or her email program, but your agency's archiving tools may capture that email under Capstone. At the same time, custodian searches are still necessary; you may not have direct access to files stored in .PST files, outside of network drives, in paper format, or in personal email accounts.
- If some portions of the requested records are properly exempt from disclosure, please disclose any reasonably segregable non-exempt portions of the requested records. If a request is denied in whole, please state specifically why it is not reasonable to segregate portions of the record for release.
- Please take appropriate steps to ensure that records responsive to this request are not deleted by the agency before the completion of processing for this request. If records potentially responsive to this request are likely to be located on systems where they are subject to potential deletion, including on a scheduled basis, please take steps to prevent that deletion, including, as appropriate, by instituting a litigation hold on those records.

### V. Fee Waiver Request

Per 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(4)(A)(iii) and 6 C.F.R. § 5.11, AFL requests a waiver of all search and duplication fees associated with this request.

First, AFL is a qualified non-commercial public education and news media requester. AFL is a new organization, but it has already demonstrated its commitment to the public disclosure of documents and creation of editorial content through regular substantive analyses posted to its website. For example, its officials routinely appear on national television and use social media platforms to disseminate the information it has obtained about federal government activities. In this case, AFL will make your records and your responses publicly available for the benefit of citizens, scholars, and others. The public's understanding of your policies and practices will be enhanced through AFL's analysis and publication of the requested records. As a nonprofit organization, AFL does not have a commercial purpose and the release of the information requested is not in AFL's financial interest. Other agencies, including the Departments of Education, Energy, Interior, and Homeland Security, and the Office of the Director of National Intelligence have previously granted AFL a fee waiver.

Second, waiver is proper as disclosure of the requested information is "in the public interest because it is likely to contribute significantly to public understanding of operations or activities of the government." The sudden and abrupt withdraw of forces from a country where the United States has maintained a presence for nearly 20 years, the rapid collapse of the local government to an international terrorist organization in the matter of days, and the Biden Administration's inept response has made this an issue of intense public interest.

### VI. Request for Expedited Processing

AFL seeks expedited processing of requests A, B, E, and J.

Your regulations provide that you will grant expedited processing requests that demonstrate a "compelling need." You define "compelling need" as existing, *inter alia*, if the information is urgently needed by an individual primarily engaged in disseminating information in order to inform the public concerning actual or alleged Federal government activity." As demonstrated above, both criteria are met here.

First, AFL is an organization primarily engaged in disseminating information to the public. We intend to disseminate the information we receive and our analysis about this request to the public and to other members of the press.

Second, the Biden Administration claims more than 123,000 people, including about 6,000 American citizens, have been evacuated from Afghanistan.<sup>5</sup> However, the evacuation has been chaotic, poorly planned, and badly executed.<sup>6</sup> The Biden Administration turned over Kabul to the Taliban, giving it operational control over access to the Kabul airport and lists of U.S. Citizens and Afghan human assets.<sup>7</sup> Generally speaking, only individuals the Taliban allowed to leave Afghanistan were able to do so.

<sup>5</sup> Transcript of Statement of Anthony Blinken on Afghanistan, THE NEW YORK TIMES (Aug. 30, 2021) https://www.nytimes.com/2021/08/31/us/politics/blinken-afghanistan-speech.html

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> 6 C.F.R. § 5.5.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> *Id*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Molly Hennessy-Fiske, Americans Faced Taliban, Airport Chaos in Scramble to Evacuate Afghanistan, Los Angeles Times (Aug 18, 2021), https://www.latimes.com/world-nation/story/2021-08-18/american-c-struggle-to-leave-afghanistan; Lauren Leatherby, Jim Huylebroek, Scott Reinhard & Sarah KerrAug, The Dangerous Road to the Kabul Airport, The New York Times (Aug. 18, 2021), https://www.nytimes.com/interactive/2021/08/18/world/asia/kabul-airport-afghanistan-maps.html ("While American forces have taken control of Kabul's airport, chaos dominates just outside. As thousands desperately try to flee Afghanistan, Taliban fighters have blocked entrances, fired rifles and beaten some people in the crowds.").

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Aaron Blake, The Biden administration's increasingly muddy denials on giving the Taliban lists, THE WASHINGTON POST (Aug. 30, 2021) https://www.msn.com/en-us/news/us/the-biden-administration-e2-80-99s-increasingly-muddy-denials-on-giving-the-taliban-lists/ar-AANU3cH?ocid=uxbndlbing; Jerry Dunleavy, White House: Taliban Setting Up More Entry Points Beyond Perimeter to Stop

Yet the Biden government has not transparently disclosed the vetting and screening process used to ensure evacuees do not pose a security risk. The lack of transparency is problematic first because this Administration has repeatedly disregarded U.S. immigration laws,<sup>8</sup> and second because it has, over a period of months, repeatedly misrepresented the facts on the ground. The Biden credibility gap is wide and deep with respect to Afghanistan, immigration enforcement, and respect for the rule of law. Accordingly, there is an urgent need for immediate disclosure of the measures being taken to verify identities, to vet for terror ties, and to protect American Citizens here at home.<sup>9</sup>

Finally, there is a high likelihood that the information AFL seeks in the above-specified requests will be rendered stale once foreign nationals are granted admission to the United States. Given that the processing of many tens of thousands foreign nationals for admission to the United States is apparently still in process, the requested records are needed urgently to inform the public and policy makers about the processes and criteria this Administration is using to screen and vet potential security risks, and to ensure applicable laws and regulations are being followed.

#### VI. Production

To accelerate release of responsive records, AFL welcomes production on an agreed rolling basis. If possible, please provide responsive records in an electronic format by email. Alternatively, records in native format or in PDF format on a USB drive. Please send any responsive records being transmitted by mail to America First Legal Foundation, 600 14<sup>th</sup> Street NW, 5<sup>th</sup> Floor, Washington, D.C. 20005.

\_

ISIS-K Attacks, THE WASHINGTON EXAMINER (Aug. 23, 2021) https://news.yahoo.com/white-house-tal-iban-setting-more-17060 0073.html; Taliban Captured Key US Military Biometric Devices: Report, The Times of India (Aug. 19, 2021), https://timesofindia.indiatimes.com/world/us/taliban-captured-key-us-military-biometric-devices-report/articleshow/85445501.cms.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> America First Legal Foundation, AFL Files FOIAs Demanding Answers about the Biden Administration's Implementation of Catch-and-Release and Other Open Border Policies (July 27, 2021), https://www.aflegal.org/news/afl-files-foias-demanding-answers-about-the-biden-administrations-implementation-of-catch-and-release-and-other-open-border-policies

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> According to CNN, "The approach from the administration has been 'get as many people on the plane as you can, and we'll sort out the (immigration visa) stuff later". Geneva Sands and Evan Perez, Arriving Afghans Without Paperwork Prompt Delays and Security Challenges, CNN (Aug. 21, 2021), https://www.cnn.com/2021/08/25/politics/arriving-afghans-paperwork-delays-security/index.html. Compare Lizzie Dearden, Paris Attacks: Some Jihadists 'Took Advantage of Refugee Crisis to Slip into Europe', French Prime Minister Says, The Independent (Nov. 20, 2015), https://www.independent.co.uk/news/world/europe/paris-attacks-some-jihadists-took-advantage-refugee-crisis-slip-europe-french-prime-minister-says-a6741466.html.

## VII. Conclusion

If you have any questions about how to construe this request for records or believe further discussions regarding search and processing would facilitate a more efficient production of records of interest to AFL, please do not hesitate to contact me at <u>FOIA@aflegal.org</u>. Finally, if AFL's request for a fee waiver is not granted in full, please contact us immediately upon making that determination.

Thank you,

/s/ Reed D. Rubinstein
Reed D. Rubinstein
America First Legal Foundation

U.S. Department of Homeland Security Washington, D.C. 20528



Privacy Office, Mail Stop 0655

September 17, 2021

# SENT VIA E-MAIL TO: info@aflegal.org

Reed Rubinstein 600 14th St. NW, 5th Floor Washington, DC 20005

Re: 2021-HQFO-01432

Dear Mr. Rubinstein:

This letter acknowledges receipt of your Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) request to the Department of Homeland Security (DHS), dated August 31, 2021, and to your request for expedited handling and a waiver of all assessable FOIA fees. Our office received your request on August 31, 2021. Specifically, you requested:

A. All records that mention or reference screening or vetting individuals being evacuated from Kabul and/or Afghanistan in the possession of the following custodians:

- 1. Secretary Alejandro Mayorkas
- 2. Deputy Secretary John Tien
- 3. Karen Olick
- 4. Any Deputy Chief of Staff to the Secretary
- 5. Any Counselor or Senior Counselor to the Secretary
- 6. Kimberly O'Connor
- 7. Randolph D. "Tex" Alles
- 8. Shonnie Lyon
- 9. John D. Cohen
- 10. Robert Silvers
- 11. Kelli Ann Burriesci
- 12. David Shahoulian
- 13. Samantha Vinograd
- 14. Serena Hoy
- 15. Marsha Espinosa
- 16. Meira Bernstein
- 17. Heather Fluit
- 18. Chris Tomney
- 19. Jennifer Daskal
- 20. Robert J. Fenton

The timeframe for this request is August 12, 2021, to August 31, 2021.

- B. All records related to DHS providing any other government partner any information on the identity of any person who boarded a U.S. operated aircraft leaving Afghanistan between August 10, 2021, and August 31, 2021.
- C. For any non-U.S. person evacuated by the United States out of Afghanistan between August 10, 2021, and August 31, 2021, records sufficient to show each person's application status (as a refugee, SIV, or otherwise) on the date that they were evacuated.
- D. All records that mention or reference screening, vetting, or processing for individuals seeking evacuation or resettlement out of Kabul, Afghanistan, or KBL.

The time frame for this request is July 1, 2021, to the date this records request is processed.

- E. For the custodians referenced in request A above, all records that mention or reference the Department of Homeland Security's parole authority and/or paroling Afghans into the United States pursuant thereto. The time frame for this request is August 10, 2021, to August 31, 2021.
- F. All records of communications with, or that mention or reference, the National Vetting Center, and (1) contain the words "Kabul", "Afghan", "Bagram", or "KBL" or (2) refer to a person from Afghanistan seeking evacuation from and/or admission to the United States. The time frame for this request is July 1, 2021, to the date this records request is processed.
- G. All records of communications with, or that mention or reference coordination with the Department of Defense or the Department of State to screen or vet a person from Afghanistan seeking evacuation from Afghanistan and/or admission into the United States. The time frame for this request is July 1, 2021, to the date this records request is processed.
- H. Records sufficient to show (1) the number of U.S. Citizens evacuated or otherwise removed from Afghanistan, (2) the number non-U.S. persons evacuated or otherwise removed from Afghanistan and admitted or seeking admission into the United States, and (3) the number of non-U.S. persons identified as posing a potential security risk. The time frame for this request is March 1, 2021, to the date this records request is processed.
- I. Records sufficient to show the number of individuals evacuated from Afghanistan by nationality. The time frame for this request July 1, 2021, to the date this records request is processed.
- J. All records in the possession of any custodian identified in request A that mention or refer to—including the development or drafting of—the memo titled "Guidance for the Immigration Processing of Afghan Citizens During Operation Allies Refuge" dated August 23, 2021, sent from Secretary Mayorkas to Acting Commissioner Troy Miller.

Your request for expedited treatment is hereby granted.

Furthermore, due to the subject matter of your request, I am transferring **items B, C, G, H and I** of this request to the FOIA Officer for **U.S. Citizenship & Immigration Services (USCIS)**, for processing under the FOIA and direct response to you. Please find their contact information below:

# **U.S. Citizenship & Immigration Services (USCIS)**

Create an account to avoid delays! <u>FIRST</u> National Records Center, FOIA/PA Office P. O. Box 648010

Lee's Summit, MO. 64064-8010

Phone: 1-800-375-5283 (USCIS Contact Center) | Fax: 816-350-5785 | E-mail:

uscis.foia@uscis.dhs.gov

**USCIS** Website

Due to the increasing number of FOIA requests received by this office, we may encounter some delay in processing your request. Consistent with 6 C.F.R. Part 5 § 5.5(a) of the DHS FOIA regulations, the Department processes FOIA requests according to their order of receipt. Although DHS' goal is to respond within 20 business days of receipt of your request, FOIA does permit a 10-day extension of this time period in certain circumstances under 6 C.F.R. Part 5 § 5.5(c). As your request seeks documents that will require a thorough and wide-ranging search, DHS will invoke a 10-day extension for your request pursuant to 6 C.F.R. Part 5 § 5.5(c). If you would like to narrow the scope of your request, please contact our office. We will make every effort to comply with your request in a timely manner.

You have requested a fee waiver. The DHS FOIA regulations at 6 C.F.R. Part 5 § 5.11(k) set forth six factors DHS must evaluate to determine whether the applicable legal standard for a fee waiver has been met: (1) Whether the subject of the requested records concerns "the operations or activities of the government," (2) Whether the disclosure is "likely to contribute" to an understanding of government operations or activities, (3) Whether disclosure of the requested information will contribute to the understanding of the public at large, as opposed to the individual understanding of the requester or a narrow segment of interested persons, (4) Whether the contribution to public understanding of government operations or activities will be "significant," (5) Whether the requester has a commercial interest that would be furthered by the requested disclosure, and (6) Whether the magnitude of any identified commercial interest to the requester is sufficiently large in comparison with the public interest in disclosure, that disclosure is primarily in the commercial interest of the requester.

Upon review of the subject matter of your request, and an evaluation of the six factors identified above, DHS has determined that it will conditionally grant your request for a fee waiver. The fee waiver determination will be based upon a sampling of the responsive documents received from the various DHS program offices as a result of the searches conducted in response to your FOIA request. DHS will, pursuant to DHS FOIA regulations applicable to media requesters, process the first 100 pages free of charge. If upon review of these documents, DHS determines that the disclosure of the information contained in those documents does not meet the factors permitting DHS to waive the fees, then DHS will at that time either deny your request for a fee waiver entirely, or will allow for a percentage reduction in the amount of the fees corresponding to the

amount of relevant material found that meets the factors allowing for a fee waiver. In either case, DHS will promptly notify you of its final decision regarding your request for a fee waiver and provide you with the responsive records as required by applicable law.

In the event that your fee waiver is denied, and you determine that you still want the records, provisions of the FOIA allow us to recover part of the cost of complying with your request. We shall charge you for records in accordance with the DHS FOIA regulations as they apply to media requesters. As a media requester you will be charged 10 cents per page for duplication; the first 100 pages are free. In the event that your fee waiver is denied, we will construe the submission of your request as an agreement to pay up to \$25.00. This office will contact you before accruing any additional fees.

We have queried the appropriate component(s) of DHS for responsive records. If any responsive records are located, they will be reviewed for determination of releasability. Please be assured that one of the analysts in our office will respond to your request as expeditiously as possible. We appreciate your patience as we proceed with your request.

Your request has been assigned reference number **2021-HQFO-01432**. Please refer to this identifier in any future correspondence. The status of your FOIA request is now available online and can be accessed at: <a href="https://foiarequest.dhs.gov/app/CheckStatus.aspx">https://foiarequest.dhs.gov/app/CheckStatus.aspx</a>, by using this FOIA request number.

If you have any questions, or would like to discuss this matter, please feel free to contact this office at 1-866-431-0486 or 202-343-1743.

Sincerely,

Jimmy Wolfrey

Senior Director, FOIA Operations and Management (Acting)



August 31, 2021

Via Email & OSD/JS PAL - dcsa.quantico.dcsa-hq.mbx.foia@mail.mil

Freedom of Information Division 1155 Defense Pentagon Washington, DC 20301-1155

Freedom of Information Act Request: Evacuations from Afghanistan.

Dear FOIA Officer:

America First Legal Foundation ("AFL") is a national, nonprofit organization. AFL works to promote the rule of law in the United States, prevent executive overreach, ensure due process and equal protection for all Americans, and promote knowledge and understanding of the law and individual rights guaranteed under the Constitution and laws of the United States.

### I. Introduction

For months, the Biden Administration assured Americans it had matters well in hand in Afghanistan, and that the terrorists were not about to take over. For example, at President Biden's July 8, 2021, press conference, he said:

Q. Is a Taliban takeover of Afghanistan now inevitable?

THE PRESIDENT: No, it is not.

Q. Why?

THE PRESIDENT: Because you — the Afghan troops have 300,000 well-equipped — as well-equipped as any army in the world — and an air force against something like 75,000 Taliban. It is not inevitable.

\* \* \* \*

Q. Mr. President, thank you very much. Your own intelligence community has assessed that the Afghan government will likely collapse.

THE PRESIDENT: That is not true. <sup>1</sup>

These assurances were false.<sup>2</sup>

The Taliban is now in control, and the United States has completely withdrawn its military and diplomatic presence from Afghanistan. The Biden government claims to have evacuated over 120,000 individuals from Afghanistan, but its planning has been inept, its execution chaotic, and its reporting and transparency lacking in detail. It has withheld critical facts, including, among other things, the number of American citizens still in Afghanistan, the nationalities of all those evacuated, the locations of all non-citizens granted admission to the United States, the immigration status—or lack thereof—of all non-citizens, and the process, procedures, and criteria used for vetting and screening evacuees for security and other risks.

AFL's mission includes promoting government transparency and accountability by gathering official information, analyzing it, and disseminating it through reports, press releases, and/or other media, including social media platforms, to educate the public. At the core of this mission is keeping government officials accountable for their duty to faithfully execute the laws and protect and defend the Constitution and laws of the United States and to inform the public as to who the government is allowing entry to the country unscreened. Therefore, under the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA), 5 U.S.C. § 552, AFL hereby requests the following records within twenty business days.

## II. Definitions

"U.S. Citizen" means a natural born or naturalized citizen of the United States of America.

"INL Air Wing" means Bureau of International Narcotics and Law Enforcement Affairs Office of Aviation, its employees, contractors, vehicles, and aircraft, all as more particularly described at https://www.state.gov/aviation-support/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The White House, Remarks by President Biden on the Drawdown of U.S. Forces in Afghanistan (July 8, 2021) https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/speeches-remarks/2021/07/08/remarks-by-president-biden-on-the-drawdown-of-u-s-forces-in-afghanistan/.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The evidence is the Biden Administration knew, or should have known, these assurances were false at the time they were made. See, e.g., Dep't of Defense, Lead Inspector General, Quarterly Report to the U.S. Congress on Operation Freedom's Sentinel (OFS), April 1, 2021 – June 30, 2021 at 3, 18, 22-25 (Aug. 17, 2021) https://media.defense.gov/2021/Aug/17/2002832926/-1/-1/1/LEAD%20INSPECTOR%20GENERAL%20FOR%20OPERATION%20FREEDOM%E2%80%99S%20SENTI-

NEL%20I%20QUARTERLY%20REPORT%20TO%20THE%20UNITED%20STATES%20CON-

GRESS%20I%20APRIL%201,%202021%20-%20JUNE%2030,%202021.PDF; Joseph Clark, *Biden Administration Ignored Warnings on Afghanistan, Leaked State Dept. Cable Shows*, THE WASHINGTON TIMES (Aug. 21, 2021), https://www.washingtontimes.com/news/2021/aug/20/state-department-cable-shows-biden-administration-/;.

"National Vetting Center" means the Center created pursuant to National Security Presidential Memorandum (NSPM)-9, *Optimizing the Use of Federal Government Information in the Support of the National Vetting Enterprise* and more particularly described at https://www.cbp.gov/border-security/ports-entry/national-vetting-center

"Non-U.S. person" means an alien as defined by 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(3).

"Parole authority" means the authority granted under 8 U.S.C. § 1182(d)(5).

"Refugee" has the meaning assigned to it by 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(42).

"Special Immigrant Visa" means Special Immigrant Visas for Iraqi and Afghan Translators/Interpreters as defined by Public Law 109-163, and subsequent amendments, and as detailed on the State Department's website at https://travel.state.gov/content/travel/en/us-visas/immigrate/siv-iraqi-afghan-translators-interpreters.html#references.

# III. Requested Records

- A) All records that mention or reference screening or vetting individuals being evacuated from Kabul and/or Afghanistan in the possession of the following custodians:
  - 1) Secretary of Defense Lloyd J. Austin III
  - 2) Deputy Secretary of Defense Kathleen Hicks
  - 3) Assistant to the Secretary of Defense for Public Affairs John Kirby
  - 4) General Mark Milley
  - 5) General Kenneth McKenzie
  - 6) Chief of Staff to the Secretary of Defense Kelly Magsamen
  - 7) General Counsel Caroline D. Krass
  - 8) Under Secretary Dr. Colin H. Kahl
  - 9) Assistant Secretary of Defense (Indo-Pacific Security Affairs) Ely Ratner
  - 10)Melissa Dalton
  - 11) Assistant Secretary of Defense (Special Operations and Low-Intensity Conflict) Christopher Maier
  - 12) Assistant Secretary of Defense (Strategy, Plans, and Capabilities) Dr. Mara Karlin
  - 13) Under Secretary of Defense (Intelligence and Security) Ronald Moultrie
  - 14) Under Secretary of Defense (Personnel and Readiness) Gil Cisneros
  - 15) Assistant Secretary of Defense (Readiness) Shawn Skelly
  - 16) Secretary of the Army Christine Wormuth
  - 17) Secretary of the Navy Carlos Del Toro
  - 18) Secretary of the Air Force Frank Kendall III

The timeframe for this request is August 12, 2021, to August 31, 2021.

- B) Records sufficient to show the process the Department of Defense used to confirm the identity of each person who boarded a U.S. operated or controlled aircraft leaving Afghanistan between August 10, 2021, and August 31, 2021.
- C) For any non-U.S. person evacuated by the United States out of Afghanistan between August 10, 2021, and August 31, 2021, records sufficient to show each person's application status (as a refugee, SIV, or otherwise) on the date that they were evacuated.
- D) All records that mention or reference screening, vetting, or processing for individuals seeking evacuation or resettlement out of Kabul, Afghanistan, or KBL. The time frame for this request is July 1, 2021, to the date this records request is processed.
- E) For the custodians referenced in request A above, all records that mention or reference the Department of Homeland Security's parole authority and/or paroling Afghans into the United States pursuant thereto. The time frame for this request is August 10, 2021, to August 31, 2021.
- F) All records of communications with, or that mention or reference, the National Vetting Center, and (1) contain the words "Kabul", "Afghan", "Bagram", or "KBL" or (2) refer to a person from Afghanistan seeking evacuation from and/or admission to the United States. The time frame for this request is July 1, 2021, to the date this records request is processed.
- G) All records that mention or reference coordination with the Department of Homeland Security or the Department of State to screen or vet an individual seeking evacuation from Afghanistan and/or admission into the United States. The time frame for this request is July 1, 2021, to the date the records request is processed.
- H) All records that mention or reference (1) U.S. government property, whether military, intelligence-related, or otherwise, left behind or taken by the Taliban, or (2) any person(s) freed by or released to the Taliban. The time frame for this request is July 1, 2021, to the date this records request is processed.
- I) For the custodians identified in request A above, all records that mention or reference "Bagram" airbase. The time frame for this request is June 1, 2021, to the date this records request is processed.

- J) Records sufficient to show (1) the number of U.S. Citizens evacuated or otherwise removed from Afghanistan, (2) the number non-U.S. persons evacuated or otherwise removed from Afghanistan and admitted or seeking admission into the United States, and (3) the number of non-U.S. persons identified as posing a potential security risk. The time frame for this request is March 1, 2021, to the date this records request is processed.
- K) Records sufficient to show the number of individuals evacuated from Afghanistan by nationality. The time frame for this request July 1, 2021, to the date this records request is processed.

## IV. Redactions

Redactions are disfavored as the FOIA's exemptions are exclusive and must be narrowly construed. Am. Immigration Lawyers Ass 'n v. Exec. Office for Immigration Review (AILA), 830 F.3d 667, 676-79 (D.C. Cir. 2016). If a record contains information responsive to a FOIA request, then Department of State must disclose the entire record; a single record cannot be split into responsive and non-responsive bits. Id.; see also Parker v. United States DOJ, 278 F. Supp. 3d 446, 451 (D.D.C. 2017). Consequently, Department of State should produce email attachments.

In connection with this request, and to comply with your legal obligations:

- Please search all locations and systems likely to have responsive records, regardless of format, medium, or physical characteristics.
- In conducting your search, please construe the term "record" in the broadest possible sense, to include any written, typed, recorded, graphic, printed, or audio material of any kind. We seek all records, including electronic records, audiotapes, videotapes, and photographs, as well as texts, letters, emails, facsimiles, telephone messages, voice mail messages, and transcripts, notes, or minutes of any meetings, telephone conversations, or discussions.
- Our request includes any attachments to those records or other materials enclosed with a record when transmitted. If an email is responsive to our request, then our request includes all prior messages sent or received in that email chain, as well as any attachments.
- Please search all relevant records or systems containing records regarding agency business. Do not exclude records regarding agency business contained in files, email accounts, or devices in the personal custody of your officials, such as personal email accounts or text messages. Records of official business conducted using unofficial systems or stored outside of official files are subject to the Federal Records Act and FOIA. It is not adequate to rely on policies and

procedures that require officials to move such information to official systems within a certain period of time; AFL has a right to records contained in those files even if material has not yet been moved to official systems or if officials have, by intent or through negligence, failed to meet their obligations.

- Please use all tools available to your agency to conduct a complete and efficient search for potentially responsive records. Agencies are subject to governmentwide requirements to manage agency information electronically, and many agencies have adopted the National Archives and Records Administration ("NARA") Capstone program, or similar policies. These systems provide options for searching emails and other electronic records in a manner that is reasonably likely to be more complete than just searching individual custodian files. For example, a custodian may have deleted a responsive email from his or her email program, but your agency's archiving tools may capture that email under Capstone. At the same time, custodian searches are still necessary; you may not have direct access to files stored in .PST files, outside of network drives, in paper format, or in personal email accounts.
- If some portions of the requested records are properly exempt from disclosure, please disclose any reasonably segregable non-exempt portions of the requested records. If a request is denied in whole, please state specifically why it is not reasonable to segregate portions of the record for release.
- Please take appropriate steps to ensure that records responsive to this request are not deleted by the agency before the completion of processing for this request. If records potentially responsive to this request are likely to be located on systems where they are subject to potential deletion, including on a scheduled basis, please take steps to prevent that deletion, including, as appropriate, by instituting a litigation hold on those records.

# V. Fee Waiver Request

Per 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(4)(A)(iii) and 32 C.F.R. § 286.12, AFL requests a waiver of all search and duplication fees associated with this request.

First, AFL is a qualified non-commercial public education and news media requester. AFL is a new organization, but it has already demonstrated its commitment to the public disclosure of documents and creation of editorial content through regular substantive analyses posted to its website. For example, its officials routinely appear on national television and use social media platforms to disseminate the information it has obtained about federal government activities. In this case, AFL will make your records and your responses publicly available for the benefit of citizens, scholars, and others. The public's understanding of your policies and practices will be enhanced

through AFL's analysis and publication of the requested records. As a nonprofit organization, AFL does not have a commercial purpose and the release of the information requested is not in AFL's financial interest. Other agencies, including the Departments of Education, Energy, Interior, and Homeland Security, and the Office of the Director of National Intelligence have previously granted AFL a fee waiver.

Second, waiver is proper as disclosure of the requested information is "in the public interest because it is likely to contribute significantly to public understanding of operations or activities of the government." The sudden and abrupt withdraw of forces from a country where the United States has maintained a presence for nearly 20 years, the rapid collapse of the local government to an international terrorist organization in the matter of days, and the Biden Administration's inept response has made this an issue of intense public interest.

# VI. Request for Expedited Processing

AFL seeks expedited processing of requests A, B, I, and J.

Your regulations provide that you will grant expedited processing requests that demonstrate a "compelling need." You define "compelling need" as existing, *inter alia*, if the information is urgently needed by an individual primarily engaged in disseminating information in order to inform the public concerning actual or alleged Federal government activity." As demonstrated above, both criteria are met here.

First, AFL is an organization primarily engaged in disseminating information to the public. We intend to disseminate the information we receive and our analysis about this request to the public and to other members of the press.

Second, the Biden Administration claims more than 123,000 people, including about 6,000 American citizens, have been evacuated from Afghanistan.<sup>5</sup> However, the evacuation has been chaotic, poorly planned, and badly executed.<sup>6</sup> The Biden Administration turned over Kabul to the Taliban, giving it operational control over access to the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> 32 C.F.R. § 286.8(e).

 $<sup>^4</sup>$  Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Transcript of Statement of Anthony Blinken on Afghanistan, THE NEW YORK TIMES (Aug. 30, 2021) https://www.nytimes.com/2021/08/31/us/politics/blinken-afghanistan-speech.html

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Molly Hennessy-Fiske, Americans Faced Taliban, Airport Chaos in Scramble to Evacuate Afghanistan, Los Angeles Times (Aug 18, 2021), https://www.latimes.com/world-nation/story/2021-08-18/american-c-struggle-to-leave-afghanistan; Lauren Leatherby, Jim Huylebroek, Scott Reinhard & Sarah KerrAug, The Dangerous Road to the Kabul Airport, The New York Times (Aug. 18, 2021), https://www.nytimes.com/interactive/2021/08/18/world/asia/kabul-airport-afghanistan-maps.html ("While American forces have taken control of Kabul's airport, chaos dominates just outside. As thousands desperately try to flee Afghanistan, Taliban fighters have blocked entrances, fired rifles and beaten some people in the crowds.").

Kabul airport and lists of U.S. Citizens and Afghan human assets. Generally speaking, only individuals the Taliban allowed to leave Afghanistan were able to do so.

Yet the Biden government has not transparently disclosed the vetting and screening process used to ensure evacuees do not pose a security risk. The lack of transparency is problematic first because this Administration has repeatedly disregarded U.S. immigration laws,<sup>8</sup> and second because it has, over a period of months, repeatedly misrepresented the facts on the ground. The Biden credibility gap is wide and deep with respect to Afghanistan, immigration enforcement, and respect for the rule of law. Accordingly, there is an urgent need for immediate disclosure of the measures being taken to verify identities, to vet for terror ties, and to protect American Citizens here at home.<sup>9</sup>

Finally, there is a high likelihood that the information AFL seeks in the above-specified requests will be rendered stale once foreign nationals are granted admission to the United States. Given that the processing of many tens of thousands foreign nationals for admission to the United States is apparently still in process, the requested records are needed urgently to inform the public and policy makers about the processes and criteria this Administration is using to screen and vet potential security risks, and to ensure applicable laws and regulations are being followed.

## VI. Production

To accelerate release of responsive records, AFL welcomes production on an agreed rolling basis. If possible, please provide responsive records in an electronic format by email. Alternatively, records in native format or in PDF format on a USB drive.

\_\_

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Aaron Blake, The Biden administration's increasingly muddy denials on giving the Taliban lists, THE WASHINGTON POST (Aug. 30, 2021) https://www.msn.com/en-us/news/us/the-biden-administration-e2-80-99s-increasingly-muddy-denials-on-giving-the-taliban-lists/ar-AANU3cH?ocid=uxbndlbing; Jerry Dunleavy, White House: Taliban Setting Up More Entry Points Beyond Perimeter to Stop ISIS-K Attacks, THE WASHINGTON EXAMINER (Aug. 23, 2021) https://news.yahoo.com/white-house-taliban-setting-more-17060 0073.html; Taliban Captured Key US Military Biometric Devices: Report, The Times of India (Aug. 19, 2021), https://timesofindia.indiatimes.com/world/us/taliban-captured-key-us-military-biometric-devices-report/articleshow/85445501.cms.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> America First Legal Foundation, AFL Files FOIAs Demanding Answers about the Biden Administration's Implementation of Catch-and-Release and Other Open Border Policies (July 27, 2021), https://www.aflegal.org/news/afl-files-foias-demanding-answers-about-the-biden-administrations-implementation-of-catch-and-release-and-other-open-border-policies

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> According to CNN, "The approach from the administration has been 'get as many people on the plane as you can, and we'll sort out the (immigration visa) stuff later". Geneva Sands and Evan Perez, Arriving Afghans Without Paperwork Prompt Delays and Security Challenges, CNN (Aug. 21, 2021), https://www.cnn.com/2021/08/25/politics/arriving-afghans-paperwork-delays-security/index.html. Compare Lizzie Dearden, Paris Attacks: Some Jihadists 'Took Advantage of Refugee Crisis to Slip into Europe', French Prime Minister Says, The Independent (Nov. 20, 2015), https://www.independent.co.uk/news/world/europe/paris-attacks-some-jihadists-took-advantage-refugee-crisis-slip-europe-french-prime-minister-says-a6741466.html.

Please send any responsive records being transmitted by mail to America First Legal Foundation, 600 14<sup>th</sup> Street NW, 5<sup>th</sup> Floor, Washington, D.C. 20005.

# VII. Conclusion

If you have any questions about how to construe this request for records or believe further discussions regarding search and processing would facilitate a more efficient production of records of interest to AFL, please do not hesitate to contact me at <u>FOIA@aflegal.org</u>. Finally, if AFL's request for a fee waiver is not granted in full, please contact us immediately upon making that determination.

Thank you,

/s/ Reed D. Rubinstein
Reed D. Rubinstein
America First Legal Foundation



## **DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE**

FREEDOM OF INFORMATION DIVISION 1155 DEFENSE PENTAGON WASHINGTON, DC 20301-1155

> Ref: 21-F-1477 August 31, 2021

Mr. Gene Hamilton America First Legal 600 14th Street NW 5th Floor Washington, District of Columbia 20005

Dear Mr. Hamilton:

This is an interim response to your August 31, 2021 Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) request, a copy of which is enclosed for your convenience. We received your request on August 31, 2021, and assigned it FOIA case number 21-F-1477. We ask that you use this number when referring to your request.

Upon review of your request, we are granting expedited processing in accordance with our Department of Defense (DoD) Regulation found at 32 CFR Part 286. Your request has been placed in our expedited processing queue and is currently being worked. We have initiated the necessary search actions with the appropriate components of the Office of the Secretary of Defense (OSD).

For your awareness, please understand that the granting of expedited processing does not provide for a guarantee that your request will be completed by a certain date, as all of our required procedures for searching and reviewing any records located must be followed. In fact, although we have already begun processing your request, we will not be able to respond within the FOIA's 20-day statutory time period as there are unusual circumstances which impact our ability to quickly process your request. The FOIA defines unusual circumstances as (a) the need to search for and collect records from a facility geographically separated from this office; (b) the potential volume of records responsive to your request; and (c) the need for consultation with one or more other agencies or DoD components having a substantial interest in either the determination or the subject matter of the records. At least one, if not more of these scenarios applies or would likely apply to your request. While this office handles FOIA requests for OSD, the Joint Staff (JS) and other component offices, we do not actually hold their records and our office is not geographically located with these organizations. As we do not hold the records, until the required record searches are complete, we are unable to estimate the potential volume of records or the number of consultations that will be required to make a release determination. These circumstances impact the total time required to process your request to completion, so placing your request at the top of the FOIA queue, simply means that the work of processing your request is underway.

If you have requested a fee waiver, please note that decisions to waive or reduce fees are made on a case-by-case basis, and we will make a determination concerning your fee waiver request at the conclusion of the search and assessment of responsive records, should they exist. However, this office will only assess fees if we provide the final response to your FOIA

request within the statutory time allotted by the FOIA or if the responsive records total more than 5,000 pages, even after a good faith effort on our part to limit the scope of your request.

In some instances, we have found that requesters who narrow the scope of their requests experience a reduction in the time needed to process their requests. If you wish to narrow the scope of your request or have questions about the foregoing, please do not hesitate to contact your Action Officer, Michael Coen, at michael.e.coen2.civ@mail.mil or 571-372-0413.

Please note that this request should be sent to the United States Army, Air force and Navy. These services operates their own FOIA programs and also would have cognizance over the information you have requested. For your convenience, contact information for these services are provided below:

U.S. Army Freedom of Information Act Office Records Management and Declassification Agency 9301 Chapek Rd. Bldg 1458 Fort Belvoir, VA 22060

Department of the Air Force SAF/AAII (FOIA) 1000 Air Force Pentagon Washington, DC 20330-1000

SECNAV/CNO FOIA Office Chief of Naval Operations (DNS-36) 2000 Navy Pentagon Washington, DC 20350-2000

Additionally, if you have concerns about service received by our office, please contact a member of our Leadership Team at 571-372-0498 or Toll Free at 866-574-4970.

Should you wish to inquire about mediation services, you may contact the OSD/JS FOIA Public Liaison, Tonya R. Fuentes, at 571-372-0462 or by email at OSD.FOIALiaison@mail.mil, or the Office of Government Information Services (OGIS) at the National Archives and Records Administration. The contact information for OGIS is as follows:

Office of Government Information Services National Archives and Records Administration 8601 Adelphi Road-OGIS College Park, MD 20740 E-mail: ogis@nara.gov

Telephone: 202-741-5770

Fax: 202-741-5769

Toll-free: 1-877-684-6448

We regret the delay in responding to your request and appreciate your patience. As previously stated, please contact the Action Officer assigned to your request, Michael Coen, and reference FOIA case number 21-F-1477, if you have any questions or concerns.

Sincerely,

Stephen L. Fisher
Stephanie L. Carr
For Chief

Enclosure:

As stated



July 16, 2021

# VIA FOIA Online & Email - FOIARequests@cdc.gov

CDC/ATSDR Attn: FOIA Office, MS-D54 1600 Clifton Road, N.E. Atlanta, GA 30333

Freedom of Information Act Request: Information Regarding Flagging "disinformation" to Facebook administrators.

Dear FOIA Officer:

America First Legal Foundation ("AFL") is a national, nonprofit organization working to promote the rule of law in the United States by preventing Executive Branch overreach, ensuring due process and equal protection for all Americans, and advancing public knowledge and understanding of individual rights guaranteed under the Constitution and laws of the United States. AFL's mission includes gathering official information, analyzing it, and disseminating it through reports, articles, press releases, emails, and/or through electronic media, including social media platforms. A core part of our educational mission is served by making public the partnership between the President and the agencies he directs, on the one hand, and social media and other corporate special interests, on the other, to control what American citizens are allowed to read, to see, and to say.

## I. Introduction

Yesterday, White House Press Secretary Jen Psaki said "[i]n terms of actions . . . we've increased disinformation research and tracking. Within the Surgeon General's Office, we're flagging posts for Facebook that spread disinformation." She also said "those engagements typically happen through members of our senior staff." This is an alarming admission—that the Biden Administration, at senior levels, is working with private corporations to censor speech that departs from the preferred narrative. The First Amendment does not permit the federal government to engage in content

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Ian Schwartz, WH's Psaki: We're Flagging Problematic Posts for Facebook That Spread Disinformation, REALCLEARPOLITICS,

https://www.realclearpolitics.com/video/2021/07/15/psaki\_were\_flagging\_problematic\_posts\_for\_faceb ook\_that\_spread\_disinformation.html (Jul. 15, 2021).

moderation and infringe on free speech rights of individuals by labeling speech it does not like as "disinformation" and using private corporations to take down anything with which the government disagrees. One might expect such interactions to occur in Cuba, or China—but not in the United States. But it appears as though that is exactly what the White House Press Secretary admitted is occurring on a regular basis.

The American people have a right to know who from the government is saying what, to whom, and for what reasons. A social media company taking down content with which it disagrees is a troubling practice, but a social media company doing so at the behest of the United States is a significant problem. Accordingly, AFL requests access to the following records under the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA), 5 U.S.C. § 552, within twenty business days.

# II. Requested Records

- 1. All records, including, but not limited to, electronic mail, texts, memoranda, and handwritten notes, of, regarding, referring, or relating to any efforts to flag COVID-19 or COVID-19 vaccine related "misinformation" or "disinformation" to any social media company, including but not limited to Facebook, Twitter, TikTok, Instagram, Snapchat, Reddit, YouTube, LinkedIn, Tumblr, and Pinterest. The timeframe for this request is January 20, 2021, to date the records request is processed.
- 2. All records, including, but not limited to, electronic mail, texts, memoranda, and handwritten notes sufficient to show any and all communications with any social media company, including but not limited to Facebook, Twitter, TikTok, Instagram, Snapchat, Reddit, YouTube, LinkedIn, Tumblr, and Pinterest, regarding any efforts to flag COVID-19 or COVID-19 vaccine related "misinformation" or "disinformation". The timeframe for this request is January 20, 2021, to date the records request is processed.
- 3. All records, including, but not limited to, communications with any email address for a White House office or individual serving in the White House, including those ending in "@who.eop.gov" or "@nsc.eop.gov" of, regarding, or relating to the "flagging" of "disinformation" to any social media company, including but not limited to Facebook, Twitter, Instagram, TikTok, Snapchat, Reddit, YouTube, LinkedIn, Tumblr, and Pinterest. The timeframe for this request is January 20, 2021, to date the records request is processed.
- 4. All records, including, but not limited to, electronic mail, texts, memoranda, and handwritten notes sufficient to show how CDC and/or the Administration will determine the veracity of any given post.

- 5. All records, including, but not limited to, electronic mail, texts, memoranda, and handwritten notes, sufficient to show who will decide what is "misinformation" and the basis on which they will make that determination.
- 6. All records, including, but not limited to, electronic mail, texts, memoranda, and handwritten notes, sufficient to show who will decide what is "disinformation" and the basis on which they will make that determination.
- 7. All communications with any email address ending in "@facebook.com". The timeframe for this request is January 20, 2021, to date the records request is processed.
- 8. All communications with any email address ending in "@twitter.com". The timeframe for this request is January 20, 2021, to date the records request is processed.
- 9. All communications with any email address ending in "@instagram.com". The timeframe for this request is January 20, 2021, to date the records request is processed.
- 10. All communications with any email address ending in "@youtube.com". The timeframe for this request is January 20, 2021, to date the records request is processed.
- 11. All records sufficient to show the identities of every natural or legal person engaged in "disinformation research and tracking" referenced by Ms. Psaki. The time frame for this request is January 20, 2021, to the date this records request is processed.
- 12. All records sufficient to show the identities of each of the "members of our senior staff" referenced by Ms. Psaki.

## III. Redactions

Redactions are disfavored as the FOIA's exemptions are exclusive and must be narrowly construed. *Am. Immigration Lawyers Ass 'n v. Exec. Office for Immigration Review (AILA)*, 830 F.3d 667, 676-79 (D.C. Cir. 2016). If a record contains information responsive to a FOIA request, then CDC must disclose the entire record; a single record cannot be split into responsive and non-responsive bits. *Id.; see also Parker v. United States DOJ*, 278 F. Supp. 3d 446, 451 (D.D.C. 2017). Consequently, CDC should produce email attachments.

In connection with this request, and to comply with your legal obligations:

- Please search all locations and systems likely to have responsive records, regardless of format, medium, or physical characteristics.
- In conducting your search, please construe the term "record" in the broadest possible sense, to include any written, typed, recorded, graphic, printed, or audio material of any kind. We seek all records, including electronic records, audiotapes, videotapes, and photographs, as well as texts, letters, emails, facsimiles, telephone messages, voice mail messages, and transcripts, notes, or minutes of any meetings, telephone conversations, or discussions.
- Our request includes any attachments to those records or other materials enclosed with a record when transmitted. If an email is responsive to our request, then our request includes all prior messages sent or received in that email chain, as well as any attachments.
- Please search all relevant records or systems containing records regarding agency business. Do not exclude records regarding agency business contained in files, email accounts, or devices in the personal custody of your officials, such as personal email accounts or text messages. Records of official business conducted using unofficial systems or stored outside of official files are subject to the Federal Records Act and FOIA. It is not adequate to rely on policies and procedures that require officials to move such information to official systems within a certain period of time; AFL has a right to records contained in those files even if material has not yet been moved to official systems or if officials have, by intent or through negligence, failed to meet their obligations.
- Please use all tools available to your agency to conduct a complete and efficient search for potentially responsive records. Agencies are subject to governmentwide requirements to manage agency information electronically, and many agencies have adopted the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA) Capstone program, or similar policies. These systems provide options for searching emails and other electronic records in a manner that is reasonably likely to be more complete than just searching individual custodian files. For example, a custodian may have deleted a responsive email from his or her email program, but your agency's archiving tools may capture that email under Capstone. At the same time, custodian searches are still necessary; you may not have direct access to files stored in .PST files, outside of network drives, in paper format, or in personal email accounts.
- If some portions of the requested records are properly exempt from disclosure, please disclose any reasonably segregable non-exempt portions of the requested records. If a request is denied in whole, please state specifically why it is not reasonable to segregate portions of the record for release.

• Please take appropriate steps to ensure that records responsive to this request are not deleted by the agency before the completion of processing for this request. If records potentially responsive to this request are likely to be located on systems where they are subject to potential deletion, including on a scheduled basis, please take steps to prevent that deletion, including, as appropriate, by instituting a litigation hold on those records.

# IV. Request for Expedited Processing

Your regulations provide for the granting of expedited processing to requests that demonstrate a compelling need. Your regulations say you will process requests "on an expedited basis" whenever there is "an urgent need to inform the public about an actual or alleged Federal Government activity."2 We are an organization engaged in gathering, analyzing, and disseminating information, and there is great urgency to inform the public concerning patently unlawful and inappropriate federal activity, namely that the White House appears to be colluding with or at least pressuring social media companies to censor content running counter to the White House's preferred political narrative. The fact that the White House Press Secretary just admitted to using social media companies to make an end run around the First Amendment has generated outrage and intense media interest. Also, the public has a compelling interest in the efficacy of federal COVID-19 policy. Given the strength of the public interest, and the strong possibility the public will have only a limited amount of time to express its opinions on this matter before those opinions themselves are deemed "disinformation" and censored, expedited processing is proper. Furthermore, this is a straightforward and simple document request that should take few resources to process.

# V. Fee Waiver Request

We request a waiver of all applicable fees. 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(4)(A)(iii) provides that you shall furnish requested records without or at reduced charge if "disclosure of the information is in the public interest because it is likely to contribute significantly to public understanding of the operations or activities of the government and is not primarily in the commercial interest of the requester."<sup>3</sup>

In this case, a fee waiver is appropriate because of the public's right to know whether their government is using social media companies as tools of the state to make an end run around the First Amendment. The public also has a right to know how the decision to attempt this was made, and by whom, as it could constitute an impeachable offense. To date, the information requested has not been released in any

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> 45 C.F.R. § 5.27.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(4)(A)(iii); see also Cause of Action v. Fed. Trade Comm'n, 799 F.3d 1108, 1115-19 (D.C. Cir. 2015) (discussing proper application of public-interest fee waiver test).

form to the public; its release in response to this request will therefore contribute significantly to public understanding of the operations of the government.

In this case, AFL will make your records and your responses publicly available for the benefit of citizens, scholars, and others. The public's understanding of your internal policies and practices with respect the granting of regulatory waivers will be enhanced through AFL's analysis and publication of the requested records. As a nonprofit organization, AFL does not have a commercial purpose and the release of the information requested is not in AFL's financial interest.

# VI. Record Preservation Requirement

We request that the disclosure officer responsible for the processing of this request issue an immediate hold on all records responsive, or potentially responsive, to this request, so as to prevent their disposal until such time as a final determination has been issued on the request and any administrative remedies for appeal have been exhausted. It is unlawful for an agency to destroy or dispose of any record subject to a FOIA request.<sup>4</sup>

## VII. Production

To accelerate release of responsive records, AFL welcomes production on a rolling basis. Please provide responsive records in electronic format by email. Alternatively, please provide responsive records in native format or in PDF format on a USB drive. Please send any responsive records being transmitted by mail to America First Legal Foundation, 600 14th Street NW, 5th Floor, Washington, D.C. 20005.

## VIII. Conclusion

If you have any questions about how to construe this request for records or believe further discussions regarding search and processing would facilitate a more efficient production of records of interest to AFL, please do not hesitate to contact me at <u>FOIA@aflegal.org</u>. Finally, if AFL's request for a fee waiver is not granted in full, please contact us immediately upon making that determination.

Thank you,

<u>/s/ Gene Hamilton</u>
Gene Hamilton
America First Legal Foundation

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Chambers v. Dep't of the Interior, 568 F.3d 998, 1004-05 (D.C. Cir. 2009) ("[A]n agency is not shielded from liability if it intentionally transfers or destroys a document after it has been requested under the FOIA or the Privacy Act."); Judicial Watch, Inc. v. Dep't of Commerce, 34 F. Supp. 2d 28, 41-44 (D.D.C. 1998).

# Case 1:21-cv-03024 Document 1-6 Filed 11/15/21 Page 70 of 74



#### **DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES**

Public Health Service

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) Atlanta GA 30333

July 22, 2021

Gene Hamilton America First Legal Foundation Via email: foia@aflegal.org

Dear Mr. Hamilton:

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (CDC/ATSDR) received your Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) request dated July 16, 2021. Your request assigned number is 21-01575-FOIA, and it has been placed in our complex processing queue.

## **Extension of Time**

In unusual circumstances, an agency can extend the twenty-working-day limit to respond to a FOIA request.

We will require more than thirty working days to respond to your request because:

- x We reasonably expect that two or more CDC centers, institutes, and offices (C/I/Os) may have responsive records.
- x We reasonably expect to receive and review voluminous records in response to your request.
- x We reasonably expect to consult with two or more C/I/O/s, or another HHS operating division or another federal agency about your request.

To process your request promptly, please consider narrowing the scope of your request to limit the number of responsive records. If you have any questions or wish to discuss reformulation or an alternative time frame for the processing of your request, you may contact the analyst handling your request LaShonda Schofield at 770-488-6241 or our FOIA Public Liaison, Roger Andoh at 770-488-6277. Additionally, you may contact the Office of Government Services (OGIS) to inquire about the FOIA mediation services they offer. The contact information for OGIS is as follows: Office of Government Information Services; National Archives and Records Administration; 8601 Adelphi Road-OGIS; College Park, Maryland 20740-6001; e-mail at ogis@nara.gov; telephone at 202-741-5770; toll free at 1-877-684-6448; or facsimile at 202-741-5769.

## **Expedited Processing**

You requested that we expedite processing your request. Your request is granted and your FOIA request would be processed as quickly as possible.

## Fees and Fee Waivers

You requested that we waive fees associated with processing your request, your request is granted, however we may charge reduced fees instead of waiving all fees. If we decide to charge reduced fees you will be notified.

# **Fee Category**

Because you are considered an "Other requester" you are entitled to two hours of free search time, and up to 100 pages of duplication (or the cost equivalent of other media) without charge, and you will not be charged for review time. We may charge for search time beyond the first two hours and for duplication beyond the first 100 pages. (10 cents/page).

## **Cut-off-date**

If you don't provide us with a date range for your request, the cut-off date for your request will be the date the search for responsive records starts.

You may check on the status of your case on our FOIA webpage <a href="https://foia.cdc.gov/app/Home.aspx">https://foia.cdc.gov/app/Home.aspx</a> and entering your assigned request number. If you have any questions regarding your request, please contact me at 770-488-6241 or via email at hur7@cdc.gov.

Sincerely,

Roger Andoh

CDC/ATSDR FOIA Officer
Office of the Chief Operating Officer

(770) 488-6399 Fax: (404) 235-1852

21-01575-FOIA

# EXHIBIT 8

# Case 1:21-cv-03024 Document 1-6 Filed 11/15/21 Page 73 of 74



# U.S. Department of Justice

# Office of Information Policy

Telephone: (202) 514-3642 Washington, D.C. 20530

JUL 2 2 2011

Ms. Katherine Gallagher

Staff Attorney Center for Constitutional Rights 666 Broadway, 6<sup>th</sup> Floor New York, NY 10012

Re: AG/11-00958 (F) DAG/11-00959 (F)

ASG/11-00960 (F) CLM:LAD:JBG

Dear Ms. Gallagher:

This is to acknowledge receipt of your letter dated June 30, 2010, in which you requested various records concerning a six-boat flotilla headed to the Gaza Strip which was intercepted by the Israeli Defense Forces in the Mediterranean Sea in May 2010. Although your letter indicates that it was directed to the Mail Referral Unit, Justice Management Division, it was provided directly to this Office through the Department's counsel in Center for Constitutional Rights, Inc. v. Department of Defense et al., No. 11-3533 (S.D.N.Y.) As such, your request was not deemed received by this Office until July 12, 2011. This response is made on behalf of the Offices of the Attorney General, Deputy Attorney General, and Associate Attorney General.

You have requested expedited processing of your request pursuant to the Department's standard permitting expedition for requests involving "[a]n urgency to inform the public about an actual or alleged federal government activity, if made by a person primarily engaged in disseminating information." See 28 C.F.R. § 16.5(d)(ii) (2010). Based on the information you have provided. I have determined that your request for expedited processing under this standard should be denied. The primary activity of your organization does not appear to be information dissemination, which is required for a requester to qualify for expedited processing under this standard. Additionally, you have requested expedited processing of your request pursuant to the Department's standard involving the "loss of substantial due process rights." See id. § 16.5(d)(iii). Based on the information you have provided, I have determined that your request for expedited processing under this standard also should be denied. Courts are reluctant to grant expedited processing unless a requester can show (1) "that [he] is facing grave punishment [in a criminal proceeding], and (2) that there is reason to believe information will be produced to aid the individual's defense." Freedman v. United States Department of Justice, No. 92-0557, slip op, at 4 (D.D.C. Oct. 2, 1992). Neither of these circumstances are present here. Please be advised that although your request for expedited processing has been denied, it has been assigned to a FOIA Specialist in this Office, and records searches have been initiated in the Offices of the Attorney General, Deputy Attorney General, and Associate Attorney General.

We have not yet made a decision on your request for a fee waiver. We will do so after we determine whether fees will be assessed for this request.

I understand your request has also been forwarded by Department counsel to the Criminal Division and the Federal Bureau of Investigation for processing and direct response to you.

I regret the necessity of this delay, but I assure you that your request will be processed as soon as possible. Although I am aware that your request is the subject of ongoing litigation and that appeals are not ordinarily acted on in such situations, I am required by statute and regulation to inform you of your right to file an administrative appeal.

Sincerely,

Carmen L. Mallon Chief of Staff

# Case 1:21-cv-03024 Document 1-7 Filed 11/15/21 Page 1 of 1



U.S. Department of Justice Office of Information Policy Sixth Floor 441 G Street, NW Washington, DC 20530-0001

Telephone: (202) 514-3642

October 19, 2021

foia@aflegal.org

## Dear Reed Rubinstein:

This is to advise you that the Office of Information Policy (OIP) of the U.S. Department of Justice received your administrative appeal from the action of the OIP regarding Request No. FOIA-2022-00056 on 10/19/2021.

In an attempt to afford each appellant equal and impartial treatment, OIP has adopted a general practice of assigning appeals in the approximate order of receipt. Your appeal has been assigned number A-2022-00127 . Please refer to this number in any future communication with OIP regarding this matter. Please note that if you provided an email address or another electronic means of communication with your request or appeal, this Office may respond to your appeal electronically even if you submitted your appeal to this Office via regular U.S. Mail.

We will notify you of the decision on your appeal as soon as we can. If you have any questions about the status of your appeal, you may contact me at (202) 514-3642. If you have submitted your appeal through FOIA STAR, you may also check the status of your appeal by logging into your account.

Priscilla Jones

Supervisory Administrative Specialist

## Case 1:21-cv-03024 Document 1-8 Filed 11/15/21 Page 1 of 3



U.S. Department of Justice Office of Information Policy Sixth Floor 441 G Street, NW Washington, DC 20530-0001

Telephone: (202) 514-3642

Reed Rubinstein

Re: Appeal No. A-2022-00127

Request No. FOIA-2022-00056

CDT:EAH

foia@aflegal.org

**VIA:** online portal - 10/27/2021

Dear Reed Rubinstein:

This is to advise you that your administrative appeal from the action of the Initial Request Staff (IR Staff) of the Office of Information Policy was received in this Office on October 19, 2021. You appealed from the IR Staff's denial of your request for expedited treatment of your Freedom of Information Act request.

In your appeal letter, you assert that your request is entitled to expedited treatment pursuant to the second, third, and fourth standards enumerated in the Department of Justice's regulations. Expedited treatment pursuant to the first standard will be granted where not doing so "could reasonably be expected to pose an imminent threat to the life or physical safety of an individual." 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(6)(E)(v)(I). See also 28 C.F.R. § 16.5(e)(1)(i) (2020). Under the second standard, you must show that there is "[a]n urgency to inform the public about an actual or alleged Federal Government activity, if made by a person primarily engaged in disseminating information." 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(6)(E)(v)(II). See also 28 C.F.R. § 16.5(e)(1)(ii) (2020). Under the third standard, you must show that the request involves "[t]he loss of substantial due process rights." 28 C.F.R. § 16.5(e)(1)(iii) (2020). Under the fourth standard, you must show that the subject matter of your request is a "matter of widespread and exceptional media interest in which there exist possible questions about the government's integrity that affect public confidence." Id. at § 16.5(e)(1)(iv). This Office makes determinations regarding the first three standards, while the Department's Director of Public Affairs makes determinations regarding the fourth standard. See id. at § 16.5(e)(2).

After carefully considering your appeal, I am affirming the IR Staff's action in denying your request for expedited treatment. In deciding whether you have demonstrated that there is an "urgency to inform the public" under 28 C.F.R. § 16.5(e)(1)(ii) (2020), I considered three factors: "(1) whether the request concerns a matter of current exigency to the American public; (2) whether the consequences of delaying a response would compromise a significant recognized interest; and (3) whether the request concerns federal government activity." Al-Fayed v. CIA, 254 F.3d 300, 310 (D.C. Cir. 2001). Although your request concerns a federal

government activity, you have not established that the requested records are a matter of current exigency to the American public, nor that delaying a response would compromise a significant recognized interest. Furthermore, although you may well engage in the dissemination of information, you have not demonstrated that you are "primarily engaged" in disseminating information. See Landmark Legal Found. v. EPA, 910 F. Supp. 2d 270 (D.D.C. 2012) (noting that plaintiff must be "primarily, and not just incidentally, engaged in information dissemination"); ACLU of N. Cal. v. DOJ, No. 04-4447, 2005 WL 588354, at \*14 (N.D. Cal. Mar. 11, 2005) (holding that information dissemination must be "the main activity" rather than merely "a main activity" of plaintiff to satisfy expedition standard). Without such a showing, expedited processing pursuant to the second standard is not warranted.

Regarding the third standard, courts have held that requests for expedited treatment for due process reasons generally should not be granted unless requesters show that they are "facing grave punishment" in a pending criminal proceeding and that "there is a reason to believe that the information produced will aid in the individual's defense." Aguilera v. FBI, 941 F. Supp. 144, 150 (D.D.C. 1996). Based on the information that you have provided, I have determined that you do not meet this test because you have not demonstrated that the information sought will aid in any criminal defense, or that you are facing grave punishment. Without such a showing, expedited treatment pursuant to the third standard is not warranted. Accordingly, the IR Staff properly denied your request for expedited treatment under the third standard.

The Director of Public Affairs considered your request for expedited processing under the fourth standard and determined that your request should be denied. I agree with the determination of the Director of Public Affairs that expedited treatment of your request is not warranted under this standard because you have failed to sufficiently demonstrate that the subject of your request is "[a] matter of widespread and exceptional media interest in which there exist possible questions about the government's integrity which affect public confidence." 28 C.F.R. § 16.5(e)(1)(iv) (2020). It was determined that your request did not involve possible questions about the government's integrity which affect public confidence. Accordingly, the Director of Public Affairs properly determined that you failed to meet your burden under the fourth standard for expedited processing.

Finally, I note that you are also seeking expedited processing of your appeal. For the same reason noted above, expedited treatment of your appeal is not warranted.

Please be advised that this Office's decision was made only after a full review of this matter. Your appeal was assigned to an attorney with this Office who thoroughly reviewed and analyzed your appeal, your underlying request, and the action of the IR Staff in response to your request.

If you are dissatisfied with my action on your appeal, the FOIA permits you to file a lawsuit in federal district court in accordance with 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(4)(B).

For your information, the Office of Government Information Services (OGIS) offers mediation services to resolve disputes between FOIA requesters and Federal agencies as a non-exclusive alternative to litigation. Using OGIS services does not affect your right to pursue litigation. The contact information for OGIS is as follows: Office of Government Information Services, National Archives and Records Administration, Room 2510, 8601 Adelphi Road, College Park, Maryland 20740-6001; email at ogis@nara.gov; telephone at 202-741-5770; toll free at 1-877-684-6448; or facsimile at 202-741-5769. If you have any questions regarding the action this Office has taken on your appeal, you may contact this Office's FOIA Public Liaison for your appeal. Specifically, you may speak with the undersigned agency official by calling (202) 514-3642.

Sincerely,

Christina D. Troiani,

Associate Chief, for Matthew Hurd, Chief, Administrative Appeals Staff

# Case 1:21-cv-03024 Document 1-9 Filed 11/15/21 Page 1 of 1



U.S. Department of Justice Office of Information Policy Sixth Floor 441 G Street, NW Washington, DC 20530-0001

Telephone: (202) 514-3642

October 28, 2021

foia@aflegal.org

## Dear Reed Rubinstein:

This is to advise you that the Office of Information Policy (OIP) of the U.S. Department of Justice received your administrative appeal from the action of the OLC regarding Request No. FY22-003 on 10/19/2021.

In an attempt to afford each appellant equal and impartial treatment, OIP has adopted a general practice of assigning appeals in the approximate order of receipt. Your appeal has been assigned number A-2022-00180 . Please refer to this number in any future communication with OIP regarding this matter. Please note that if you provided an email address or another electronic means of communication with your request or appeal, this Office may respond to your appeal electronically even if you submitted your appeal to this Office via regular U.S. Mail.

We will notify you of the decision on your appeal as soon as we can. If you have any questions about the status of your appeal, you may contact me at (202) 514-3642. If you have submitted your appeal through FOIA STAR, you may also check the status of your appeal by logging into your account.

Sincerely, Priscilla Jones

Priscilla Jones

Supervisory Administrative Specialist

## Case 1:21-cv-03024 Document 1-10 Filed 11/15/21 Page 1 of 3



**U.S. Department of Justice** Office of Information Policy *Sixth Floor* 441 G Street, NW Washington, DC 20530-0001

Telephone: (202) 514-3642

Reed Rubinstein October 28, 2021

Re: Appeal No. A-2022-00180 Request No. FY22-003

foia@aflegal.org CDT:EAH

VIA: online portal

Dear Reed Rubinstein:

This is to advise you that your administrative appeal from the action of Office of Legal Counsel was received in this Office on October 19, 2021. You appealed from OLC's denial of your request for expedited treatment of your Freedom of Information Act request. You also requested expedited processing of your appeal.

In your appeal letter, you assert that your request is entitled to expedited treatment pursuant to the second, third, and fourth standards enumerated in the Department of Justice's regulations. Expedited treatment pursuant to the first standard will be granted where not doing so "could reasonably be expected to pose an imminent threat to the life or physical safety of an individual." 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(6)(E)(v)(I). See also 28 C.F.R. § 16.5(e)(1)(i) (2020). Under the second standard, you must show that there is "[a]n urgency to inform the public about an actual or alleged Federal Government activity, if made by a person primarily engaged in disseminating information." 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(6)(E)(v)(II). See also 28 C.F.R. § 16.5(e)(1)(ii) (2020). Under the third standard, you must show that the request involves "[t]he loss of substantial due process rights." 28 C.F.R. § 16.5(e)(1)(iii) (2020). Under the fourth standard, you must show that the subject matter of your request is a "matter of widespread and exceptional media interest in which there exist possible questions about the government's integrity that affect public confidence." Id. at § 16.5(e)(1)(iv). This Office makes determinations regarding the first three standards, while the Department's Director of Public Affairs makes determinations regarding the fourth standard. See id. at § 16.5(e)(2).

After carefully considering your appeal, I am affirming OLC's action in denying your request for expedited treatment. In deciding whether you have demonstrated that there is an "urgency to inform the public" under 28 C.F.R. § 16.5(e)(1)(ii) (2020), I considered three factors: "(1) whether the request concerns a matter of current exigency to the American public; (2) whether the consequences of delaying a response would compromise a significant recognized interest; and (3) whether the request concerns federal government activity." Al-Fayed v. CIA, 254 F.3d 300, 310 (D.C. Cir. 2001). Although your request concerns a federal

government activity, you have not established that the requested records are a matter of current exigency to the American public, nor that delaying a response would compromise a significant recognized interest. Furthermore, although you may well engage in the dissemination of information, you have not demonstrated that you are "primarily engaged" in disseminating information. See Landmark Legal Found. v. EPA, 910 F. Supp. 2d 270 (D.D.C. 2012) (noting that plaintiff must be "primarily, and not just incidentally, engaged in information dissemination"); ACLU of N. Cal. v. DOJ, No. 04-4447, 2005 WL 588354, at \*14 (N.D. Cal. Mar. 11, 2005) (holding that information dissemination must be "the main activity" rather than merely "a main activity" of plaintiff to satisfy expedition standard). Without such a showing, expedited processing pursuant to the second standard is not warranted.

Regarding the third standard, courts have held that requests for expedited treatment for due process reasons generally should not be granted unless requesters show that they are "facing grave punishment" in a pending criminal proceeding and that "there is a reason to believe that the information produced will aid in the individual's defense." Aguilera v. FBI, 941 F. Supp. 144, 150 (D.D.C. 1996). Based on the information that you have provided, I have determined that you do not meet this test because you have not demonstrated that the information sought will aid in any criminal defense, or that you are facing grave punishment. Without such a showing, expedited treatment pursuant to the third standard is not warranted. Accordingly, OLC properly denied your request for expedited treatment under the third standard.

The Director of Public Affairs considered your request for expedited processing under the fourth standard and determined that your request should be denied. I agree with the determination of the Director of Public Affairs that expedited treatment of your request is not warranted under this standard because you have failed to sufficiently demonstrate that the subject of your request is "[a] matter of widespread and exceptional media interest in which there exist possible questions about the government's integrity which affect public confidence." 28 C.F.R. § 16.5(e)(1)(iv) (2020). PAO has determined that the topic is not a matter "in which there exists possible questions about the government's integrity which affect public confidence." Accordingly, the Director of Public Affairs properly determined that you failed to meet your burden under the fourth standard for expedited processing.

I note that you are also seeking expedited processing of your appeal. For the same reason noted above, expedited treatment of your appeal is not warranted.

Please be advised that this Office's decision was made only after a full review of this matter. Your appeal was assigned to an attorney with this Office who thoroughly reviewed and analyzed your appeal, your underlying request, and the action of OLC in response to your request.

If you are dissatisfied with my action on your appeal, the FOIA permits you to file a lawsuit in federal district court in accordance with 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(4)(B).

For your information, the Office of Government Information Services (OGIS) offers mediation services to resolve disputes between FOIA requesters and Federal agencies as a non-exclusive alternative to litigation. Using OGIS services does not affect your right to pursue litigation. The contact information for OGIS is as follows: Office of Government Information Services, National Archives and Records Administration, Room 2510, 8601 Adelphi Road, College Park, Maryland 20740-6001; email at ogis@nara.gov; telephone at 202-741-5770; toll free at 1-877-684-6448; or facsimile at 202-741-5769. If you have any questions regarding the action this Office has taken on your appeal, you may contact this Office's FOIA Public Liaison for your appeal. Specifically, you may speak with the undersigned agency official by calling (202) 514-3642.

Sincerely,

Matthew Hurd,

Chief, Administrative Appeals Staff

M.H - M

# Case 1:21-cv-03024 Document 1-11 Filed 11/15/21 Page 1 of 1



U.S. Department of Justice Office of Information Policy Sixth Floor 441 G Street, NW Washington, DC 20530-0001

Telephone: (202) 514-3642

October 28, 2021

foia@aflegal.org

## Dear Reed Rubinstein:

This is to advise you that the Office of Information Policy (OIP) of the U.S. Department of Justice received your administrative appeal from the action of the Criminal Division regarding Request No. CRM-301677502 on 10/19/2021.

In an attempt to afford each appellant equal and impartial treatment, OIP has adopted a general practice of assigning appeals in the approximate order of receipt. Your appeal has been assigned number A-2022-00181 . Please refer to this number in any future communication with OIP regarding this matter. Please note that if you provided an email address or another electronic means of communication with your request or appeal, this Office may respond to your appeal electronically even if you submitted your appeal to this Office via regular U.S. Mail.

We will notify you of the decision on your appeal as soon as we can. If you have any questions about the status of your appeal, you may contact me at (202) 514-3642. If you have submitted your appeal through FOIA STAR, you may also check the status of your appeal by logging into your account.

Sincerely, Priscilla Jones

Priscilla Jones Supervisory Administrative Specialist

# Case 1:21-cv-03024 Document 1-12 Filed 11/15/21 Page 1 of 3



U.S. Department of Justice Office of Information Policy Sixth Floor 441 G Street, NW Washington, DC 20530-0001

Telephone: (202) 514-3642

Reed Rubinstein

Re: Appeal No. A-2022-00181

Request No. CRM-301677502

CDT:EAH

foia@aflegal.org

**VIA:** online portal - 10/29/2021

Dear Reed Rubinstein:

This is to advise you that your administrative appeal from the action of the Criminal Division of the United States Department of Justice was received in this Office on October 19, 2021. You appealed from the Criminal Divisions's denial of your request for expedited treatment of your Freedom of Information Act request. You also requested expedited processing of your appeal.

In your appeal letter, you assert that your request is entitled to expedited treatment pursuant to the second, third, and fourth standards enumerated in the Department of Justice's regulations. Expedited treatment pursuant to the first standard will be granted where not doing so "could reasonably be expected to pose an imminent threat to the life or physical safety of an individual." 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(6)(E)(v)(I). See also 28 C.F.R. § 16.5(e)(1)(i) (2020). Under the second standard, you must show that there is "[a]n urgency to inform the public about an actual or alleged Federal Government activity, if made by a person primarily engaged in disseminating information." 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(6)(E)(v)(II). See also 28 C.F.R. § 16.5(e)(1)(ii) (2020). Under the third standard, you must show that the request involves "[t]he loss of substantial due process rights." 28 C.F.R. § 16.5(e)(1)(iii) (2020). Under the fourth standard, you must show that the subject matter of your request is a "matter of widespread and exceptional media interest in which there exist possible questions about the government's integrity that affect public confidence." Id. at § 16.5(e)(1)(iv). This Office makes determinations regarding the first three standards, while the Department's Director of Public Affairs makes determinations regarding the fourth standard. See id. at § 16.5(e)(2).

After carefully considering your appeal, I am affirming the Criminal Division's action in denying your request for expedited treatment. In deciding whether you have demonstrated that there is an "urgency to inform the public" under 28 C.F.R. § 16.5(e)(1)(ii) (2020), I considered three factors: "(1) whether the request concerns a matter of current exigency to the American public; (2) whether the consequences of delaying a response would compromise a significant recognized interest; and (3) whether the request concerns federal government activity." Al-

<u>Fayed v. CIA</u>, 254 F.3d 300, 310 (D.C. Cir. 2001). Although your request concerns a federal government activity, you have not established that the requested records are a matter of current exigency to the American public, nor that delaying a response would compromise a significant recognized interest. Furthermore, although you may well engage in the dissemination of information, you have not demonstrated that you are "primarily engaged" in disseminating information. <u>See Landmark Legal Found. v. EPA</u>, 910 F. Supp. 2d 270 (D.D.C. 2012) (noting that plaintiff must be "primarily, and not just incidentally, engaged in information dissemination"); <u>ACLU of N. Cal. v. DOJ</u>, No. 04-4447, 2005 WL 588354, at \*14 (N.D. Cal. Mar. 11, 2005) (holding that information dissemination must be "*the* main activity" rather than merely "*a* main activity" of plaintiff to satisfy expedition standard). Without such a showing, expedited processing pursuant to the second standard is not warranted.

Regarding the third standard, courts have held that requests for expedited treatment for due process reasons generally should not be granted unless requesters show that they are "facing grave punishment" in a pending criminal proceeding and that "there is a reason to believe that the information produced will aid in the individual's defense." Aguilera v. FBI, 941 F. Supp. 144, 150 (D.D.C. 1996). Based on the information that you have provided, I have determined that you do not meet this test because you have not demonstrated that the information sought will aid in any criminal defense, or that you are facing grave punishment. Without such a showing, expedited treatment pursuant to the third standard is not warranted. Accordingly, the Criminal Division properly denied your request for expedited treatment under the third standard.

The Director of Public Affairs considered your request for expedited processing under the fourth standard and determined that your request should be denied. I agree with the determination of the Director of Public Affairs that expedited treatment of your request is not warranted under this standard because you have failed to sufficiently demonstrate that the subject of your request is "[a] matter of widespread and exceptional media interest in which there exist possible questions about the government's integrity which affect public confidence." 28 C.F.R. § 16.5(e)(1)(iv) (2020). PAO has determined that the topic is not a matter "in which there exists possible questions about the government's integrity which affect public confidence." Accordingly, the Director of Public Affairs properly determined that you failed to meet your burden under the fourth standard for expedited processing.

I note that you are also seeking expedited processing of your appeal. For the same reason noted above, expedited treatment of your appeal is not warranted.

If you are dissatisfied with my action on your appeal, the FOIA permits you to file a lawsuit in federal district court in accordance with 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(4)(B).

For your information, the Office of Government Information Services (OGIS) offers mediation services to resolve disputes between FOIA requesters and Federal agencies as a non-exclusive alternative to litigation. Using OGIS services does not affect your right to pursue

litigation. The contact information for OGIS is as follows: Office of Government Information Services, National Archives and Records Administration, Room 2510, 8601 Adelphi Road, College Park, Maryland 20740-6001; email at ogis@nara.gov; telephone at 202-741-5770; toll free at 1-877-684-6448; or facsimile at 202-741-5769. If you have any questions regarding the action this Office has taken on your appeal, you may contact this Office's FOIA Public Liaison for your appeal. Specifically, you may speak with the undersigned agency official by calling (202) 514-3642.

Sincerely,

X

Christina D. Troiani, Associate Chief, for Matthew Hurd, Chief, Administrative Appeals Staff

Christia Irian

# Case 1:21-cv-03024 Document 1-13 Filed 11/15/21 Page 1 of 1



U.S. Department of Justice Office of Information Policy Sixth Floor 441 G Street, NW Washington, DC 20530-0001

Telephone: (202) 514-3642

October 28, 2021

foia@aflegal.org

#### Dear Reed Rubinstein:

This is to advise you that the Office of Information Policy (OIP) of the U.S. Department of Justice received your administrative appeal from the action of the EOUSA regarding Request No. EOUSA-2022-000037 on 10/19/2021.

In an attempt to afford each appellant equal and impartial treatment, OIP has adopted a general practice of assigning appeals in the approximate order of receipt. Your appeal has been assigned number A-2022-00182 . Please refer to this number in any future communication with OIP regarding this matter. Please note that if you provided an email address or another electronic means of communication with your request or appeal, this Office may respond to your appeal electronically even if you submitted your appeal to this Office via regular U.S. Mail.

We will notify you of the decision on your appeal as soon as we can. If you have any questions about the status of your appeal, you may contact me at (202) 514-3642. If you have submitted your appeal through FOIA STAR, you may also check the status of your appeal by logging into your account.

<sup>Sincerely,</sup> Priscilla Jones

Priscilla Jones

Supervisory Administrative Specialist



AFL FOIA <foia@aflegal.org>

# Appeal Expedited Determination for Appeal Number A-2022-00182

1 message

Administrator Email <oip-noreply@usdoj.gov>
To: foia@aflegal.org
Cc: No-Reply.OIP.FOIASTAR@usdoj.gov

Thu, Oct 28, 2021 at 4:33 PM

Expedited Determination decision has been made on Appeal Number A-2022-00182 with the decision of Denied.

This is to advise you that your administrative appeal from the action of Executive Office for U.S. Attorneys (EOUSA) was received in this Office on October 19, 2021. Your appeal has been assigned number A-2022-00182. Please mention this number in any future correspondence with this Office regarding this appeal. You assert that your appeal is entitled to expedited treatment pursuant to the second standard enumerated in the Department of Justice's regulations. Expedited treatment pursuant to the second standard will be granted where the requester shows that there is "[a]n urgency to inform the public about an actual or alleged federal government activity, if made by a person primarily engaged in disseminating information." 28 C.F.R. § 16.5(e)(1)(ii) (2020). I have determined that you have not met your burden under the second standard because you have not shown an "urgency to inform the public" about an actual or alleged federal government activity and because you have failed to demonstrate that you are "primarily engaged in disseminating information." Id. at § 16.5(e)(1)(ii). In deciding whether you have demonstrated that there is an "urgency to inform the public" under 28 C.F.R. § 16.5(e)(1)(ii), I considered three factors: "(1) whether the request concerns a matter of current exigency to the American public; (2) whether the consequences of delaying a response would compromise a significant recognized interest; and (3) whether the request concerns federal government activity." Al-Fayed v. CIA, 254 F.3d 300, 310 (D.C. Cir. 2001). Although your request concerns a federal government activity, you have not established that the requested records are a matter of current exigency to the American public, nor that delaying a response would compromise a significant recognized interest. Further, you have not provided any evidence that you are "primarily engaged in disseminating information." See Landmark Legal Found. v. EPA, 910 F. Supp. 2d 270 (D.D.C. 2012) (noting that plaintiff must be "primarily, and not just incidentally, engaged in information dissemination"); ACLU of N. Cal. v. DOJ, No. 04-4447, 2005 WL 588354, at \*14 (N.D. Cal. Mar. 11, 2005) (holding that information dissemination must be "the main activity" rather than merely "a main activity" of plaintiff to satisfy expedition standard). In addition, you assert that your appeal is entitled to expedited treatment pursuant to the third standard enumerated in the Department of Justice's regulations. Under the third standard, you must show that the request involves "[t]he loss of substantial due process rights." 28 C.F.R. § 16.5(e)(1)(iii) (2020). Courts have held that requests for expedited treatment for due process reasons generally should not be granted unless a requester shows that they are "facing grave punishment" in a pending criminal proceeding and that "there is a reason to believe that the information produced will aid in the individual's defense." Aguilera v. FBI, 941 F. Supp. 144, 150 (D.D.C. 1996). Based on the information that you have provided, I have determined that you do not meet this test because you have not demonstrated that you are facing grave punishment, that the information sought will aid in any defense, or that your request relates to a pending criminal proceeding. Accordingly, I am denying your request for expedited treatment of your appeal. Finally, the Director of Public Affairs considered your request for expedited processing under the fourth standard and determined that your request for expedition should be denied. I agree with the determination of the Director of Public Affairs that expedited treatment of your appeal is not warranted under this standard because you have failed to sufficiently demonstrate that the subject of your request is "[a] matter of widespread and exceptional media interest in which there exist possible questions about the government's integrity that affect public confidence." 28 C.F.R. § 16.5(e)(1)(iv) (2020). Accordingly, the Director of Public Affairs properly determined that you failed to meet your burden under the fourth standard for expedited processing. Please be advised that the other portions of your appeal will be responded to separately by this Office. Please also be advised that because EOUSA responded to your request within 10 days, any challenge to its failure to adjudicate your request for expedited processing on the request is moot. As a result of the denial, your appeal will be placed into chronological order with the other pending appeals and will be addressed in turn. Please be advised that this Office's decision was made only after a full review of this matter. Your appeal was assigned to an attorney with this Office who thoroughly reviewed and analyzed your appeal, your underlying request, and the action of EOUSA in response to If you are dissatisfied with my action on your appeal, the FOIA permits you to file a lawsuit in federal district court in accordance with 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(4)(B). For your information, the Office of Government Information Services (OGIS) offers mediation services to resolve disputes between FOIA requesters and Federal agencies as a non-exclusive alternative to litigation. Using OGIS services does not affect your right to pursue litigation. The contact information for OGIS is as follows: Office of Government Information Services, National Archives and Records Administration, Room 2510, 8601 Adelphi Road, College Park, Maryland 20740-6001; email at ogis@nara.gov; telephone at 202-741-5770; toll free at 1-877-684-6448; or facsimile at 202-741-5769. If you have any questions regarding the action this Office has taken on your appeal, you may contact this Office's FOIA Public Liaison for your appeal. Specifically, you may speak with the undersigned agency official by calling (202) 514-3642.

# Case 1:21-cv-03024 Document 1-15 Filed 11/15/21 Page 1 of 1



U.S. Department of Justice Office of Information Policy Sixth Floor 441 G Street, NW Washington, DC 20530-0001

Telephone: (202) 514-3642

October 28, 2021

foia@aflegal.org

#### Dear Reed Rubinstein:

This is to advise you that the Office of Information Policy (OIP) of the U.S. Department of Justice received your administrative appeal from the action of the Civil Rights Divsion regarding Request No. 22-00004-F on 10/19/2021.

In an attempt to afford each appellant equal and impartial treatment, OIP has adopted a general practice of assigning appeals in the approximate order of receipt. Your appeal has been assigned number A-2022-00183 . Please refer to this number in any future communication with OIP regarding this matter. Please note that if you provided an email address or another electronic means of communication with your request or appeal, this Office may respond to your appeal electronically even if you submitted your appeal to this Office via regular U.S. Mail.

We will notify you of the decision on your appeal as soon as we can. If you have any questions about the status of your appeal, you may contact me at (202) 514-3642. If you have submitted your appeal through FOIA STAR, you may also check the status of your appeal by logging into your account.

<sup>Sincerely,</sup> Priscilla Jones

Priscilla Jones

Supervisory Administrative Specialist

## Case 1:21-cv-03024 Document 1-16 Filed 11/15/21 Page 1 of 1



**U.S. Department of Justice** Office of Information Policy Sixth Floor 441 G Street, NW Washington, DC 20530-0001

Telephone: (202) 514-3642

Reed Rubinstein

October 28, 2021

Appeal No. A-2022-00183

Request No. 22-00004-F

**MWH:EAH** 

foia@aflegal.org

**VIA: Online Portal** 

Dear Reed Rubinstein:

You attempted to appeal from the failure of Civil Rights Division to respond to your request for expeidted processing of your Freedom of Information Act request for access to records concerning the Attorney General's memorandum; the National School Board Association; and various communications from September 15, 2021 to the processing of the request.

Department of Justice regulations provide for an administrative appeal to the Office of Information Policy only after there has been an adverse determination by a component. See 28 C.F.R. § 16.8(a) (2020). As no adverse determination has yet been made by the Civil Rights Division, there is no action for this Office to consider on appeal. Because the Civil Rights Division has not assessed any fees in connection with the processing of your request, there is no adverse fee determination for this Office to consider on appeal.

I note that you requested expedited treatment of your appeal. Because I am closing your underlying appeal within ten calendar days, your request for expedited treatment of this appeal is moot.

If you have any questions regarding the action this Office has taken on your appeal, you may contact this Office's FOIA Public Liaison for your appeal. Specifically, you may speak with the undersigned agency official by calling (202) 514-3642.

Sincerely, Mother - M

Matthew Hurd, Chief, Administrative Appeals Staff

# CIVIL COVER SHEET

JS-44 (Rev. 11/2020 DC)											
I. (a) PLAINTIFFS				D	EFEND.	ANTS					
(b) COUNTY OF RESIDENCE (EXC		ISTED PLAINTIFF LAINTIFF CASES)			COUNTY  NOTE: 1	OF RESIDE	NCE OF I (IN U.S MNATION O	FIRST LIST . PLAINTI CASES, USE TH	ED DEFENDANT	LAND INVOLV	ED
(c) ATTORNEYS (FIRM NA	ME, ADDRESS	S, AND TELEPHONE NUMBER	)	A.	TTORNEY	S (IF KNOW	N)				
(c) THORACE TO (THAT TELLE HOTEL)											
II. BASIS OF JURISI (PLACE AN x IN ONE B				III. CITIZENSHIP OF PRINCIPAL PARTIES (PLACE AN X IN ONE BOX FOR PLAINTIFF AND ONE BOX FOR DEFENDANT) FOR DIVERSITY CASES ONLY!							
O 1 U.S. Government	· ·	deral Question	1 12/1		DONEBC	PTF	DFT	PORDIV	ERSTIT CASES ONET	PTF	DFT
Plaintiff		S. Government Not a Party)	Citiz	zen of this	State	O 1	O 1		ated or Principal Place	O 4	O 4
O 2 U.S. Government Defendant	(In	versity adicate Citizenship of	Citiz	zen of Ano	ther State	O 2	O 2		ated and Principal Place ess in Another State	, O 5	O 5
	Pa	rties in item III)		en or Subj		O 3	O 3	Foreign 1	Nation	O 6	O 6
		IV. CASE ASSIG									
(Place an X i	n one categ	ory, A-N, that best repre	sents	your Ca	use of A	tion and o	<u>one</u> in a	corresp	onding Nature of Su	iit)	
O A. Antitrust		Personal Injury/ Ialpractice		O C.	Admin Review	istrative ,	Ageno	v	OD. Tempor Order/P Injunction	relimina	
410 Antitrust	310 Ai	rplane		151	Medicar	e Act			1пјинси	on	
315 Airplane Product Liability 320 Assault, Libel & Slander 330 Federal Employers Liability 340 Marine 345 Marine Product Liability 350 Motor Vehicle 355 Motor Vehicle Product Liabili 360 Other Personal Injury 362 Medical Malpractice 365 Product Liability 367 Health Care/Pharmaceutical Personal Injury Product Liabil 368 Asbestos Product Liability		Social Security  861 HIA (1395ff)  862 Black Lung (923)  863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g))  864 SSID Title XVI  865 RSI (405(g))  Other Statutes  891 Agricultural Acts  893 Environmental Matters  890 Other Statutory Actions (If		Any nature of suit from any category may be selected for this category of case assignment.  *(If Antitrust, then A governs)*							
O E. General Civ	il (Other)	OR		0	F. <i>Pr</i>	o Se Gen	eral C	ivil			
Real PropertyBankruptcy210 Land Condemnation422 Appeal 27 USC 1220 Foreclosure423 Withdrawal 28 U230 Rent, Lease & EjectmentPrisoner Petitions240 Torts to Land535 Death Penalty290 All Other Real Property540 Mandamus & OtPersonal Property555 Prison Condition		SC 1:	871 IRS-Third Party 26 USC 7609  Forfeiture/Penalty 625 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 881		465 Other Immigration Actions 470 Racketeer Influenced & Corrupt Organization 480 Consumer Credit 485 Telephone Consumer Protection Act (TCPA) 490 Cable/Satellite TV 850 Securities/Commodities/						
370 Other Fraud 560 Civil Detainee – 0 371 Truth in Lending of Confinement		CUHAI	uons	Other S	<u>statutes</u>			Exchange 896 Arbitration	n		
Damage Property Rights  820 Converights				375 False Claims Act 376 Qui Tam (31 USC			899 Administrative Procedure Act/Review or Appeal of				
385 Property Damage 820 Copyrights 830 Patent					3729(a))			Agency Decision			
1 Toduct Liability		835 Patent – Abbrevi		New		0 State Rea			950 Constitutionality of State		
Drug Application		1			430 Banks & Banking 450 Commerce/ICC Rates/etc		Statutes 890 Other Stat	utory Acti	ons		
840 Trademark 880 Defend Trade Se		crete	460 0		460 Deportation		(if not adn	•			
2016 (DTSA)			. 200 01	46	2 Naturaliz Applicati			review or	Privacy Ac	et)	

## Case 1:21-cv-03024 Document 1-17 Filed 11/15/21 Page 2 of 2

O G. Habeas Corpus/ 2255	O H. Employment Discrimination	O I. FOIA/Privacy Act	O J. Student Loan				
530 Habeas Corpus – General 510 Motion/Vacate Sentence 463 Habeas Corpus – Alien Detainee	442 Civil Rights – Employment (criteria: race, gender/sex, national origin, discrimination, disability, age, religion, retaliation)	895 Freedom of Information Ac 890 Other Statutory Actions (if Privacy Act)	152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loan (excluding veterans)				
	*(If pro se, select this deck)*	*(If pro se, select this deck)*					
O K. Labor/ERISA (non-employment)  710 Fair Labor Standards Act 720 Labor/Mgmt. Relations 740 Labor Railway Act 751 Family and Medical Leave Act 790 Other Labor Litigation 791 Empl. Ret. Inc. Security Act	○ L. Other Civil Rights (non-employment)  441 Voting (if not Voting Rights Act)  443 Housing/Accommodations  440 Other Civil Rights  445 Americans w/Disabilities – Employment  446 Americans w/Disabilities – Other  448 Education	O M. Contract  110 Insurance 120 Marine 130 Miller Act 140 Negotiable Instrument 150 Recovery of Overpayment & Enforcement of Judgment 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits 160 Stockholder's Suits 190 Other Contracts 195 Contract Product Liability 196 Franchise	O N. Three-Judge Court  441 Civil Rights – Voting (if Voting Rights Act)				
V. ORIGIN							
O 1 Original O 2 Removed O 3 Remanded O 4 Reinstated O 5 Transferred O 6 Multi-district O 7 Appeal to O 8 Multi-district Proceeding from State from Appellate or Reopened from another Litigation District Judge Litigation — Court Court district (specify) from Mag. Direct File Judge							
VI. CAUSE OF ACTION (CITE THE U.S. CIVIL STATUTE UNDER WHICH YOU ARE FILING AND WRITE A BRIEF STATEMENT OF CAUSE.)							
VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT	CHECK IF THIS IS A CLASS ACTION UNDER F.R.C.P. 23  DEMANI JU	Check RY DEMAND: YES	YES only if demanded in complaint NO				
VIII. RELATED CASE(S) IF ANY	(See instruction) YES	NO If yes,	please complete related case form				
DATE:	SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY OF REC	CORD					

# INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING CIVIL COVER SHEET JS-44 Authority for Civil Cover Sheet

The JS-44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replaces nor supplements the filings and services of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. Consequently, a civil cover sheet is submitted to the Clerk of Court for each civil complaint filed. Listed below are tips for completing the civil cover sheet. These tips coincide with the Roman Numerals on the cover sheet.

- I. COUNTY OF RESIDENCE OF FIRST LISTED PLAINTIFF/DEFENDANT (b) County of residence: Use 11001 to indicate plaintiff ir resident of Washington, DC, 88888 if plaintiff is resident of United States but not Washington, DC, and 99999 if plaintiff is outside the United States.
- III. CITIZENSHIP OF PRINCIPAL PARTIES: This section is completed only if diversity of citizenship was selected as the Basis of Jurisdiction under Section II.
- IV. CASE ASSIGNMENT AND NATURE OF SUIT: The assignment of a judge to your case will depend on the category you select that best represents the <u>primary</u> cause of action found in your complaint. You may select only <u>one</u> category. You <u>must</u> also select <u>one</u> corresponding nature of suit found under the category of the case.
- VI. CAUSE OF ACTION: Cite the U.S. Civil Statute under which you are filing and write a brief statement of the primary cause.
- VIII. RELATED CASE(S), IF ANY: If you indicated that there is a related case, you must complete a related case form, which may be obtained from the Clerk's Office.

Because of the need for accurate and complete information, you should ensure the accuracy of the information provided prior to signing the form.

Date:

United Sta	TES DISTRICT COURT
	_ District of
Plaintiff(s) V.	) ) ) () ) () () () () () () () () () ()
Defendant(s)	
SUMMON	IS IN A CIVIL ACTION
To: (Defendant's name and address)	
A lawsuit has been filed against you.	
are the United States or a United States agency, or an P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must serve on the plaintiff a	s on you (not counting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you officer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. an answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of motion must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney,
If you fail to respond, judgment by default w You also must file your answer or motion with the co	ill be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint.
	ANGELA D. CAESAR, CLERK OF COURT

Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk

AO 440 (Rev. 06/12) Summons in a Civil Action (Page 2)

Civil Action No.

# PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 (l))

was rec	This summons for <i>(nace)</i>	ume of individual and title, if an						
	☐ I personally served	d the summons on the ind	ividual at (place)					
			on (date)	; or				
	☐ I left the summons							
	, a person of suitable age and discretion who resides there,							
	on (date), and mailed a copy to the individual's last known address; or							
	☐ I served the summ	nons on (name of individual)		, W	ho is			
	designated by law to	accept service of process	s on behalf of (name of organization)					
			on (date)	; or				
	☐ I returned the sum	mons unexecuted because			; or			
	☐ Other (specify):							
	My fees are \$	for travel and \$	for services, for a total of \$					
	I declare under penal	ty of perjury that this info	ormation is true.					
Date:		_						
			Server's signature					
		_	Printed name and title					
		_	Server's address					

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

AO 440 (Rev. 06/12; DC 3/15) Summons in a Civil Action	
United State	ES DISTRICT COURT for the
I	District of
Plaintiff(s) V.  Defendant(s)	) ) ) ) ) Civil Action No. ) ) )
	IN A CIVIL ACTION
To: (Defendant's name and address)	
A lawsuit has been filed against you.	
Within 21 days after service of this summons or are the United States or a United States agency, or an of P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must serve on the plaintiff an a	n you (not counting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you ficer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of otion must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney,
If you fail to respond, judgment by default will You also must file your answer or motion with the court	be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint. t.
	ANGELA D. CAESAR, CLERK OF COURT

Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk

AO 440 (Rev. 06/12) Summons in a Civil Action (Page 2)

Civil Action No.

# PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 (l))

was rec	This summons for (no ceived by me on (date)	ame of individual and title, if an						
	☐ I personally serve	d the summons on the ind	ividual at (place)					
			on (date)	; or				
	☐ I left the summons at the individual's residence or usual place of abode with (name)							
	, a person of suitable age and discretion who resides the							
	on (date), and mailed a copy to the individual's last known address; or							
	☐ I served the summ	nons on (name of individual)		, who is				
	designated by law to	accept service of process	on behalf of (name of organization)					
			on (date)	; or				
	☐ I returned the sum	amons unexecuted because	e	; or				
	☐ Other (specify):							
	My fees are \$	for travel and \$	for services, for a total of \$					
	I declare under penal	ty of perjury that this info	ormation is true.					
Date:		_						
			Server's signature					
		_	Printed name and title					
		_	Server's address					

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

UNITED STATI	ES DISTRICT COURT
1	District of
,	
Plaintiff(s) V.	) ) ) ) (ivil Action No. ) ) )
Defendant(s)	) )
SUMMONS	IN A CIVIL ACTION
To: (Defendant's name and address)	
A lawsuit has been filed against you.	
are the United States or a United States agency, or an of P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must serve on the plaintiff an	on you (not counting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you fficer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of option must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney,
If you fail to respond, judgment by default will You also must file your answer or motion with the cour	be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint.
	ANGELA D. CAESAR, CLERK OF COURT

Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk

AO 440 (Rev. 06/12) Summons in a Civil Action (Page 2)

Civil Action No.

# PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 (l))

was rec	This summons for <i>(nace)</i>	ume of individual and title, if an						
	☐ I personally served	d the summons on the ind	ividual at (place)					
			on (date)	; or				
	☐ I left the summons							
	, a person of suitable age and discretion who resides there,							
	on (date), and mailed a copy to the individual's last known address; or							
	☐ I served the summ	nons on (name of individual)		, W	ho is			
	designated by law to	accept service of process	s on behalf of (name of organization)					
			on (date)	; or				
	☐ I returned the sum	mons unexecuted because			; or			
	☐ Other (specify):							
	My fees are \$	for travel and \$	for services, for a total of \$					
	I declare under penal	ty of perjury that this info	ormation is true.					
Date:		_						
			Server's signature					
		_	Printed name and title					
		_	Server's address					

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc: